COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT



CITY OF LAFAYETTE

CALIFORNIA

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

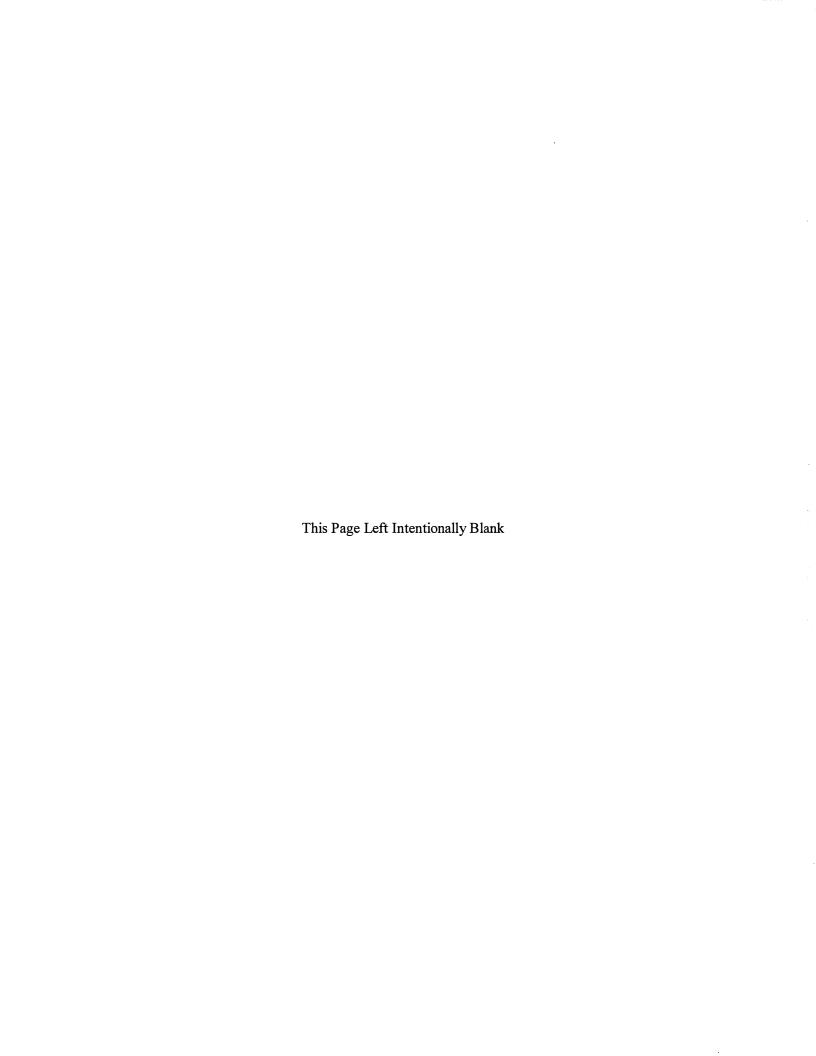


City of Lafayette, California

COMPREHENSIVE ANNUAL FINANCIAL REPORT

FOR THE FISCAL YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

Prepared by The Administrative Services Department



CITY OF LAFAYETTE Comprehensive Annual Financial Report For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

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City Council

Brandt Andersson, Mayor Traci Reilly, Vice Mayor Mike Anderson, Council Member Mark Mitchell, Council Member Don Tatzin, Council Member

December 8, 2015

To: Lafayette City Council

From: Tracy Robinson, Administrative Services Director

RE: Fiscal Year 2014-15 Comprehensive Annual Financial Report

The Comprehensive Annual Financial Report (CAFR) of the City of Lafayette for the fiscal year ending June 30, 2015 is submitted in compliance with Section 25253 of the Government Code of the State of California and as prescribed by the Government Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement 34.

This report was prepared by the City of Lafayette Finance Department and the responsibility for the accuracy of the data and the completeness and fairness of the presentation, including all disclosures, rests with the City. To the best of our knowledge, the data included in the report is accurate in all material respects, and is reported in a manner designed to present fairly the financial position and results of operations of the various funds of the City. All disclosures necessary to enable the reader to gain an understanding of the City's financial activities have been included.

Maze & Associates have issued an unqualified ("clean") opinion on the City of Lafayette's financial statements for the year ended June 30, 2015. The independent auditor's report is included with this report.

The CAFR represents the culmination of all budgeting and accounting activities of the City during FY 2014-15. The Management Discussion and Analysis which is also included in this report provides a narrative introduction, overview and analysis of the basic financial statements. The MD&A complements this letter of transmittal and should be read in conjunction with it.

GENERAL INFORMATION ABOUT THE CITY OF LAFAYETTE

Incorporated in 1968, Lafayette is located in Contra Costa County, one of the nine counties of the San Francisco Bay Area. Located on 15 square miles, Lafayette is noted for its high quality of life with top rated schools, low crime rate, small town downtown, clean air, mild climate and oak tree-studded hills. Located between Berkeley and Walnut Creek, Lafayette has its own Bay Area Rapid Transit station (BART) and is only a 25 minute BART ride from San Francisco.

The City's 2013 population reported in the U.S. Census was 25,053. The City is primarily a residential community with commercial and light industrial enterprises, as well as local governmental offices.

Lafayette's commercial district lies in the center of the community and offers a wide variety of services for residents, in addition to boutique shopping and fine dining. The annual Art & Wine Festival attracts as many as 80,000 visitors to the City each year in September.

The City operates under the Council-Manager form of government, and is governed by a five-member Council elected at large, serving staggered four-year terms. Council elections are held in November of even numbered years. The Mayor is elected by the Council members from within its ranks to serve rotating one-year terms. The City Manager and City Attorney are appointed by the City Council. The City Manager appoints all Department Directors and through them, all other employees of the City.

Lafayette is a limited service city and contracts with Contra Costa County for police, library, animal, and building services. Other examples of services delivered within the City that are provided by separate agencies are: fire service provided by the Contra Costa Consolidated Fire District, water service by East Bay Municipal Utility District, and sewer service by the Central Contra Costa Sanitary District. The Lafayette School District operates the 4 elementary schools and one middle school within the city boundary. The high school is in the Acalanes Unified School District, which also serves the communities of Canyon, Moraga, Orinda, and Walnut Creek. As a result, the City has only one component unit and no other legal entities for which it is financially or legally responsible.

The City's fiscal year runs from July 1 through June 30. Each year, the Administrative Services Director prepares two budgets -- the Proposed Budget, which is approved in June, and the Final Budget, which is approved in December. The budget process is as follows:

- In January, the City Council meets to set the goals and priorities for the upcoming fiscal year.
- In February and March, the department heads prepare their preliminary budgets and incorporate requests from commissions and committees.
- In mid-March, each department head meets with the City Manager, Administrative Services Director and Finance Manager to review the budget requests.
- In mid-April, the Administrative Services Director presents the Proposed Budget to the Finance Committee.
- At the end of May, the Proposed Budget is introduced at a regular City Council meeting.
- The City Council holds a special budget workshop meeting, usually the first week in June. At this meeting, the public is invited to comment on the budget and the Council makes a number of important policy decisions regarding the budget.

- The budget and any changes made to it during the budget workshop are adopted by resolution at the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting.
- After final figures for the prior fiscal year have been audited, usually in late October, the
 Administrative Services Director begins work on the Final Budget. The Final Budget
 incorporates actual expenses and revenues from the prior fiscal year, as well as any
 changes made by the City Council to the Proposed Budget. If other programs or
 expenditures are anticipated, these items are incorporated into the Final Budget as well.
- The City Council reviews the Final Budget at a regularly scheduled meeting in December, and adopts the Final Budget by resolution.

This annual budget serves as the foundation for Lafayette's financial planning and control. The budget is prepared by fund, function and department. Department heads may transfer resources within a department as they see fit. The City Council must approve changes to established levels of service, changes in the number of regular positions as defined by the City's adopted Personnel Rules, increases in the total amount allocated for each program, and purchases of capital items which exceed \$10,000 in value and which are not itemized in the Capital Outlay accounts. The City Manager can approve all other modifications not specifically reserved for the City Council.

After the Great Recession revealed fiscal distress that had not been readily apparent in many cities, the League of California Cities contracted with experienced finance professionals to develop a financial health monitoring tool that would aid cities in identifying areas of fiscal concern. These areas could then be addressed in order to avert fiscal crisis. In August 2013, the League released a Beta Version of the California Municipal Fiscal Health Diagnostic Tool and in May 2014, the City of Lafayette became the first municipality to use the tool and publicize the results.

The model is populated with figures from the City's Financial Statements Report, the current budget, and the Five Year Forecast. The results are positive with 11 of the 13 indicators reflecting no need for concern. However, caution was raised with regard to the City's recurring general fund operating deficits and the fact that reserves are decreasing over multiple consecutive years. Both of these occurrences are due to the City's intentional efforts to address backlogged road maintenance and the purchase of the property at 952 Moraga Road. While these areas of caution were noted, the City continues to maintain reserves well above best practice recommendations and continues its philosophy of conservative retirement programs, which do not include defined benefit plans.

ORGANIZATIONAL STRUCTURE & COMPENSATION

The City employs 40.25 FTEs regular employees as well as a number of temporary and seasonal employees. The senior management team is experienced and long-tenured:

| Steven Falk | City Manager | 25 years |
|------------------|------------------------------------|----------|
| Tracy Robinson | Administrative Services Director | 15 years |
| Tony Coe | City Engineer | 21 years |
| Mike Moran | Public Works Director | 1 year |
| Joanne Robbins | City Clerk | 21 years |
| Jennifer Russell | Parks & Recreation Director | 36 years |
| Niroop Srivatsa | Planning & Building Director | 21 years |
| Jennifer Wakeman | Financial Services Manager | 2 years |
| Eric Christensen | Chief of Police, County (contract) | 4 years |
| Mala Subramanian | City Attorney, BB&K (contract) | 8 years |

Unlike most public sector organizations, the City of Lafayette does not participate in a defined benefit retirement program. Rather, City employees have traditional defined contribution programs (401 and 457 plans). In addition, the City has fully funded the retiree medical program; therefore, there are no unfunded liabilities for retirement benefits.

ECONOMIC CONDITION AND OUTLOOK

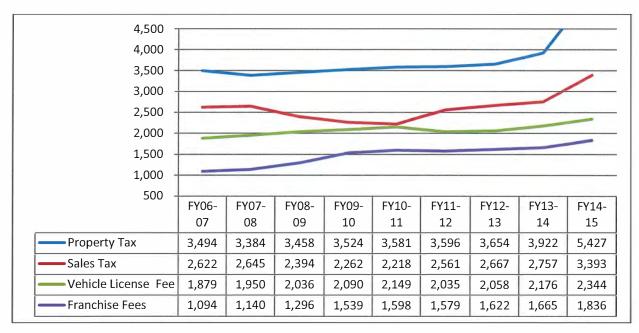
Local Economy

Lafayette is an affluent suburb of a major metropolitan area and its proximity to a public transit station (BART) makes it convenient for commuters. In addition, the semi-rural setting, low crime rate and excellent schools make the city attractive to families.

The residents are generally highly educated, with over 72% having bachelor's degrees or higher and almost 31% with graduate or professional degrees. Unemployment is also very low. As of September 2015, unemployment in Lafayette was 2.4% compared to 5.5% for the state. The median household income is \$136,802, which compares to \$60,190 for the State. The median sales price of homes in Lafayette as of November 2015 was \$1,305,000. This represents an 18.5% increase over the prior year. Homeownership rates are also very high, at 75%, as compared to a state average of 56%.

All of these factors bode well for Lafayette's major sources of revenue. Both property and sales taxes are at all-time highs. Also, after several years of dormancy, development has started again, particularly in the downtown where 56 luxury townhomes are currently being built and sold in phases and a new 72-unit residential condominium project has broken ground. Even more development is planned with a 44 patio home project having been granted approval recently.

Major Revenue Trends (in \$000s)



Long Term Financial Planning & Major Initiatives

As of June 30, 2015, the City of Lafayette's financial condition remains sound. An indicator of financial condition is the level of fund balances, both reserved and unreserved, in the City's General Fund. In 2015, the City Council set a policy of retaining a minimum of 60% of the year's General Fund operating expenditures as a reserve against the General Fund cash balance. As of June 30, 2015, \$8.3M or 74% is designated for this purpose. This represents an increase of \$1.3M over the prior year.

The City uses a multi-year financial planning process which includes estimates of future revenue and operating expenditure growth, as well as capital needs to be financed from the General Fund over the next five years. The five-year forecast shows that the City will be able to maintain its reserve requirement and balance its budget for the next five years without service reductions to residents.

Additional reserves against the General Fund include various "sinking funds" for future operating costs such as vehicle replacements, vacation accruals, retiree healthcare, capital expenditures and other monies that have been earmarked for specific purposes by the Council. This allows the City to save money over time for significant capital acquisitions and, therefore, smooth the funding path.

The City of Lafayette maintains a five-year Capital Improvement Program which serves as its planning document to ensure that its infrastructure is well maintained. Under the guidance of the Capital Projects Assessment Committee, the City prioritizes roads for maintenance and reconstruction. Over the course of the last 15 years, the City has been able to whittle what was once a \$23M road maintenance backlog down to less than \$10M. During that time, the City has contributed over \$7M in General Fund reserves to the Pavement Management Program. These funds, along with franchise impact fees, grants, gas tax and Measure J regional money have

allowed the City to reconstruct many of the failed residential roads. The FY2015-16 capital program anticipates \$7.7M in projects. The City estimates that by 2018, the entire backlog will have been substantially reduced. This will relieve one of the largest ongoing burdens on the General Fund over the last 20 years.

Relevant Financial Policies

The City has a conservative investment policy which emphasizes safety and preservation of capital over yields. The City had previously invested all free cash in the State of California's pooled fund, the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF). However, due to the very low interest rates returned by that fund, the City recently revised its portfolio allocations to take advantage of additional securities that boost earnings while still maintaining safety and liquidity. In addition to maintaining a balance with LAIF, the current portfolio is invested in laddered certificates of deposit, the CalTrust pooled fund, and select, highly-rated corporate notes.

Several years ago, the Council recognized that it may have a significant shortfall in the Stormwater Pollution Fund in the next ten years given the inability to raise permit fees while at the same time facing increased costs and program mandates. They decided to begin setting aside money in a special sinking fund for this purpose. This fund will grow to \$1.1M by 2023, thus allowing this program to more smoothly bridge expected deficits for a period of time. Similarly, the Council also moved to increase the Insurance Reserve Fund by \$50K annually for 5 years in order to bring that reserve to a total of \$500K, which equals the deductible required for catastrophic losses.

The 5-year expense and revenue forecast shows that using conservative estimates for revenue growth of 3%, expense growth of 4% and maintenance of the capital contribution of \$1M annually, the City's reserve will remain relatively steady at 66% going forward.

It is the Council's policy to adopt a balanced budget each year with very conservative estimates for both revenue and expenses. It has been the City's experience that at the end of the year, favorable variances, in both revenues and expenses, allow the City to continue to build the General Fund reserve, as well as, transfer resources to much needed capital projects.

ACKNOWLEDGEMENTS

The preparation and development of this report would not have been possible without the special efforts of the entire Finance Department, and most notably, the Financial Services Manager, Jennifer Wakeman. We would like to take this opportunity to compliment and express our gratitude to all those staff members of the City and our independent auditing firm who were associated with the preparation of this report.

In closing, without the continued leadership and support of the City Council, it would not be possible to conduct the financial operations of the City in the responsible and progressive manner in which they have been managed.

CITY OFFICIALS AS OF JUNE 30, 2015

MAYOR

Brandt Andersson

Term Expires November 2018

CITY COUNCIL

Traci Reilly, Vice Mayor Mike Anderson, Council Member Term Expires November 2018 Term Expires November 2016

Don Tatzin, Council Member
Term Expires November 2018

Mark Mitchell, Council Member
Term Expires November 2016

CITY MANAGER

Steven B. Falk - 25 years of service

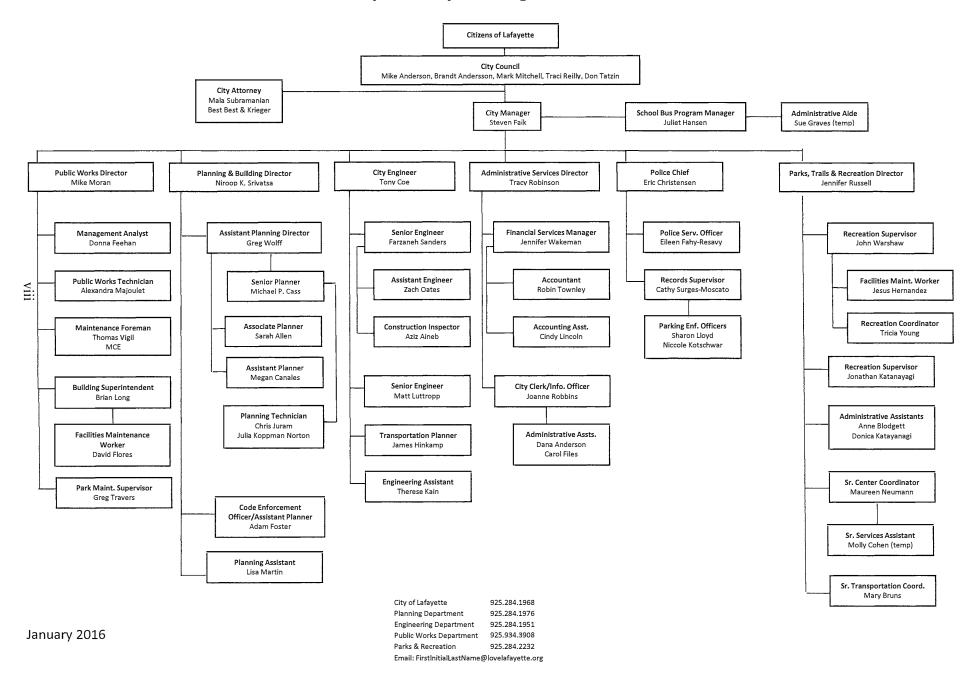
ADMINISTRATIVE SERVICES DIRECTOR

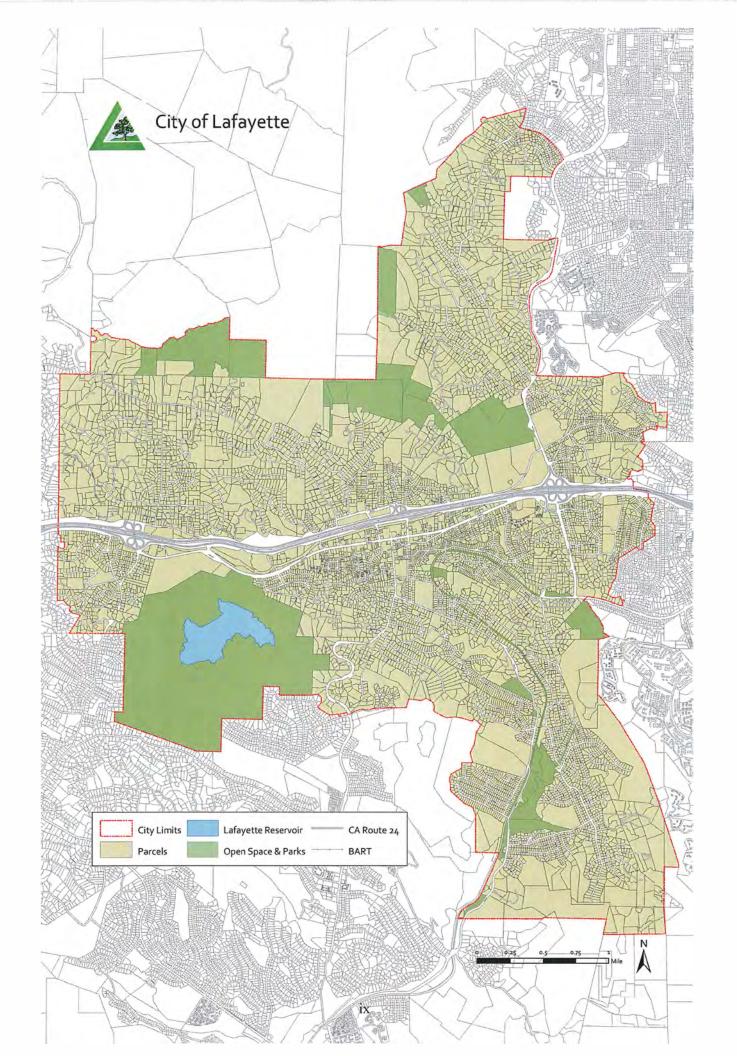
Tracy Robinson – 15 years of service

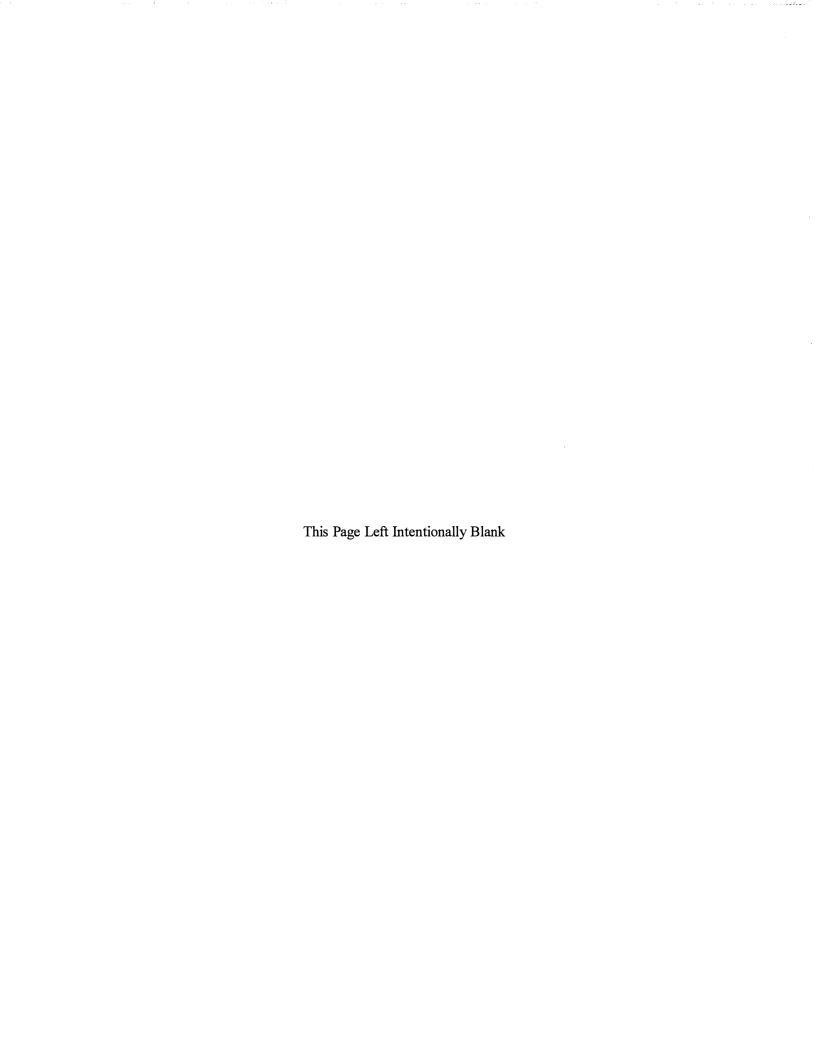
FINANCIAL SERVICES MANAGER

Jennifer Wakeman - 2 years of service

City of Lafayette Organization Chart









INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Honorable Members of the City Council of the City of Lafayette
Lafayette, California

Report on Financial Statements

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, business-type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City of Lafayette, California, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2015, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as listed in the Table of Contents.

Management's Responsibility for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of these financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America; this includes the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

Auditor's Responsibility

Our responsibility is to express opinions on these financial statements based on our audit. We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Those standards require that we plan and perform the audit to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements are free from material misstatement.

An audit involves performing procedures to obtain audit evidence about the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements. The procedures selected depend on the auditor's judgment, including the assessment of the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error. In making those risk assessments, the auditor considers internal control relevant to the City's preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of the City's internal control. Accordingly, we express no such opinion. An audit also includes evaluating the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluating the overall presentation of the financial statements.

We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Opinions

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, business type activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of the City as of June 30, 2015, and the respective changes in financial position for the year then ended in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Emphasis of Matters

The City adjusted the beginning balance of fund balance of the Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Funds and net positions of the Governmental Activities and the Housing Successor Private Propose Trust Fund during fiscal year 2015. Further discussion can be found in Note 1N to the financial statements.

The emphasis of these matters does not constitute a modification to our opinions.

Other Matters

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that Management's Discussion and Analysis and other Required Supplementary Information as listed in the table of contents is to be presented to supplement the basic financial Such information, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board, who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise the City's basic financial statements as a whole. The Introductory Section, Supplemental Information, and Statistical Section as listed in the Table of Contents are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not required parts of the basic financial statements.

The Supplemental Information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the Supplemental Information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

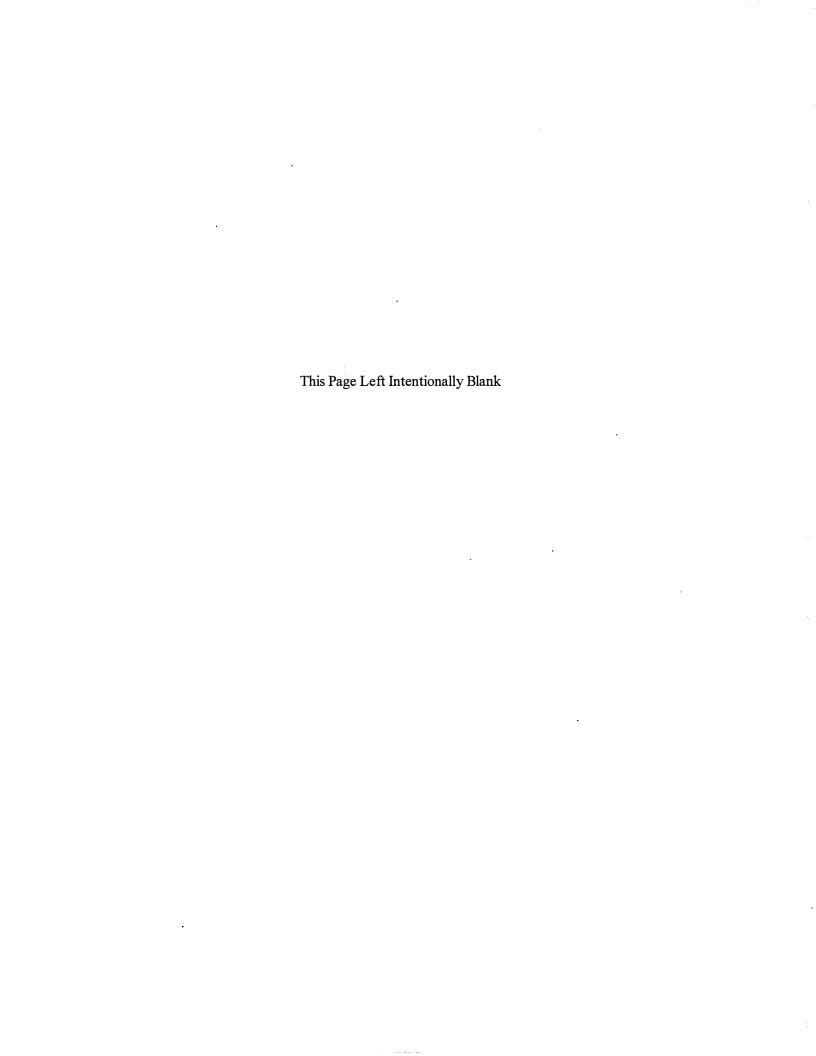
The Introductory and Statistical Sections have not been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and, accordingly, we do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on them.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with Government Auditing Standards, we have also issued our report dated December 4, 2015, on our consideration of the City's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with Government Auditing Standards in considering the City's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

Mare & Associates

Pleasant Hill, California December 4, 2015



Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

The management staff of the City of Lafayette (City), offers readers of the City's financial statements this narrative overview and analysis of City financial activities for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2015. To obtain a complete understanding of the City's financial condition, this document should be read in conjunction with the accompanying Transmittal Letter, Basic Financial Statements, and other information.

Financial Highlights

- The assets of the City exceeded its liabilities at the close of the most recent fiscal year by \$130,480,141 (*net position*). Of this amount, \$23,081,608 represents unrestricted net position, which may be used to meet the City's ongoing obligations to citizens and creditors.
- The City's total net position increased by \$1,686,913 compared to the net position at the end of last fiscal year.
- At the close of the current fiscal year, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$31,066,493, an increase of \$1,144,321 in comparison with the prior year. \$8,267,328 (approximately 27% of the combined fund balance) is available for spending at the City's discretion (*unassigned fund balance*).
- A the end of the current fiscal year, unrestricted fund balance (the total of the *committed, assigned,* and *unassigned* components of *fund balance*) for the general fund was \$11,385,283, or approximately 105% of total general fund expenditures.
- The City's total outstanding long-term debt on the Statement of Net Position consists of General Obligation Bonds with outstanding balances of \$6,610,000.

Overview of the Financial Statements

The discussion and analysis presented here are intended to serve as an introduction to the City's basic financial statements. The City's basic financial statements consist of three components: 1) government-wide financial statements, 2) fund financial statements, and 3) the notes to the financial statements. This report also includes supplementary information intended to furnish additional detail to support the basic financials statements themselves.

Government-wide Financial Statements The government-wide financial statements are designed to provide readers with a broad overview of the City's finances, in a manner similar to a private-sector business.

The *statement of net position* presents financial information on all of the City's assets, liabilities, and deferred inflows/outflows of resources, with the difference reported as net position. Over time, increases or decreases in net position may serve as a useful indicator of whether the financial position of the City is improving or deteriorating.

The *statement of activities* presents information showing how the City's net position changed during the most recent fiscal year. All changes in net position are reported as soon as the underlying event giving rise to the change occurs, *regardless of the timing of related cash flows*. Thus, revenues and expenses are reported for some items that will only result in cash flows in future fiscal periods (e.g., uncollected taxes and earned but unused vacation leave).

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Both of the government-wide financial statements distinguish functions of the City that are principally supported by taxes and intergovernmental revenues (*governmental activities*) from other functions that are intended to recover all or a significant portion of their costs through user fees and charges (*business-type activities*). The governmental activities of the City include general government, public safety, streets, parks, and planning and community development. The business-type activities include the City's recreation program.

One of the most important questions often asked about the City's finances is, "Is the City better or worse off as a result of the year's activities?" The *Statement of Net Position* and the *Statement of Activities* report information about the City as a whole in a way that helps answer this question.

The government-wide financial statements can be found on pages 19-21 of this report.

Fund Financial Statements A *fund* is a grouping of related accounts that is used to maintain control over resources that have been segregated for specific activities or objectives. The City, like other state and local governments, uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements. All of the funds of the City can be divided into three categories: governmental funds, proprietary funds, and fiduciary funds.

Governmental Funds. Governmental funds are used to account for essentially the same functions reported as governmental activities in the government-wide financial statements. Most of the City's basic services are reported here, including general government, public safety, streets, parks, and planning and community development. These activities are financed by sales taxes, property taxes, vehicle license fees, franchise fees, and vehicular fines. However, unlike the government-wide financial statements, governmental fund financial statements focus on near-term inflows and outflows of spendable resources, as well as on balances of spendable resources available at the end of the fiscal year. Such information may be useful in assessing a government's near-term financing requirements.

Because the focus of governmental funds is narrower than that of the government-wide financial statements, it is useful to compare the information presented for *governmental funds* with similar information presented for *governmental activities* in the government-wide financial statements. By doing so, readers may better understand the long-term impact of the government's near-term financing decisions. Both the governmental fund balance sheet and the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances provide a reconciliation to facilitate this comparison between *governmental funds* and *governmental activities*.

The City maintains twenty-one individual governmental funds. Information is presented separately in the governmental fund balance sheet and in the governmental fund statement of revenues, expenditures, and changes in fund balances for the general fund, the capital project funds, the debt service fund, the public facilities fund, and the streets and signals fund, which are considered to be major funds. Data from the other remaining governmental funds are combined into a single aggregated presentation. Individual fund data for each of these nonmajor governmental funs is provided in the form of combining statements in the combining and individual fund statements and schedules section of this report.

The twenty-one funds (with corresponding fund numbers in parentheses) are grouped as follows:

- General Fund includes the General Fund (11), Shared Equity (30), Library Operations (37), Insurance (76).
- Capital Projects Funds includes Parks Facilities (12), Parkland Acquisition (17), City Offices (75), Road and Drain Improvement (79).
- Debt Service Fund includes only General Obligation Bonds (78).
- Public Facilities Fund includes only Public Facilities (16).
- Streets & Signals Fund includes only Streets & Signals (14).
- Other Governmental Funds include: Parking Programs (32), Vehicle Abatement (34), Senior Transportation (36), Housing Successor Agency (38), Street Lighting (51), Core Area Maintenance (52), Storm Water Pollution (53), Police Services Special Fund (55), Gas Tax (71), Measure J (72), and Supplemental Law Enforcement (73).

The City adopts an annual appropriated budget for its general fund. A budgetary comparison statement has been provided for the general fund to demonstrate compliance with this budget.

The basic governmental fund financial statements can be found on pages 24 - 30 of this report.

Proprietary Funds. The City maintains one type of proprietary fund, an enterprise fund. *Enterprise funds* are used to report the same functions presented as *business-type activities* in the government-wide financial statements. The City uses an enterprise fund to account for its recreation programs.

Proprietary funds provide the same type of information as the government-wide financial statements, only in more detail.

The basic proprietary fund financial statements can be found on pages 32-34 of this report.

Fiduciary Funds. Fiduciary funds are used to account for resources held for the benefit of parties outside of the government. Fiduciary funds are *not* reported in the government-wide financial statements because the resources of those funds are *not* available to support the City's own programs. The accounting used for fiduciary funds is much like that used for proprietary funds.

The City maintains one type of fiduciary fund, a private-purpose trust fund. The *Private-purpose trust fund* is used to report resources held in trust for the Successor Agency to the (now dissolved) Redevelopment Agency that are used to make payments on outstanding obligations.

The fiduciary fund financial statements can be found on pages 36 - 37 of this report.

Notes to the Financial Statements. The notes provide additional information that is necessary to acquire a full understanding of the data provided in the government-wide and fund financial statements. The notes to the financial statements can be found on pages 39-65 of this report.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Management's Discussion and Analysis

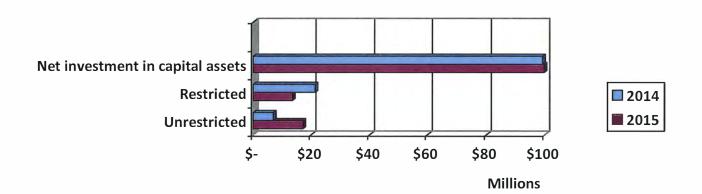
Year Ended June 30, 2015

Other Information. In addition to the basic financial statements and accompanying notes, this report also presents *required supplementary information*. Provided here is a budgetary comparison schedule for the general fund comparing the original budget to the final budget and the final budget to the actual = The largest portion of the City's net position (76%) is the net investment in capital assets of \$99,751,041. This portion reflects the investment in capital assets (e.g., land, buildings, equipment, vehicles, and infrastructure), less any related outstanding debt that was used to acquire those assets. The City uses these capital assets to provide services to its citizens. Accordingly, these assets are not available for future spending. Although the City's investment in capital assets is reported net of related debt, it should be noted that the resources used to repay this debt must be provided from other sources, since the capital assets themselves cannot be used to liquidate these liabilities.

The next largest portion of the City's net position (13%) is the unrestricted portion of \$23,443,139. This portion represents resources that are available to meet the City's ongoing obligations at the discretion of the City Council. The remaining balance of \$7,255,961 is subject to external restrictions on how it may be used.

At the end of the current fiscal year, the City is able to report positive balances in all reported categories of net position, for the government as a whole, as well as for its separate governmental and business-type activities. The same situation held true for the prior fiscal year.





The City's overall net position increased \$1,686,913 from the net position at the end of last fiscal year. The reasons for this overall increase are discussed in the following sections for governmental and business-type activities.

Governmental Activities. During the current fiscal year, net position for governmental activities increased \$1,640,914 from the prior fiscal year balance, for an ending balance of \$130,088,610.

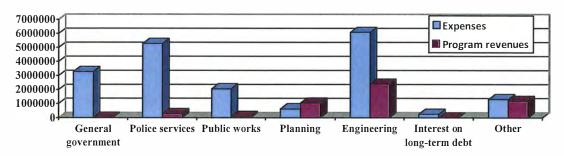
Changes in Net Position

| | (| Governmen | tal a | activities | Business-ty | pe a | activities | To | | |
|--------------------------|-------|------------|-------|-------------|-----------------|------|------------|-------------------|----|-------------|
| | | 2015 | | 2014 | 2015 | | 2014 | 2015 | | 2014 |
| Revenues: | | | | | | | | | | |
| Program revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$ | 3,343,339 | \$ | 2,509,355 | \$ 1,300,023 | \$ | 1,100,271 | \$ 4,643,362 | \$ | 3,609,626 |
| Operating grants and | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 751,836 | | 179,938 | - | | - | 751,836 | | 179,938 |
| Capital grants and | | | | | | | | | | |
| contributions | | 893,741 | | 533,050 | - | | - | 893,741 | | 533,050 |
| General revenues | | | | | | | | | | |
| Property taxes | | 5,427,316 | | 5,102,515 | - | | - | 5,427,316 | | 5,102,515 |
| Other taxes | | 9,327,707 | | 8,663,834 | | | - | 9,327,707 | | 8,663,834 |
| Other | | 705,415 | | 2,113,465 | 466 | | 583 | 705,881 | | 2,114,048 |
| Total revenues | 2 | 20,449,354 | | 19,102,157 | 1,300,489 | | 1,100,854 | 21,749,843 | | 20,203,011 |
| Expenses: | | | | | | | | | | |
| General government | | 3,271,853 | | 5,077,883 | _ | | _ | 3,271,853 | | 5,077,883 |
| Police services | | 5,272,182 | | 3,987,257 | _ | | - | 5,272,182 | | 3,987,257 |
| Public works | | 2,053,516 | | - | - | | - | 2,053,516 | | - |
| Planning | | 620,735 | | _ | - | | _ | 620,735 | | _ |
| Engineering | | 6,070,370 | | 3,317,464 | - | | - | 6,070,370 | | 3,317,464 |
| Infrastructure | | - | | 4,649,195 | - | | - | - | | 4,649,195 |
| Interest on long-term | | | | | | | | | | |
| debt | | 252,475 | | 271,508 | - | | - | 252,475 | | 271,508 |
| Recreation | | - | | - | 1,224,490 | | 1,064,898 | 1,224,490 | | 1,064,898 |
| Other | | 1,297,309 | | 1,093,381 | - | | - | 1,297,309 | | 1,093,381 |
| Total expenses | 1 | 8,838,440 | | 18,396,688 | 1,224,490 | | 1,064,898 | 20,062,930 | | 19,461,586 |
| Change in net position | | | | | | | | | | |
| before transfers | | 1,610,914 | | 705,469 | 75,999 | | 35,956 | 1,686,913 | | 741,425 |
| Transfers | | 30,000 | | 30,000 | (30,000) | | (30,000) | - | | - |
| Change in net position | | 1,640,914 | | 735,469 | 45,999 | | 5,956 | 1,686,913 | | 741,425 |
| Net position - beginning | 12 | 28,447,696 | | 126,596,470 | 315,532 | | 309,576 | 128,763,228 | | 126,906,046 |
| Prior period adjustment | | | | 1,115,757 | | | | | | 1,115,757 |
| Net position - ending | \$ 13 | 0,088,610 | \$ | 128,447,696 | \$ 361,531 | \$ | 315,532 | \$ 130,450,141 | \$ | 128,763,228 |

- Charges for services increased significantly this year, due to the timing of large, one-time development payments submitted to the City during the fiscal year (\$800,000).
- The Lafayette Library and Learning Center Foundation's operating contribution (\$500,000) was reclassified from Other to Operating Grants and Contributions.
- A rebounding economy led to improvements in revenue from property and other taxes: property (+\$325,000), sales (+\$250,000), transient occupancy taxes (+\$70,000), and real property transfer taxes (+60,000).
- Infrastructure was consolidated with Engineering, while Planning and Public Works were broken out on separate lines.
- Police services spent about \$335,000 more on the County contract for officers and services and about \$382,000 more on vehicle and equipment replacement compared to the previous year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

Expenses and Program Revenues - Governmental Activities



- Public safety recouped 5% of its program costs, or \$286,154 in program revenues
- While planning recouped more than its costs in this fiscal year, this can be a bit misleading as the work can extend over a period longer than a year
- With program revenues of \$2,392,184, Engineering (which includes capital project costs) recoups about 39% of its costs with the remaining funding coming from general revenues, including gas tax and Measure J street monies
- The Other program comprises costs for parking, library operations and the senior transportation program

Business-Type Activities. For the City's business-type activity, recreation programs, the results for the current fiscal year were positive in that overall net position increased to reach an ending net position of \$361,531. The total increase in net position for business-type activities was \$45,999 or 15% from the prior fiscal year. Due to the addition of after school programs and the continued success of seasonal camps, the recreation program was able to more than double their net program revenue in the current fiscal year.

Financial Analysis of Governmental Funds

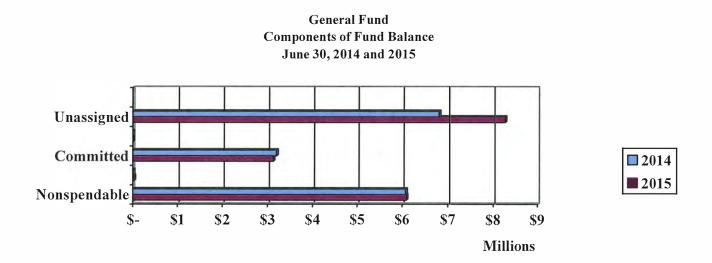
As noted earlier, the City uses fund accounting to ensure and demonstrate compliance with finance-related legal requirements.

Governmental Funds. The focus of the City's governmental funds is to provide information on near-term inflows, outflows, and balances of spendable resources. Such information is useful in assessing the City's financing requirements. In particular, unassigned fund balance may serve as a useful measure of a government's net resources available for discretionary use as they represent the portion of fund balance which has not yet been limited to use for a particular purpose by either an external party, the City itself, or a group or an individual that has been delegated authority to assign resources for use for particular purposes by the City Council.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Management's Discussion and Analysis

Year Ended June 30, 2015

At June 30, 2015, the City's governmental funds reported combined fund balances of \$31,066,493 an increase of \$1,144,321 in comparison with the prior year. Approximately 27% of the combined fund balance, or \$8,267,328, constitutes *unassigned fund balance*, which is available for spending at the government's discretion. The remainder of the fund balance is either *nonspendable*, *restricted*, *committed*, or *assigned* to indicate that it is: 1) not in spendable form (\$6,087,571), 2) legally required to be maintained intact (\$0), 3) restricted for particular purposes (\$7,277,862), 4) committed for particular purposes (\$9,433,732), or 5) assigned for particular purposes (\$0).



The general fund is the chief operating fund of the City. At the end of the current fiscal year, unassigned fund balance of the general fund was \$8,267,328, while total fund balance increased to \$17,494,755. As a measure of the general fund's liquidity, it may be useful to compare both unassigned fund balance and total fund balance to total general fund expenditures. Unassigned fund balance represents about 76% of total general fund expenditures, while total fund balance represents about 161% of that same amount.

The fund balance of the City's general fund increased by \$1,418,780 during the current fiscal year primarily due to a strong local economy, increased solid waste vehicle impact fees (\$139,000), operational expenditures that increased only 2.2% from the prior year, and lower transfers out to other funds. The improved local economy resulted in higher property (\$312,000), sales (\$120,000), and real property transfer / transient occupancy taxes (\$328,000). In the prior fiscal year, \$2.1 million was transferred to the public facilities fund for the purchase of the old library building.

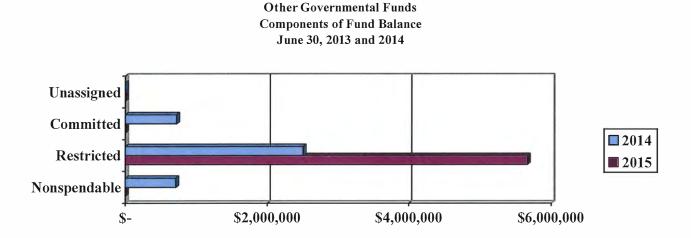
The public facilities fund, a major fund, had a \$94,810 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year, which put the overall fund balance at \$112,857. The decrease results from the fund not having a dedicated revenue stream, but incurring costs for maintenance of public facilities. In fiscal year 2015, a sewer hookup was installed at Buckeye Fields.

The streets and signals fund, a major governmental fund, had a \$43,176 increase in fund balance in the current fiscal year, resulting in an end of year balance of \$2,116,874. The net positive change was the offsetting result of advance funding of pavement rehabilitation programs by the general fund and project costs that were incurred during the fiscal year.

Management's Discussion and Analysis Year Ended June 30, 2015

The capital projects funds, a major fund, had a \$934,859 decrease in fund balance during the current fiscal year which lowered the overall fund balance to \$4,086,046. This was primarily due to the use of developer fees collected over the last several years for construction of the Jennifer Russell Building.

The debt service fund, the remaining major fund, had an \$83,686 increase in fund balance during the current fiscal year, which put the overall fund balance at \$1,594,725. The increase results from slightly higher property tax and assessments and small decrease in the debt service payment.



Governmental funds that do not meet the determination of a major fund are presented in the aggregate. The other governmental funds had a \$625,543 increase in fund balance, resulting in an end of year balance of \$5,661,236. This increase is attributable to the receipt of more special revenues, such as gas tax and Measure J return to source fund, than were allocated to be spent on projects.

Proprietary Funds. The City's proprietary fund provides the same type of information found in the government-wide financials statements, but in more detail.

Unrestricted net position of the recreation programs at the end of the year was \$361,531. The total growth in net position for the fund was \$45,999. As noted earlier in the discussion of business-type activities, the increase to the recreation programs is due to the addition of after school programs and the expansion of seasonal camps.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Original budget compared to final budget. During the year several changes were made between the proposed and final budgets. The most significant of these include:

- Increase in General Fund expenditures:
 - > \$14,600 for Leigh Creekside Park Master Plan
 - > \$75,000 for consultants/temporary staff for Circulation Commission projects
 - > \$60,000 for the setting of a bonus pool for staff
 - > \$60,000 for the purchase of two new trucks in Engineering

- Increase in General Fund transfers out:
 - > \$70,000 to the Stormwater Pollution Fund for Creeks Committee development of a Downtown Creek Plan
 - ➤ \$46,000 to the Library Operations Fund for the installation of automated doors and conversion of the bike room to Friends of the Library storage
 - > \$25,000 to the Streets and Signals Fund for additional consultant services
 - > \$450,000 to the Parking Fund because it is a community priority and to mitigate the fact that this fund's loan to the former RDA is unlikely to be repaid in the near future

Final budget compared to actual results. Actual revenues came in over budget by \$1,192,813.

Property Tax and assessments are the largest revenue source for the City. Incorporated in 1968, the City did not levy a property tax prior to 1978 when Proposition 13 was adopted. Consequently, it receives a relatively low share of the property tax under the statutory formula. Under legislation adopted in 1988, some relief has been granted to cities in similar circumstances. Property tax collections, however, continue to be relatively less than most other California cities collect. Currently, the City receives approximately 6.18% of the property taxes paid by its residents, compared to an average of 10.5% for other cities in Contra Costa. This is not likely to change.

Despite the comparatively low share received by the City, the property tax base remains stable. Assessed values in the City increased 7.83% from \$5,967,188,394 in fiscal year 2013/14 to \$6,434,646,831 in fiscal year 2014/15. The difference between the property tax budget and actual is that we did not foresee such a large increase. We forecast growth of 2%, whereas the reality was 8.44%.

As stated previously, the recovery of the local economy improved not just property tax revenues, but also transient occupancy and real property transfer tax. In addition, the City doubled the vehicle impact franchise fee received from the solid waste contract, which will generate additional funding for future road repairs.

Actual expenditures came in \$1,412,933 under budget. The primary sources of these savings were public works, planning, and engineering all of which experienced periods of being understaffed in fiscal year 2015. Also, without the staff to perform the work, other contracts and projects were not acted upon thereby further constricting spending.

Capital Assets and Debt Administration

Capital Assets. The City's investment in capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation, for its governmental activities as of June 30, 2015 is valued at \$106,361,041. The City did not have any capital assets for its business-type activities as of June 30, 2015.

| | Governmental activities | | | | | |
|----------------------------------|-------------------------|-------------|----|-------------|--|--|
| | | <u>2015</u> | | <u>2014</u> | | |
| Land, easements and right-of-way | \$ | 14,230,959 | \$ | 14,230,959 | | |
| Land improvements | | 2,750,943 | | 2,913,782 | | |
| Buildings and improvements | | 37,563,787 | | 38,409,450 | | |
| Infrastructure | | 46,881,203 | | 47,739,865 | | |
| Furniture and equipment | | 1,284,366 | | 1,159,044 | | |
| Books and artwork | | 1,307,701 | | 1,362,298 | | |
| Construction in progress | | 2,342,082 | | 536,606 | | |
| Total capital assets | \$ | 106,361,041 | \$ | 106,352,004 | | |

Major capital asset events during the current fiscal year included the following:

- Nearly finished construction of the Jennifer Russell Building (formerly the Manzanita Room)
- Completed the 2014 Road Rehabilitation and Mt. Diablo Boulevard West End Pavement Preservation projects
- Began the 2015 Road Rehabilitation and Surface Seal Projects and Happy Valley Road and Quandt Road Walkways

Additional information on the City's capital assets can be found in Note 6 on page 55.

Long-term Debt. At the end of the current fiscal year, the City had total bonded debt outstanding of \$6,610,000. This amount is comprised of three general obligation bonds that were issued for the purpose of reconstructing the City's major arterial roadways. This amount is ad valorem property tax debt for which the government is liable in the event of default by the property owners subject to the tax. As of June 30, 2015, the City did not have any long-term obligations for its business-type activities.

The City's total debt decreased by \$470,000 (7%) during the current fiscal year. The reason for the decrease was the regularly scheduled principal payments on the existing outstanding debt.

The City maintains a "AAA" rating from Standard & Poor's for general obligation debt.

State statutes limit the amount of general obligation debt a government entity may issue to annual revenue, unless approved by 2/3 of voters. The debt limitation for the City was \$19 million, which is significantly in excess of the City's outstanding general obligation debt of \$6,610,000.

Additional information on the City's long-term debt can be found in Note 7 on page 57 of this report.

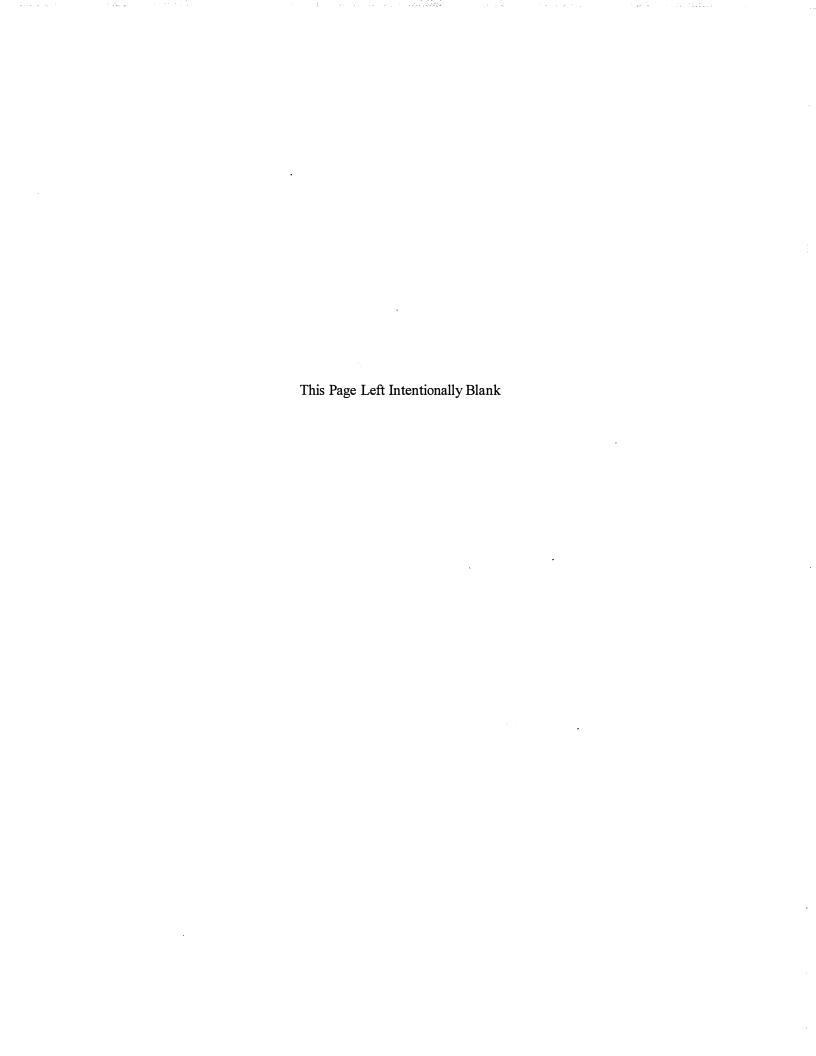
Economic Factors

The City places a high priority on attracting new businesses and supporting existing businesses. Through collaboration with business and property owners, developers, and the Chamber of Commerce, the City of Lafayette continues to prosper as the economy continues its recovery from the recession. Sales tax revenues continue to climb higher due to new restaurants and retailers and transient occupancy tax is reflective of a higher number of guests coming to the City.

Requests for Information

This financial report is designed to provide a general overview of the City's finances for all those with an interest in the government's finances. Questions concerning any of the information provided in this report or requests for additional financial information should be addressed to:

City of Lafayette Finance Department 3675 Mt Diablo Blvd., Suite 210 Lafayette, CA 94549



CITY OF LAFAYETTE Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

GOVERNMENT-WIDE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities summarize the entire City's financial activities and financial position. They are prepared on the same basis as is used by most businesses, which means they include all the City's assets and all its liabilities, as well as all its revenues and expenses. This is known as the full accrual basis - the effect of all the City's transactions is taken into account, regardless of whether or when cash changes hands, but all material internal transactions between City funds have been eliminated.

The Statement of Net Position reports the difference between the City's total assets and deferred outflows and the City's total liabilities and deferred inflows, including all the City's capital assets and all its long-term debt. The Statement of Net Position focuses the reader on the composition of the City's net position, by subtracting total liabilities and deferred inflows from total assets and deferred outflows and summarizes the financial position of all the City's Governmental Activities in a single column, and the financial position of all the City's Business-Type Activities in a single column; these columns are followed by a Total column that presents the financial position of the entire City.

The Statement of Net Position summarizes the financial position of all of the City's Governmental Activities in a single column.

The City's Governmental Activities include the activities of its General Fund, along with all its Special Revenue, Debt Service and Capital Projects Funds. The City's Business Type Activities include all its Enterprise Activities. Fiduciary activity is excluded.

The Statement of Activities reports increases and decreases in the City's net position. It is also prepared on the full accrual basis, which means it includes all the City's revenues and all its expenses, regardless of when cash changes hands. This differs from the "modified accrual" basis used in the Fund financial statements, which reflect only current assets, current liabilities, available revenues and measurable expenditures.

The Statement of Activities presents the City's expenses first, listed by program. Program revenues—that is, revenues which are generated directly by these programs—are then deducted from program expenses to arrive at the net expense of each governmental program. The City's general revenues are then listed in the Governmental Activities and the Change in Net Position is computed and reconciled with the Statement of Net Position.

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CITY OF LAFAYETTE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|--|-------------------------|--------------------------|---------------|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 3) | \$12,805,416 | \$728,896 | \$13,534,312 |
| Restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agents (Note 3) | 10,451,246 | | 10,451,246 |
| Accounts receivable | 2,315,242 | 110 | 2,315,352 |
| Interest receivable | 5,487 | 138 | 5,625 |
| Prepaid items (Note 1J) | 15,928 | 16,531 | 32,459 |
| Loans receivable from Successors Agency (Note 5) | 7,922,309 | | 7,922,309 |
| Net OPEB Asset (Note 9) | 4,899 | | 4,899 |
| Other assets | 14,802 | | 14,802 |
| Capital assets (Note 6): | | | |
| Non-depreciable | 17,007,190 | | 17,007,190 |
| Depreciable, net of accumulated depreciation | 89,353,851 | | 89,353,851 |
| Total Assets | 139,896,370 | 745,675 | 140,642,045 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities | 1,500,832 | 3,522 | 1,504,354 |
| Interest payable | 114,161 | | 114,161 |
| Refundable deposits | 870,098 | 17,766 | 887,864 |
| Unearned revenue | 93,007 | 329,124 | 422,131 |
| Accrued compensated absences (Note 1G): | | | |
| Due within one year | 123,932 | 6,746 | 130,678 |
| Due in more than one year | 495,730 | 26,986 | 522,716 |
| Long-term debt (Note 7): | | | |
| Due within one year | 490,000 | | 490,000 |
| Due in more than one year | 6,120,000 | | 6,120,000 |
| Total Liabilities | 9,807,760 | 384,144 | 10,191,904 |
| NET POSITION (Note 10) | | | |
| Net investments in capital assets | 99,751,041 | | 99,751,041 |
| Restricted for: | | | |
| Debt service | 1,594,725 | | 1,594,725 |
| Special revenue projects | 2,227,207 | | 2,227,207 |
| Housing projects | 1,115,757 | | 1,115,757 |
| Lighting and landscaping | 285,146 | | 285,146 |
| Community Services | 2,033,126 | | 2,033,126 |
| Total Restricted Net Position | 7,255,961 | | 7,255,961 |
| Unrestricted | 23,081,608 | 361,531 | 23,443,139 |
| Total Net Position | \$130,088,610 | \$361,531 | \$130,450,141 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Program Revenues | | <u> </u> | |
|--|------------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | | | Operating | Capital |
| | | Charges for | Grants and | Grants and |
| Functions/Programs | Expenses | Services | Contributions | Contributions |
| Governmental Activities: | | | | |
| City council, commissions, and community support | \$1,207,205 | | | |
| Police services | 5,272,182 | \$154,260 | \$131,894 | |
| Parking services | 449,615 | 426,238 | | \$67,454 |
| Public works | 2,053,516 | 84,729 | | 3,000 |
| Senior transportation | 131,819 | 29,947 | 80,267 | |
| Library operations | 715,875 | 39,881 | 533,009 | |
| Planning | 620,735 | 1,024,739 | 6,666 | |
| Engineering | 6,070,370 | 1,568,897 | | 823,287 |
| Administration | 2,064,648 | 14,648 | | |
| Interest on long-term debt | 252,475 | | | |
| Total Governmental Activities | 18,838,440 | 3,343,339 | 751,836 | 893,741 |
| Business-type Activities: | | | | |
| Recreation Programs | 1,224,490 | 1,300,023 | | |
| Total Business-type Activities | 1,224,490 | 1,300,023 | | |
| Total | \$20,062,930 | \$4,643,362 | \$751,836 | \$893,741 |

General revenues:

Taxes:

Property taxes

Sales taxes

Franchise taxes

Transient occupancy tax

Motor vehicle in lieu tax

Highway users tax

Transfer tax

Investment earnings

Other

Transfers, net

Total general revenues and transfers

Change in Net Position

Net Position-Beginning, (As restated Note 1N)

Net Position-Ending

Net (Expense) Revenue and Changes in Net Position

| Governmental Activities | Business-type Activities | Total |
|--|--------------------------|--|
| (\$1,207,205) (4,986,028) 44,077 (1,965,787) (21,605) (142,985) 410,670 (3,678,186) (2,050,000) (252,475) (13,849,524) | | (\$1,207,205) (4,986,028) 44,077 (1,965,787) (21,605) (142,985) 410,670 (3,678,186) (2,050,000) (252,475) (13,849,524) |
| | \$75,533 | 75,533 |
| | 75,533 | 75,533 |
| (13,849,524) | 75,533 | (13,773,991) |
| 5,427,316 3,392,743 1,836,029 701,718 2,343,990 703,594 349,633 212,167 493,248 30,000 | 466 (30,000) | 5,427,316 3,392,743 1,836,029 701,718 2,343,990 703,594 349,633 212,633 493,248 |
| 15,490,438 | (29,534) | 15,460,904 |
| 1,640,914 | 45,999 | 1,686,913 |
| 128,447,696 | 315,532 | 128,763,228 |
| \$130,088,610 | \$361,531 | \$130,450,141 |



Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

Major funds are defined generally as having significant activities or balances in the current year.

The funds described below were determined to be Major Funds by the City for fiscal year 2015. Individual other governmental funds may be found in the Supplemental Section.

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

PUBLIC FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Tracks costs associated with the purchase and repair of public buildings and construction of landscaping projects.

STREETS AND SIGNALS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Tracks grants / funding contributions and costs associated with capital improvement projects: roads, drains, walkways, etc.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and related expenditures on the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements in the City.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the long-term debt of the City. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

| | General | Public Facilities Fund | Streets and Signals Fund | Capital Projects Funds |
|---|---|------------------------------|-------------------------------|---|
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments (Note 3) Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items (Note 1J) Loans receivable from Successor Agency (Note 5) Other assets | \$11,464,454 1,616,277 1,745 14,719 6,071,643 14,802 | \$112,962 66 | \$2,292,657 100,623 621 | \$86,179 4,166,132 193,001 1,799 |
| Total Assets | \$19,183,640 | \$113,028 | \$2,393,901 | \$4,447,111 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued expenses Refundable deposits Unearned revenue | \$811,000 869,786 8,099 | \$171 | \$191,807 312 84,908 | \$361,065 |
| Total Liabilities | 1,688,885 | 171 | 277,027 | 361,065 |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Fund balance (Note 10): Nonspendable Restricted Committed | 6,086,362 23,110 3,117,955 | 112,857 | 2,116,874 | 4,086,046 |
| Unassigned Total Fund Balances | 8,267,328 17,494,755 | 112,857 | 2,116,874 | 4,086,046 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$19,183,640 | \$113,028 | \$2,393,901 | \$4,447,111 |

| | Other | Total |
|----------------------|------------------|--|
| Debt Service | Governmental | Governmental |
| Fund | <u>Funds</u> | Funds |
| | | |
| | \$1,254,783 | \$12,805,416 |
| \$1,593,226 | 2,286,269 | 10,451,246 |
| | 405,341 | 2,315,242 |
| 499 | 757 | 5,487 |
| 1,000 | 209 | 15,928 |
| | 1,850,666 | 7,922,309 |
| | | 14,802 |
| \$1,594,725 | \$5,798,025 | \$33,530,430 |
| | \$136,789 | \$1,500,832 870,098 93,007 |
| | 136,789 | 2,463,937 |
| \$1,000 1,593,725 | 209 5,661,027 | 6,087,571 7,277,862 9,433,732 8,267,328 |
| 1,594,725 | 5,661,236 | 31,066,493 |
| \$1,594,725 | \$5,798,025 | \$33,530,430 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Reconciliation of the GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS -- BALANCE SHEET with the STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

Total fund balances reported on the Governmental Funds Balance Sheet

\$31,066,493

Amounts reported for Governmental Activities in the Statement of Net Position are different from those reported in the Governmental Funds above because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS

Capital assets used in Governmental Activities are not current assets or financial resources and therefore are not reported in the Governmental Funds.

106,361,041

LONG-TERM ASSETS AND LIABILITIES

The assets and liabilities below are not due and payable in the current period and therefore are not reported in the Funds:

Net OPEB Asset4,899Interest payable(114,161)Non-current portion of compensated absences(619,662)Long-term debt(6,610,000)

NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$130,088,610



CITY OF LAFAYETTE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | General | Public Facilities Fund | Streets and Signals |
|--|--------------|------------------------------|---------------------|
| REVENUES | | | |
| Property taxes | \$4,004,653 | | |
| Sales tax | 2,876,935 | | |
| Other taxes | 5,231,370 | | |
| Charges for services | 1,192,055 | | \$409,977 |
| Intergovernmental | 24,587 | | 580,286 |
| Licenses and permits | 269,669 | | |
| Fines, forfeitures and penalties | 126,241 | | |
| Use of money and property | 165,266 | \$223 | 2,105 |
| Miscellaneous | 905,564 | 7,966 | 93,015 |
| Total Revenues | 14,796,340 | 8,189 | 1,085,383 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | |
| Current: | | | |
| City council, commissions, and community support | 1,198,457 | | |
| Police services | 4,550,675 | | |
| Parking services | | | |
| Public works | 1,440,157 | | |
| Senior transportation | | | |
| Library operations | 715,880 | | |
| Planning | 620,735 | | |
| Engineering | 249,096 | 10,014 | 731,659 |
| Administration | 2,070,041 | 110.000 | |
| Capital outlay | | 110,383 | 2,853,170 |
| Debt service: | | | |
| Principal Interest and fiscal charges | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 10,845,041 | 120,397 | 3,584,829 |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | 3,951,299 | (112,208) | (2,499,446) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | |
| Transfers in (Note 4A) | | 17,398 | 2,542,622 |
| Transfers (out) (Note 4A) | (2,532,519) | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (2,532,519) | 17,398 | 2,542,622 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 1,418,780 | (94,810) | 43,176 |
| BEGINNING FUND BALANCES, (As restated Note 1N) | 16,075,975 | 207,667 | 2,073,698 |
| ENDING FUND BALANCES | \$17,494,755 | \$112,857 | \$2,116,874 |

| Capital Projects Funds | Debt Service Fund | Other Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|------------------------------|----------------------|--------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| | \$814,333 | \$608,330 | \$5,427,316 |
| | | | 2,876,935 |
| | | 1,219,402 | 6,450,772 |
| \$877,967 | | 251,508 | 2,731,507 |
| 193,001 | | 179,447 | 977,321 |
| | | 25,757 | 295,426 |
| | | 190,165 | 316,406 |
| 6,092 | 1,691 | 36,790 | 212,167 |
| 50,000 | | 104,959 | 1,161,504 |
| 1,127,060 | 816,024 | 2,616,358 | 20,449,354 |
| | | | 1 100 457 |
| | | 505,735 | 1,198,457 5,056,410 |
| | | 449,615 | 449,615 |
| | | 769,898 | 2,210,055 |
| | | 131,819 | 131,819 |
| | | 131,617 | 715,880 |
| | | | 620,735 |
| 191,518 | | 68,717 | 1,251,004 |
| 171,515 | | 00,717 | 2,070,041 |
| 1,935,126 | | | 4,898,679 |
| | 470,000 | | 470,000 |
| | 262,338 | | 262,338 |
| | 202,330 | | 202,330 |
| 2,126,644 | 732,338 | 1,925,784 | 19,335,033 |
| (999,584) | 83,686 | 690,574 | 1,114,321 |
| | | | |
| 64,725 | | 1,003,774 | 3,628,519 |
| | | (1,066,000) | (3,598,519) |
| 64,725 | | (62,226) | 30,000 |
| (934,859) | 83,686 | 628,348 | 1,144,321 |
| 5,020,905 | 1,511,039 | 5,032,888 | 29,922,172 |
| \$4,086,046 | \$1,594,725 | \$5,661,236 | \$31,066,493 |

Reconciliation of the

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

with the

STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

The schedule below reconciles the Net Changes in Fund Balances reported on the Governmental Funds Statement of Revenues, Expenditures and Changes in Fund Balance, which measures only changes in current assets and current liabilities on the modified accrual basis, with the Change in Net Position of Governmental Activities reported in the Statement of Activities, which is prepared on the full accrual basis.

NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES - TOTAL GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

\$1,144,321

Amounts reported for governmental activities in the Statement of Activities are different because of the following:

CAPITAL ASSETS TRANSACTIONS

Governmental Funds report capital outlays as expenditures. However, in the Statement of Activities, the cost of those assets is capitalized and allocated over their estimated useful lives and reported as depreciation expense.

| The capital outlay expenditures are therefore added back to fund balance | 4,898,679 |
|--|-------------|
| Other capitalized expenditures are added back to fund balance | 173,523 |
| Depreciation expense is deducted from the fund balance | (5,056,059) |
| Loss on disposal of capital asset is deducted from fund balance | (7,106) |

LONG-TERM DEBT PROCEEDS AND PAYMENTS

Bond proceeds provide current financial resources to governmental funds, but issuing debt increases long-term liabilities in the Statement of Net Position.

Repayment of bond principal is an expenditure in the governmental funds, but in the Statement of Net Position the repayment reduces long-term liabilities.

Repayment of debt principal is added back to fund balance

470,000

ACCRUAL OF NON-CURRENT ITEMS

The amounts below included in the Statement of Activities do not provide or (require) the use of current financial resources and therefore are not reported as revenue or expenditures in governmental funds (net change):

| Net OPEB asset | 4,899 |
|----------------------|-------|
| Interest payable | 9,863 |
| Compensated absences | 2,794 |
| | |

CHANGE IN NET POSITION OF GOVERNMENTAL ACTIVITIES

\$1,640,914

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PROPRIETARY FUNDS

PROPRIETARY FUND

Enterprise funds are used to account for business-like activities provided to the general public. These activities are financed primarily by user charges and the measurement of financial activity focuses on net income measurement similar to the private sector. The City's only proprietary fund (business-type) is that of the "Recreation Programs."

RECREATION PROGRAMS ENTERPRISE FUND

The Recreation Department provides a variety of recreation activities that enhance the quality of life for all Lafayette citizens. The Department also administers rentals at the Lafayette Community Center and the Buckeye Fields building. The Lafayette Community Center is the primary facility used by these activities, but schools and other public and private facilities also are used. A Community Center Foundation assists the department with fundraising activities which go toward building and landscaping improvements. The City Council expects the programs to be self-supporting. The Parks and Recreation Director has full profit and loss responsibility for this budget program.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2015

| | Recreation Programs |
|--|-------------------------------------|
| ASSETS | |
| Current Assets: Cash and investments (Note 3): Accounts receivable Interest receivable Prepaid items (Note 1J) | \$728,896 110 138 16,531 |
| Total Assets | 745,675 |
| LIABILITIES | |
| Current Liabilities: Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Refundable deposits Accrued compensated absences - Due within one year (Note 1G): Unearned revenue | 3,522 17,766 6,746 329,124 |
| Total current liabilities | 357,158 |
| Non-Current Liabilities: Accrued compensated absences - Due in more than one year (Note 1G): | 26,986 |
| Total liabilities | 384,144 |
| NET POSITION (Note 10) | |
| Unrestricted | 361,531 |
| Total Net Position | \$361,531 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENSES AND CHANGES IN FUND NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Recreation Programs |
|---|------------------------|
| OPERATING REVENUES | |
| Recreation fees | \$1,207,490 |
| Building rentals | 92,533 |
| Total Operating Revenues | 1,300,023 |
| OPERATING EXPENSES | |
| Personnel services | 604,549 |
| Contractual services | 553,098 |
| Printing and supplies | 66,843 |
| Total Operating Expenses | 1,224,490 |
| Operating Income | 75,533 |
| NONOPERATING REVENUES (EXPENSES) | |
| Interest income | 466 |
| Total Nonoperating Revenues (Expenses) | 466 |
| Income Before Capital Contributions and Transfers | 75,999 |
| Transfers (out) (Note 4A) | (30,000) |
| Change in Net Position | 45,999 |
| BEGINNING NET POSITION | 315,532 |
| ENDING NET POSITION | \$361,531 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PROPRIETARY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Recreation Programs |
|--|---------------------------------------|
| CASH FLOWS FROM OPERATING ACTIVITIES Receipts from customers Payments to suppliers Payments to employees | \$1,316,307 (639,022) (570,817) |
| Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities | 106,468 |
| CASH FLOWS FROM NONCAPITAL FINANCING ACTIVITIES Transfers (out) | (30,000) |
| Cash Flows from (used for) Noncapital Financing Activities | (30,000) |
| CASH FLOWS FROM INVESTING ACTIVITIES Interest received | 454_ |
| Cash Flows from Investing Activities | 454 |
| Net Cash Flows | 76,922 |
| Cash and investments at beginning of period | 651,974 |
| Cash and investments at end of period | \$728,896 |
| Reconciliation of Operating Income to Cash Flows from Operating Activities: | |
| Operating income Change in assets and liabilities: | \$75,533 |
| Receivables, net | 3,337 |
| Prepaid items | 2,330 |
| Accounts payable and other accrued expenses | (21,271) |
| Accrued compensated absences | 33,732 |
| Refundable deposits | 2,190 |
| Unearned revenue | 10,617 |
| Cash Flows from (used for) Operating Activities | \$106,468 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

FUND FINANCIAL STATEMENTS FIDUCIARY FUNDS

FIDUCIARY FUNDS (not included in government-wide statements)

Private Purpose Trust Funds

Private Purpose Trust Funds account for resources held by the City as trustee for third party beneficiaries. The City's only trust fund relates to its role as the Successor Agency for the former Redevelopment Agency.

Agency Funds

Agency Fund is a clearing type fund for the collection of taxes or deposits held, on behalf of individuals, private organizations and other governments. The fund is custodial in nature (assets equal liabilities) and does not involve measurement of results of operations.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE STATEMENT OF FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS JUNE 30, 2015

| | Private Purpose Trust Fund | Agency Funds |
|---|----------------------------|-----------------|
| ASSETS | | |
| Cash and investments (Note 3) Restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agents (Note 3) Receivables: | \$3,878,927 | \$1,342,979 |
| Accounts | | 32,925 |
| Interest | 40 | 244 |
| Total Assets | \$3,878,967 | \$1,376,148 |
| LIABILITIES | | |
| Accounts payable | \$28,842 | \$253,634 |
| Interest payable | 484,707 | , |
| Unearned revenue | 1,648,130 | |
| Due to members | | 1,122,514 |
| Loan payable - Lafayette Library and | _ | |
| Learning Center Foundation | 15,519,728 | |
| Loan payable to the City | 7,922,309 | |
| Long-term debt - due in less than one year | 310,000 | |
| Long-term debt - due in more than one year | 23,785,000 | |
| Total Liabilities | 49,698,716 | \$1,376,148 |
| NET POSITION | | |
| Held in trust for private purposes | (45,819,749) | |
| Total Net Position | (\$45,819,749) | |

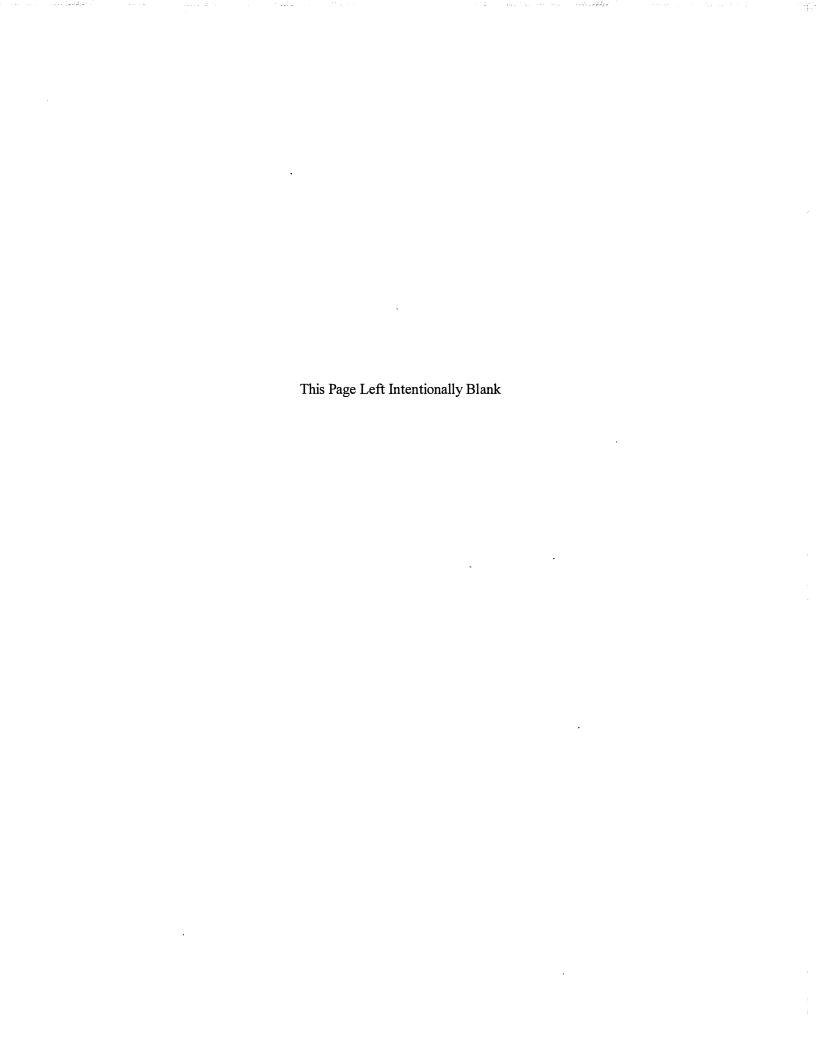
CITY OF LAFAYETTE STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN FIDUCIARY NET POSITION FIDUCIARY FUNDS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Private Purpose Trust Fund |
|--|-------------------------------|
| ADDITIONS | |
| Property taxes | \$3,095,952 |
| Investment income | 697 |
| Total Additions | 3,096,649 |
| DEDUCTIONS | |
| Contractual services | 88,307 |
| Interest expense and fiscal charges | 2,204,675 |
| Total Deductions | 2,292,982 |
| CHANGE IN NET POSITION | 803,667 |
| NET POSITION, BEGINNING OF YEAR, (As restated Note 1N) | (46,623,416) |

See accompanying notes to financial statements

(\$45,819,749)

NET POSITION, END OF YEAR



Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Incorporated in 1968, Lafayette is located in Contra Costa County, one of the nine counties of the San Francisco Bay Area. Located on 15 square miles, Lafayette is noted for its high quality of life with top rated schools, low crime rate, small town downtown, clean air, mild climate and oak treestudded hills. Located between Berkeley and Walnut Creek, Lafayette has its own Bay Area Rapid Transit station (BART) and is only a 25 minute BART ride from San Francisco.

The City's 2013 Population reported in the U.S. Census was 25,053. The City is primarily a residential community with commercial and light industrial enterprises as well as local governmental offices.

A. Reporting Entity

The Basic Financial Statements of the City includes only the financial activities of the City, which has no component units.

B. Basis of Presentation

The City's Basic Financial Statements are prepared in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. The Government Accounting Standards Board is the acknowledged standard setting body for establishing accounting and financial reporting standards followed by governmental entities in the United States of America.

These Statements require that the financial statements described below be presented.

Government-wide Statements: The Statement of Net Position and the Statement of Activities display information about the reporting government as a whole. These statements include the financial activities of the overall City government, except for fiduciary activities. Governmental activities generally are financed through taxes, intergovernmental revenues, and other nonexchange transactions.

The Statement of Activities presents a comparison between direct expenses and program revenues for each function of the City's governmental activities. Direct expenses are those that are specifically associated with a program or function and, therefore, are clearly identifiable to a particular function. Program revenues include (a) charges paid by the recipients of goods or services offered by the programs, (b) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational needs of a particular program and (c) fees, grants and contributions that are restricted to financing the acquisition or construction of capital assets. Revenues that are not classified as program revenues, including all taxes, are presented as general revenues.

Fund Financial Statements: The fund financial statements provide information about the City's funds, including fiduciary funds. Separate statements for each fund category — governmental and fiduciary — are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major individual governmental funds, each of which is displayed in a separate column. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as other governmental funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

C. Major Funds

The City's major governmental funds are identified and presented separately in the fund financial statements. All other funds, called other governmental funds, are combined and reported in a single column, regardless of their fund-type.

Major funds are defined as funds that have either assets, liabilities, revenues or expenditures/expenses equal to ten percent of their fund-type total and five percent of the grand total. The General Fund is always a major fund. The City may also select other funds it believes should be presented as major funds.

The City reported the following major governmental funds in the accompanying financial statements:

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

PUBLIC FACILITIES CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Tracks costs associated with the purchase and repair of public buildings and construction of landscaping projects.

STREETS AND SIGNALS CAPITAL PROJECTS FUND

Tracks grants/funding contributions and costs associated with capital improvement projects: roads, drains, walkways, etc.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and related expenditures on the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements in the City.

DEBT SERVICE FUND

This fund accounts for the accumulation of financial resources for the payment of interest and principal on the long-term debt of the City. Ad valorem taxes are used for the payment of principal and interest.

The City has one enterprise fund, the Recreation Programs Fund which is a major fund. It is used to account for the operations of the City's recreation programs.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

Fiduciary Funds – Fiduciary Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for various functions. The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private-Purpose Trust Fund accounts for the accumulation of resources to be used for payments at appropriate amounts and times in the future. Agency Funds account for assets held by the City in a purely custodial capacity. Agency Funds typically involve only the receipt, temporary investment and remittance of fiduciary resources to individuals, private organization or other governments. The City's Agency Funds account for assets held by the City as an agent for the Lamorinda Fee and Financing Authority and the Lamorinda School Bus Transportation Agency. The financial activities of these funds are excluded from the City-wide financial statements, but are presented in separate Fiduciary Fund financials statements

D. Basis of Accounting

The government-wide fund financial statements are reported using the economic resources measurement focus and the full accrual basis of accounting. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded at the time liabilities are incurred, regardless of when the related cash flows take place.

Governmental funds are reported using the current financial resources measurement focus and the modified accrual basis of accounting. Under this method, revenues are recognized when measurable and available. The City considers all revenues reported in the governmental funds to be available if the revenues are collected within sixty days after year-end. Expenditures are recorded when the related fund liability is incurred, except for principal and interest on general long-term debt, claims and judgments, and compensated absences, which are recognized as expenditures to the extent they have matured. Governmental capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Proceeds of governmental long-term debt and acquisitions under capital leases are reported as other financing sources.

The proprietary, pension and other postemployment benefit trust, and private-purpose trust funds are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the accrual basis of accounting. The agency fund has no measurement focus but utilizes the *accrual basis of accounting* for reporting its assets and liabilities.

Those revenues susceptible to accrual are property taxes, sales taxes, real property transfer taxes, interest revenue and charges for services. Licenses, use of property and permit revenues are not susceptible to accrual because they are not measurable until received in cash.

Non-exchange transactions, in which the City gives or receives value without directly receiving or giving equal value in exchange, include taxes, grants, entitlements, and donations. On the accrual basis, revenue from taxes is recognized in the fiscal year for which the taxes are levied or assessed. Revenue from grants, entitlements, and donations is recognized in the fiscal year in which all eligibility requirements have been satisfied.

Certain indirect costs are included in program expenses reported for individual functions and activities.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements. Exceptions to this general rule are payments-in-lieu of taxes and other charges between the government's business-type activities and various other functions of the government. Elimination of these charges would distort the direct costs and program revenues reported for various functions concerned.

E. Capital Assets

In the government-wide financial statements, capital assets are accounted for as capital assets. All capital assets are valued at historical cost, or estimated historical cost if actual cost is unavailable, except for donated capital assets which are recorded at their estimated fair value at the date of donation. Estimated historical cost was used to value the majority of the assets for which cost was not available.

City policy has set the capitalization thresholds for reporting capital assets at the following:

- All buildings (no threshold)
- \$5,000 for all other capital assets

Prior to July 1, 2001, governmental funds' infrastructure assets were not capitalized. These assets (back to July 1, 1968) have been valued at estimated historical cost.

Depreciation of all exhaustible capital assets is recorded as an allocated expense in the Statement of Activities, with accumulated depreciation reflected in the Statement of Net Position. Depreciation is provided over the assets' estimated useful lives using the straight-line method of depreciation.

The range of estimated useful lives by type of asset is as follows:

| Type | Useful Life (years) |
|-----------------------------------|---------------------|
| Land, easements, and right of way | N/A |
| Land improvements | 20 |
| Building and improvements | 50 |
| Infrastructure | 15 - 65 |
| Equipment and furniture | 3 - 15 |
| Book collection | 20 |

In the fund financial statements, capital assets used in governmental fund operations are accounted for as capital outlay expenditures of the governmental fund upon acquisition. Capital assets used in proprietary fund (business-type) operations are accounted for the same as in the government-wide statements.

F. Property Taxes

State of California ("State") Constitution Article XIII provides for a maximum general property tax rate statewide of \$1 per \$100 of assessed value. Assessed value is calculated at 100% of market value at sale date plus a maximum annual increase of 2%, unless the value is written down by the county assessor after which it can go back to the value at sale date plus 2% compounded to current. The State Legislature has determined the method of distribution of receipts from the \$1 levy among the counties, cities, school districts and other districts. Counties, cities and school districts may levy such additional tax rate as is necessary to provide for voter approved debt service.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

However, since Lafayette was incorporated in 1968 as a no-property-tax city, through fiscal year June 30, 1988, Lafayette received property tax distributions only for those geographical areas incorporated into the city limits after 1978, when Proposition XIII became law with its restrictions on funding. Thus, though Lafayette's property owners paid property taxes at the same rate as property owners in other cities, the City of Lafayette received no share, except from those areas of the City annexed after 1978.

Pursuant to the 1988 Trial Court Funding Bill and subsequent reallocations, the City has received a measure of relief from this funding deficiency. Beginning in 1989, Lafayette began receiving funds in lieu of property taxes and/or additional property tax allocations. The receipt of these funds was phased in gradually, and by 1997/1998 the City of Lafayette was receiving the equivalent of approximately 7% of the total property taxes that its property owners paid. This can be compared to the average 10.5% allocation received by cities in Contra Costa County. The amount received was further reduced by a partial shift to fund schools, and amounts sent to the Successor Agency of the former Redevelopment Agency (RDA). While the City of Lafayette is a no/low property tax city, it has not qualified for an additional property tax allocation since fiscal year 2000-01.

The County of Contra Costa uses the following calendar to assess properties, bill for, collect, and distribute property taxes.

| | <u>Secured</u> | Unsecured |
|------------------|-------------------|-----------|
| Valuation dates | March 1 | March 1 |
| Lien/levy dates | March 1 | March 1 |
| Due dates | 50% on November 1 | July 1 |
| | 50% on February 1 | |
| Delinquent as of | December 10 | August 31 |
| _ | April 10 | |

G. Compensated Absences

Compensated absences are comprised of unused vacation leave and compensatory time off, which are accrued as earned. City employees who have 10 or more years of tenure also receive 25% compensation for sick leave. The liability for these compensated absences in the government-wide statements has been estimated by management to be 20% current and 80% non-current liabilities. The portion expected to be permanently liquidated is recorded in the governmental funds and are recorded as fund liabilities. The long-term portion is recorded in the statement of net position and is liquidated primarily by the General Fund.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

The activities of the compensated absences for the year ended June 30, 2015 were as follows:

| | Governmental Activities | Business-Type Activities | Total |
|-----------------------------|-------------------------|--------------------------|-----------|
| Balance as of June 30, 2014 | \$622,458 | | \$622,458 |
| Additions | 291,767 | \$53,992 | 345,759 |
| Payments | (294,563) | (20,260) | (314,823) |
| Ending Balance | \$619,662 | \$33,732 | \$653,394 |
| Current Portion | \$123,932 | \$6,746 | \$130,678 |

H. Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with generally accepted accounting principles (GAAP) requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues and expenses during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

I. Cash and Investments

The City maintains a cash and investments pool that is available for use by all funds. Each fund's portion of this pool is displayed on the Balance Sheets for the governmental funds and Statement of Fiduciary Net Position for the Proprietary Fund and Agency Funds as cash and investments. Investments are stated at fair value. Fair value is estimated based on quoted market prices at year end.

J. Prepaid Items

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

K. Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, deferred outflows of resources, represents a consumption of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of financial position or balance sheet will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position or fund balance that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow or resources (revenue) until that time.

The City does not have any items that qualify for reporting in this category this fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

L. Implementation of Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Pronouncements

Management adopted the provisions of the following Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements, which became effective during the year ended June 30, 2015.

GASB Statement No. 68 – In June 2012, GASB issued Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 27. The primary objective of this Statement is to improve accounting and financial reporting by state and local governments for pensions. This Statement establishes standards for measuring and recognizing liabilities, deferred outflows of resources, and deferred inflows of resources, and expense/expenditures. For defined benefit pensions, this Statement identifies the methods and assumptions that should be used to project benefit payments, discount projected benefit payments to their actuarial present value, and attribute that present value to periods of employee service. This Statement did not have a material impact on the City's financial statements in fiscal year 2015.

GASB Statement No. 69 – In 2014, the GASB issued Statement No. 69, Government Combinations and Disposals of Government Operation. This Statement requires disclosures to be made about government combinations and disposals of government operations to enable financial statement users to evaluate the nature and financial effects of those transactions. This Statement did not have a material impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year 2015.

GASB Statement No. 71 – In 2014, GASB issued Statement No. 71, Pension Transition for Contributions Made Subsequent to the Measurement Date – an amendment of GASB Statement No. 68. The objective of this Statement is to address an issue regarding application of the transition provisions of Statement No. 68, Accounting and Financial Reporting for Pensions. The issue relates to amounts associated with contributions, if any, made by a state or local government employer or non-employer contributing entity to a defined benefit pension plan after the measurement date of the government's beginning net pension liability. This Statement did not have a material impact on the City's financial statements for the fiscal year 2015.

M. Closed and Reclassified Funds

During fiscal year 2015 the City closed the Police Services Special Revenue Fund.

In addition, the City recategorized the Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund from a component of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund to a Special Revenue Fund as part of the City's primary government. The recategorization was a result of the City electing to be the Housing Successor of the former Redeployment Agency during the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency. The Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund was incorrectly reported as part of Private Purpose Trust Fund in prior years. The City also consolidated the Successor Long-Term Debt Subfund and the Redevelopment Debt Service Subfund, both components of the Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund. See Note 1N below.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 1 – SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (Continued)

N. Restatement of Fund Balance:

During fiscal year 2015 the City made the following restatement to beginning fund balance due to fund recategorization as discussed in Note 1M.

| Entity-Wide | |
|--|----------------------|
| | Increase/ (Decrease) |
| Net position as of June 30, 2014 - Governmental Activities | \$127,331,939 |
| Recategorization from Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency | |
| Private Purpose Trust Fund to Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund | 1,115,757 |
| Beginning net position as restated | \$128,447,696 |
| Governmental Funds | |
| Total fund balance as of June 30, 2014 | \$28,806,415 |
| Recategorization from Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency | |
| Private Purpose Trust Fund to Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund | 1,115,757 |
| Beginning fund balance, as restated | \$29,922,172 |
| Successor Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund | |
| Net position as of June 30, 2014 | (\$45,507,659) |
| Recategorization to the City | |
| Low and Moderate Income Housing Special Revenue Fund | (1,115,757) |
| Restatement within the Private Purpose Trust Funds: | |
| Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund | |
| to the Redevelopment Agency Fund | (10,309) |
| Redevelopment Agency Fund from the | |
| Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund | 10,309 |
| Successor Long-Term Debt Fund to the | |
| Redevelopment Debt Service Fund | (24,375,000) |
| Successor Long-Term Debt Fund | 24,375,000 |
| Beginning net position, as restated | (\$46,623,416) |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 2 - BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING

A. Budgeting Procedures

The City's fiscal year runs from July 1 through June 30. Each year, the Administrative Services Director prepares two budgets -- the Proposed Budget, which is adopted in June, and the Final Budget, which is adopted in December. The budget process is as follows:

- In January, the City Council meets to set the goals and priorities for the upcoming fiscal year.
- In February and March, the department heads prepare their preliminary budgets and incorporate requests from commissions and committees.
- In mid-March, each department head meets with the City Manager, Administrative Services Director and Finance Manager to review the budget requests.
- In mid-April, the Administrative Services Director presents the Proposed Budget to the Finance Committee.
- At the end of May, the Proposed Budget is introduced at a regular City Council meeting.
- The City Council holds a special budget workshop meeting, usually the first week in June. At this meeting, the public is invited to comment on the budget and the Council makes a number of important policy decisions regarding the budget.
- The budget, and any changes made to it during the budget workshop, are adopted by resolution at the next regularly scheduled City Council meeting.
- After the audit for the prior fiscal year has been completed, usually in late September, the Administrative Services Director begins work on the Final Budget. The Final Budget incorporates actual expenses and revenues from the prior fiscal year, as well as any changes made by the City Council to the Proposed Budget. If other programs or expenditures are anticipated, these items are incorporated into the Final Budget as well.
- The City Council reviews the Final Budget at a regularly scheduled meeting in December, and adopts the Final Budget by resolution.
- Budgeted amounts are as originally adopted and as further amended by the City, Council. The level of control (level at which expenditures may not exceed budget) is at the departmental level for the General Fund, department level for the Special Revenue Funds and project level for the Capital Projects Funds.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 2 – BUDGET AND BUDGETARY ACCOUNTING (Continued)

B. Expenditures in Excess of Appropriations

The funds below incurred expenditures in excess of appropriations in the amounts below. These funds had sufficient fund balances or revenues to finance these expenditures.

| | Excess of Expenditures |
|----------------------|------------------------|
| Fund | Over Appropriation |
| Parking Programs | |
| Special Revenue Fund | \$91,249 |

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS

The City pools cash from all sources and all funds except cash held with fiscal agents so that it can be invested at the maximum yield, consistent with safety and liquidity, while individual funds can make expenditures at any time.

A. Policies

The City and its fiscal agents invest in individual investments and in investment pools. Individual investments are evidenced by specific identifiable pieces of paper called *securities instruments*, or by an electronic entry registering the owner in the records of the institution issuing the security, called the *book entry* system.

California Law requires banks and savings and loan institutions to pledge government securities with a market value of 110% of the City's cash on deposit, or first trust deed mortgage notes with a market value of 150% of the deposit, as collateral for these deposits. Under California Law this collateral is held in a separate investment pool by another institution in the City's name and places the City ahead of general creditors of the institution.

The City's investments are carried at fair value, as required by generally accepted accounting principles. The City adjusts the carrying value of its investments to reflect their fair value at each fiscal year end, and it includes the effects of these adjustments in income for that fiscal year.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

B. Classification

Cash and investments as of June 30, 2015 are classified in the accompanying financial statements as follows:

| Statement of Net Position | Amount |
|--|--------------|
| Cash and investments | \$13,534,312 |
| Restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agents | 10,451,246 |
| Total cash and investments in primary government | 23,985,558 |
| Statements of Fiduciary Net Position | |
| Restricted Cash and investments held by fiscal agents: | |
| Private Purpose Trust Funds | 3,878,927 |
| Cash and investments: | |
| Agency Funds | 1,342,979 |
| Total Cash and investments | \$29,207,464 |

C. Investments Authorized by the California Government Code and the City of Lafayette's Investment Policy

The City's Investment Policy and the California Government Code allow the City to invest in the following, provided the credit ratings of the issuers are acceptable to the City; and approved percentages and maturities are not exceeded. The table below also identifies certain provisions of the California Government Code, or the City's Investment Policy where the City's Investment Policy is more restrictive.

| And and I I was a True | Maximum | Minimum Credit | Maximum % | Maximum Investment |
|---|----------|----------------|--------------|-----------------------|
| Authorized Investment Type | Maturity | Quality | of Portfolio | in One Issuer |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | 5 years | N/A | 100% | 100% |
| California Local Agency Obligations | 5 years | Aa2 | 100% | 100% |
| U.S. Agency Securities | 5 years | N/A | 100% | 100% |
| Bankers Acceptances | 180 days | P1 | 20% | 30% |
| Commercial Paper | 270 days | P1 | 25% | 10% |
| Negotiable Certificates of Deposit | 5 years | Aa2 | 30% | 100% |
| Medium-Term Corporate Notes | 5 years | Aa2 | 10% | 100% |
| | | Top rating | | |
| Money Market Mutual Funds | N/A | category | 15% | 10% |
| Collateralized Bank Deposits | 5 years | N/A | 100% | 100% |
| Time Deposits | 5 years | N/A | 100% | 100% |
| Joint Powers Authority | N/A | N/A | 100% | 100% |
| California Local Agency Investment Fund | N/A | N/A | 100% | 100% |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements

For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

D. Investments Authorized by Debt Agreements

The City must maintain required amounts of cash and investments with trustees or fiscal agents under the terms of certain debt issues. These funds are unexpended bond proceeds or are pledged reserves to be used if the City fails to meet its obligations under these debt issues. The California Government Code requires these funds to be invested in accordance with City resolutions, bond indentures or State statutes. These bond indentures did not disclose limitations for maximum percentage of portfolio and investment in one issuer. The table below identifies the investment types that are authorized for investments held by fiscal agents. The table also identifies certain provisions of these debt agreements:

| | Maximum | Minimum Credit |
|--|----------|----------------|
| Authorized Investment Type | Maturity | Quality |
| U.S. Treasury Obligations | N/A | N/A |
| U.S. Agency Securities (A) | N/A | N/A |
| Bankers Acceptances | 1 year | P1 |
| Commercial Paper | 270 days | P1 |
| Short-Term Certificates of Deposit | 1 year | P1 |
| Repurchase Agreements | N/A | A2 |
| Money Market Mutual Funds | N/A | AAAm |
| Unsecured CD's, deposit accounts, time deposits, bankers acceptances | 1 year | A1 |
| Prefunded Municipal Obligations | N/A | Aaa |
| FDIC insured deposit | N/A | N/A |
| Investment Agreements | N/A | Aa2 |

(A) Securities issued by agencies of the federal governments such as the Federal Farm Credit Bank (FFCB), the Federal Home Loan Bank (FHLB), the Federal National Mortgage Association (FNMA), Export-Import Bank, Farm Credit System Financial Assistance Corporation, Farmers Home Administration, General Services Administration, United States Maritime Administration, Small Business Administration, Government National Mortgage Association (GNMA), United States Department of Housing & Urban Development (PHA's), the Federal Home Loan Mortgage Corporation (FHLMC) and Federal Housing Administration debentures.

E. Interest Rate Risk

Interest rate risk is the risk that changes in economic markets will adversely affect the fair value of an investment. Generally, the longer the maturity of an investment, the greater the sensitivity of its fair value to changes in market interest rates. One of the ways that the City manages its exposure to interest rate risk is by purchasing a combination of shorter term and longer term investments and by timing cash flows from maturities so that a portion of the portfolio is maturing or coming close to maturity evenly over time as necessary to provide the cash flow and liquidity needed for operations.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

Information about the sensitivity of the fair values of the City's investments (including investments held with fiscal agents) to market interest rate fluctuations is provided by the following table that shows the distribution of the City's investments by maturity:

| | 12 Months | 13 to | 25 to | |
|-------------------------------------|--------------|-------------|-------------|--------------|
| Investment Type | or less | 24 Months | 60 Months | Total |
| Joint Investment Pools: | | | | |
| Local Agency Investment Fund | \$10,277,520 | | | \$10,277,520 |
| CalTrust | 2,515,858 | | | 2,515,858 |
| California Asset Management Program | 864,386 | | | 864,386 |
| Money Market Mutual Funds | 1,580,881 | | | 1,580,881 |
| Corporate Notes | 500,232 | \$507,371 | \$816,699 | 1,824,302 |
| Certificates of Deposit | 776,518 | 2,515,579 | 4,505,510 | 7,797,607 |
| Total Investments | \$16,515,395 | \$3,022,950 | \$5,322,209 | 24,860,554 |
| Cash in banks and on hand | | | | 4,346,910 |
| Total Cash and Investments | | | | \$29,207,464 |

F. Disclosures Relating to Credit Risk

Generally, credit risk is the risk that an issuer of an investment will not fulfill its obligation to the holder of the investment. This is measured by the assignment of a rating by a nationally recognized statistical rating organization. Presented below is the minimum rating required by (where applicable) the California Government Code, the City's investment policy, or debt agreements, and the actual Moody's rating as of year end for each investment type:

| Investment | Aaa | Aa3 | A1 | Total |
|-------------------------------------|-----------|-----------|-------------|--------------|
| Corporate Notes | \$507,371 | | \$1,316,931 | \$1,824,302 |
| Joint Investment Pool: | | | | |
| California Asset Management Program | | \$864,386 | | 864,386 |
| Totals | \$507,371 | \$864,386 | \$1,316,931 | 2,688,688 |
| Not Rated: | | | | |
| Joint Investment Pools: | | | | |
| Local Agency Investment Fund | | | | 10,277,520 |
| CalTrust | | | | 2,515,858 |
| Certificates of Deposit | | | | 7,797,607 |
| Exempt from rating requirement: | | | | |
| Money Market Mutual Funds | | | | 1,580,881 |
| Cash in banks and on hand | | | | 4,346,910 |
| Total Cash and Investments | | | | \$29,207,464 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 3 – CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Continued)

G. Concentration of Credit Risk

The City's investment policy regarding the amount that can be invested in any one issuer is stipulated by the California Government Code. However, the City is required to disclose investments that represent a concentration of five percent or more of investments in any one issuer other than U.S. Treasury Securities, mutual funds and external investment pools.

City did not have any investments that require disclosure as none meet the 5% level as of June 30, 2015.

H. Investment Pools

The City is a participant in the Local Agency Investment Fund (LAIF) that is regulated by California Government Code Section 16429 under the oversight of the Treasurer of the State of California. The City reports its investment in LAIF at the fair value amount provided by LAIF, which is the same as the value of the pool share. The balance is available for withdrawal on demand, and is based on the accounting records maintained by LAIF, which are recorded on an amortized cost basis. Included in LAIF's investment portfolio are collateralized mortgage obligations, mortgage-backed securities, other asset-backed securities, loans to certain state funds, United States Treasury Notes and Bills and floating rate securities issued by federal agencies, government-sponsored enterprises, and corporations. At June 30, 2015, these investments have an average maturity of 239 days.

The City is a voluntary participant in the California Asset Management Program (CAMP). CAMP is an investment pool offered by the California Asset Management Trust (the Trust). The Trust is a joint powers authority and public agency created by the Declaration of Trust and established under the provisions of the California Joint Exercise of Powers Act (California Government Code Sections 6500 et seq., or the "Act") for the purpose of exercising the common power of its Participants to invest certain proceeds of debt issues and surplus funds. The Pool's investments are limited to investments permitted by subdivisions (a) to (n), inclusive, of Section 53601 of the California Government Code. The City reports its investments in CAMP at the fair value amounts provided by CAMP, which is the same as the value of the pool share. At June 30, 2015, the fair value approximated is the City's cost. At June 30, 2015, these investments have an average maturity of 32 days.

The City is a voluntary participant Investment Trust of California (CalTrust). Organized as a Joint Powers Authority ("JPA"), CalTrust is a program established by public agencies in California for the purpose of pooling and investing local agency funds – operating reserves as well as bond proceeds. A Board of Trustees supervises and administers the investment program of the Trust. Any California local agency may participate in the Trust and invest its funds, and in the case of counties, the funds of other local agencies that have invested with the County Treasurer's Office. CalTrust offers the option of four accounts to provide participating agencies – a money market, a short-term, a medium-term, and soon-to-be opened long-term account. For the Short-Term, Medium-Term, and Long-Term Accounts, funds from all participants are pooled in each of the accounts. Participants receive units in the Trust and designated shares for the particular accounts in which they invest. CalTrust invests in fixed income securities eligible for investment pursuant to California Government Code Sections 53601, et. seq. and 53635, et. seq. Investment guidelines adopted by the Board of Trustees may further restrict the types of investments held by the Trust. Leveraging within the Trust's portfolios is prohibited. At June 30, 2015, the City had shares in the CalTrust Medium-Term Account, which held investments in an average maturity of 2.01 years.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 4 – INTERFUND ACTIVITIES

A. Transfers Between Funds

With Council approval, resources may be transferred from one City fund to another. Transfer between City funds during fiscal year 2014-15 were as follows:

Current interfund balances arise in the normal course of business and are expected to be repaid shortly after the end of the fiscal year. At June 30, 2015, interfund balances comprised the following:

| Fund Receiving Transfers | Fund Making Transfers | Amount <u>Transferred</u> | |
|------------------------------|-------------------------------------|---------------------------|------------|
| Public Facilities Fund | General Fund | 12,398 | (A) |
| | Recreation Programs Enterprise Fund | 5,000 | (A) |
| Streets and Signals Fund | General Fund | 1,476,622 | (A) |
| | Non-Major Governmental Funds | 1,066,000 | (A) |
| Capital Projects Fund | General Fund | 39,725 | (A) |
| | Recreation Programs Enterprise Fund | 25,000 | (A) |
| Non-Major Governmental Funds | General Fund | 1,003,774 | _(A) |
| Total Interfund Transfers | | \$3,628,519 | = |

⁽A) Transfer to cover operating expenses that meet statutory and/or budgetary requirements of each respective fund.

B. Internal Balances

Internal balances are presented in the City-wide financial statements only. They represent the net interfund receivables and payables remaining after the elimination of all such balances within governmental and business-type activities.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 5 – LOAN RECEIVABLE FROM SUCCESSOR AGENCY

A. General Fund

The Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lafayette was formed in 1974 and the Redevelopment Plan was adopted in 1994. In 1999 a cooperation agreement was entered into between the City and the Lafayette Redevelopment Agency that established the City's advancement of funds for implementation of the Redevelopment Plan. Funds could be used "for the preparation and implementation of the redevelopment plan including, but not limited to, the costs of acquisition of property within the project area, demolition and clearance of properties acquired, building and site preparation, constructing public improvements, and providing relocation assistance to displaced residential and nonresidential occupants as required by law". Upon the Redevelopment Agency's dissolution in fiscal year 2012, this loan amount stood at \$6,022,847 in principal and interest. Interest for this period was calculated at 8% per annum based on the loan agreement. Effective fiscal year 2014, the methodology for interest on this loan was changed to accrue at the average annual Local Agency Investment Fund rate and was applied retroactively to fiscal year 2013. In the dissolution process, this loan was determined to be an enforceable obligation. As of June 30, 2015, the total principal and accrued interest on this loan is \$6,071,643.

B. Parking Programs Fund

In 2003, the City of Lafayette and the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lafayette entered into a loan agreement, which would make available monies from the City's Parking Programs Fund for the acquisition and development of property for library parking and the benefit of the Project Area. The amount of the loan was \$685,000. Payments were made according to schedule for fiscal years 2003 through 2010 after which time the outstanding principal amount was \$540,500. Since then, interest has continued to accrue based on the missed payments. At June 30, 2015, the amount of interest outstanding was \$194,409, bringing the total balance to \$734,909. This loan is an enforceable obligation.

C. Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund

The State of California's 2009 budget legislation included the taking of redevelopment funds in fiscal years 2010 and 2011 for the purpose of meeting its funding obligation to the Supplemental Education Revenue Augmentation Fund (SERAF). On February 22, 2010 the Redevelopment Agency Board of Directors authorized a loan from the Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund to the Agency's Operating Fund of \$1,115,757 in order to make the first of these payments. Faced with the dissolution of the Redevelopment Agency, on January 23, 2012, Council unanimously voted that the City assume the Redevelopment Agency's housing obligations. As a non-cash asset of the Redevelopment Agency's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund, the loan was transferred to the City's Low and Moderate Income Housing Fund. No expected payment schedule exists and no interest accrues on this loan, which has been deemed an enforceable obligation.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 6 – CAPITAL ASSETS

In accordance with GASB Statement No. 34, the City has reported capital assets including infrastructure in the Government-wide Statement of Net Position. The City elected to use the basic approach as defined by GASB Statement No. 34 for all infrastructures reporting, whereby depreciation expense and accumulated depreciation has been recorded. The following table presents the capital assets activity for the year ended June 30, 2015:

| | Balance | | | | Balance |
|---|---------------|-------------|-------------|---------------|---------------|
| | June 30, 2014 | Additions | Retirements | Transfers | June 30, 2015 |
| Governmental Activities | | | | | |
| Capital assets not being depreciated: | | | | | |
| Land | \$14,230,959 | | | | \$14,230,959 |
| Artwork (library) | 434,149 | | | | 434,149 |
| Construction in progress | 536,606 | \$4,703,350 | | (\$2,897,874) | 2,342,082 |
| Total capital assets, not being depreciated | 15,201,714 | 4,703,350 | | (2,897,874) | 17,007,190 |
| Depreciable capital assets: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | 5,311,877 | | | 97,730 | 5,409,607 |
| Building and improvements | 41,866,421 | | | | 41,866,421 |
| Infrastructure | 115,348,446 | | | 2,800,144 | 118,148,590 |
| Furniture and equipment | 3,161,057 | 368,852 | (\$653,456) | | 2,876,453 |
| Book collection (Library) | 1,091,940 | | | ···· | 1,091,940 |
| Total capital assets, being depreciated | 166,779,741 | 368,852 | (653,456) | 2,897,874 | 169,393,011 |
| Accumulated depreciation: | | | | | |
| Land improvements | (2,398,095) | (260,569) | | | (2,658,664) |
| Building and improvements | (3,456,971) | (845,663) | | | (4,302,634) |
| Infrastructure | (67,608,581) | (3,658,806) | | | (71,267,387) |
| Furniture and equipment | (2,002,013) | (236,424) | 646,350 | | (1,592,087) |
| Book collection (Library) | (163,791) | (54,597) | | | (218,388) |
| Total accumulated depreciation | (75,629,451) | (5,056,059) | 646,350 | | (80,039,160) |
| Depreciable capital assets, net | 91,150,290 | (4,687,207) | (7,106) | 2,897,874 | 89,353,851 |
| Governmental capital assets, net | \$106,352,004 | \$16,143 | (\$7,106) | | \$106,361,041 |

A. Depreciation Allocation

Depreciation expense is charged to functions and programs based on their usage of the related assets. The amounts allocated to each function or program are as follows:

Governmental Activities:

| City council, Commissions and Community Support | \$9,504 |
|---|--------------|
| Police services | 208,831 |
| Public works | 18,089 |
| Engineering | 4,819,635 |
| Total Governmental Activities | \$5,056,059_ |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 – LONG-TERM LIABILITIES

The City generally incurs long-term debt to finance projects, which will have useful lives equal to or greater than the related debt. The City's debt issues and transactions are related to governmental-type activities are discussed below.

A. Current Year Transactions and Balances

| | Original | | | | Amount |
|---|-------------|---------------|-------------|---------------|------------|
| | Issue | Balance | | Balance | due within |
| Governmental Activity Debt: | Amount | June 30, 2014 | Retirements | June 30, 2015 | one year |
| | | | | | |
| 2002 General Obligation Bonds | | | | | |
| 3.50-5.125%, due 7/15/16 | \$4,320,000 | \$440,000 | \$140,000 | \$300,000 | \$145,000 |
| 2004 General Obligation Bonds | | | | | |
| 2.00-5.00%, due 7/15/25 | 6,035,000 | 3,795,000 | 310,000 | 3,485,000 | 325,000 |
| 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds | | | | | |
| 2.85%, due 7/15/25 | 2,960,000 | 2,845,000 | 20,000 | 2,825,000 | 20,000 |
| | | \$7,080,000 | \$470,000 | \$6,610,000 | \$490,000 |

B. 2002 General Obligations Bond

On February 27, 2002, the City issued the General Obligation Election of 1995, Series 2002 Bonds (GOs) in the amount of \$4,320,000 to finance the costs of repair and reconstruction of the City's roads and drains.

The Bonds were authorized at an election held on March 7, 1995 at which more than two-thirds of the voters approved. Interest payments on the GOs are due semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, and annual principal payments are due on July 15. Interest and principal payments are payable from ad valorem property taxes levied by the City and collected by the County. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$300,000 and \$15,250, respectively.

C. 2004 General Obligation Bonds

On April 15, 2004, the City issued the General Obligation Election of 1995, Series 2004 Bonds (GOs) in the amount of \$6,035,000 to finance the costs of repair and reconstruction of the City's roads and drains, to refund a portion of the General Obligation Election of 1995, Series 1995 Bonds and pay cost of issuance.

Interest payments on the GOs are due semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, and annual principal payments are due on July 15. Interest and principal payments are payable from ad valorem property taxes levied by the City and collected by the County. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$3,485,000 and \$781,776, respectively.

D. 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds

On December 9, 2011, the City issued the 2011 General Obligation Refunding Bonds (GOs) in the amount of \$2,960,000 to refund a portion of the General Obligation Bonds, Election of 1995, Series 2002 and the cost of issuance.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 7 – LONG TERM LIABILITIES (Continued)

Interest payments on the GOs are due semi-annually on January 15 and July 15, and annual principal payments are due on July 15. Interest and principal payments are payable from ad valorem property taxes levied by the City and collected by the County. The total principal and interest remaining to be paid on the bonds is \$2,825,000 and \$609,403, respectively.

E. Debt Service Requirements

Annual debt service requirements are shown below for all long-term debt with specified repayment terms:

| For The Year | General Obligation Bonds | | |
|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------|--|
| Ending June 30 | Principal | Interest | |
| | | | |
| 2016 | \$490,000 | \$238,668 | |
| 2017 | 510,000 | 217,344 | |
| 2018 | 535,000 | 196,564 | |
| 2019 | 555,000 | 176,234 | |
| 2020 | 575,000 | 154,802 | |
| 2021-2025 | 3,225,000 | 411,724 | |
| 2026 | 720,000 | 11,093 | |
| Total payments due | \$6,610,000 | \$1,406,429 | |

NOTE 8 – PENSION PLAN

A. Employee Retirement Plans

Employee Retirement Contribution Plan

As of July 1, 2004 employees of the City must participate in the retirement plan as follows:

Salary-Based Contribution System

The City makes monthly contributions to a 401a retirement plan for each regular employee and part time regular employees working a minimum of 20 hours per week. The contribution on behalf of each participant equal 10% of base earnings up to the maximum allowable by law. In addition, each participant may contribute up to 5% of earnings to the Plan and the City has elected to match such contribution by the same percentage.

Employees are fully vested in the City's contributions (and interest allocated to the employee's account) after five years of continuous service by the employee, with the exception of those employees over 50 years old who are fully vested from the first month of employment.

The Employer will have the right at any time to terminate the Plan by resolution of its governing board.

The City's total payroll in fiscal year 2015 was approximately \$3,625,860. Contributions to the Plan totaled \$543,879 by the City and \$182,923 by individuals during the year.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 8 - PENSION PLAN (Continued)

The following summarizes transactions in the Plan for the year ended June 30, 2015:

| Balance as of June 30, 2014 | \$8,846,435 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Contributions: | |
| Employer | 543,879 |
| Employee | 182,923 |
| Other additions, net | 28,163 |
| Disbursements, net | (129,230) |
| Earnings and dividends | 47,922 |
| Appreciation, net | 305,396 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2015 | \$9,825,488 |

Deferred Compensation Plan

All employees of the City are eligible to participate in a City sponsored deferred compensation plan ("the 457 plan"). The 457 plan provides for the deferral of a portion of the employees' compensation until retirement, termination, or certain other covered events. The assets of the 457 plan are held in trust for the exclusive benefit of plan participants.

Deferred contribution by a participant in any taxable year will not exceed the lessor of (1) the applicable dollar amount provided under Section 457(b)(2) of the Code (adjusted for cost of living under Section 457(e)(15) of the Code) or (2) 100% of the Participant's Includible Compensation. A Participant who has attained age 50 before the close of the calendar year may elect Age 50 Plus Catchup Contributions and commence making such contributions to his Participant Deferral Account.

The Employer will have the right at any time to terminate the Plan by resolution of its governing board.

Contributions to the Plan totaled \$161,913 by the City and \$208,901 by individuals during the year.

The following summarizes transactions in the 457 plan for the year ended June 30, 2015:

Defined contribution retirement plan:

| Balance as of June 30, 2014 | \$6,961,700 |
|-----------------------------|-------------|
| Contributions | 442,454 |
| Disbursements | (65,606) |
| Earnings | 34,136 |
| Appreciation | 269,932 |
| Balance as of June 30, 2015 | \$7,642,616 |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB)

Plan Description

The City's defined benefit post employment healthcare plan ("the OPEB plan"), provides medical benefits to eligible retired City employees.

Funding Policy

The City is required to contribute the *annual required contribution (ARC)* of the employer, an amount actuarially determined in accordance with the parameters of GASB Statement 45. The ARC represents a level of funding that, if paid on an ongoing basis, is projected to cover normal annual costs each year and amortize any unfunded actuarial liabilities (or funding excess) over a period not to exceed 30 years. Amounts funded in excess or under the ARC are recorded on the books as an OPEB asset or liability/obligation, respectively. On April 7, 2010, the City opened an irrevocable trust account under the California Employers' Retiree Benefit Trust Fund (CERBT) managed by CalPERS.

Annual OPEB Cost

The following table shows the components of the City's annual OPEB costs for 2015, the amount actually contributed to the OPEB plan, and changes in the City's net OPEB asset:

| Annual required contribution (ARC) | \$21,703 |
|--|-----------|
| Interest on Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) | 0 |
| Adjustment to annual required contribution | |
| Annual OPEB cost | 21,703 |
| Contributions made: | |
| Benefit payments | (17,503) |
| Total contributions | (17,503) |
| Net (increase) decrease in Net OPEB Asset | 4,200 |
| Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) at July 1, 2014 | (9,099) |
| Net OPEB Obligation (Asset) at June 30, 2015 | (\$4,899) |
| Percentage of ARC contributed | 81% |

The Plan's annual OPEB cost and act6ual contributions for fiscal years ended June 30, 2015, 2014, and 2013 are set forth below:

| | | | | Percentage of | Net OPEB |
|-------------|-------------------|-------------|--------------|---------------|-------------|
| Fiscal Year | Beginning Net | Annual OPEB | Actual | ARC | Asset |
| Ended | OPEB Asset | Cost | Contribution | Contributed | (Liability) |
| 6/30/2013 | (\$3,042) | \$25,700 | \$25,700 | 100% | (3,042) |
| 6/30/2014 | (3,042) | 21,703 | 27,760 | 128% | (9,099) |
| 6/30/2015 | (9,099) | 21,703 | 17,503 | 81% | (4,899) |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 9 – OTHER POST EMPLOYMENT BENEFITS (OPEB) (Continued)

Funding Status and Funding Progress

As of June 30, 2013, the most recent actuarial valuation date, the plan was 87% funded. The Actuarial Accrued Liability (AAL) for benefits was \$155,092 and the Actuarial Value of Plan Assets were \$134,334 resulting in an Unfunded Actuarial Accrued Liability (UAAL) of \$20,758. The covered payroll (annual payroll of active employees covered by the plan) was \$3,531,447 and the ratio of UAAL to the covered payroll was 0.59 percent.

Actuarial valuations for OPEB plans involves estimates of the value of the reported amounts and assumptions about the probability of events far into the future. These actuarially determined amounts are subject to continual revisions as actual results are compared to past expectations and new estimates are made about the future. The schedule of funding progress presented immediately following the financial statements as required supplementary information, presents multi-year trend information about whether the actuarial value of plan assets is increasing or decreasing over time relative to the actuarial accrued liability for benefits.

Actuarial Methods and Assumptions

Projections for benefits for financial reporting purposes are based on the substantive plan (the plan as understood by the employer and plan members) and include the types of benefits provided at the time of each valuation as well as the historical pattern of sharing benefit costs between the employer and plan members. The actuarial calculations of the OPEB plan reflect a long-term perspective. The actuarial methods and assumptions used include techniques that are designed to reduce short-term volatility in actuarial accrued liabilities and actuarial value of assets, consistent with the long-term perspective of the calculations.

The following is a summary of the actuarial assumptions and methods:

Valuation date July 1, 2013

Actuarial cost method Entry Age - Normal

Amortization method Level Percentage of payroll, open

Remaining amortization period 25 years

Asset valuation method 5 year smoothed market

Investment return 7.25%

Projected salary increases 2.75% annually
Cost of living adjustments 2.75% annually
Healthcare cost trend rate 4.0% annually

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES

Net Position is measured on the full accrual basis, while Fund Balance is measured on the modified accrual basis.

A. Net Position

Net Position is the excess of all the City's assets and deferred outflow over all its liabilities and deferred inflow, regardless of fund. Net Position are divided into three captions. These captions apply only to Net Position, which is determined only at the Government-wide level, and are described below:

Net Investment in Capital Assets describes the portion of Net Position which is represented by the current net book value of the City's capital assets, less the outstanding balance of any debt issued to finance these assets.

Restricted describes the portion of Net Position which is restricted as to use by the terms and conditions of agreements with outside parties, governmental regulations, laws, or other restrictions which the City cannot unilaterally alter. These principally include capital projects, debt service requirements, and special revenue programs restricted to special revenue purposes such as transportation grants and revenues, stormwater and COPs grants.

Unrestricted describes the portion of Net position which is not restricted to use.

B. Fund Balance

Governmental fund balances represent the net current assets of each fund. Net current assets generally represent a fund's cash and receivables, less its liabilities.

The City's fund balances are classified based on spending constraints imposed on the use of resources. For programs with multiple funding sources, the City prioritizes and expends funds in the following order: Restricted, Committed, Assigned, and Unassigned. Each category in the following hierarchy is ranked according to the degree of spending constraint:

Nonspendables represents balances set aside to indicate items that are not available, spendable resources even though they are a component of assets. Fund balances required to be maintained intact, such as Permanent Funds, and assets not expected to be converted to cash, such as prepaids, notes receivable, and land held for redevelopment are included. However, if proceeds realized from the sale or collection of nonspendable assets are restricted, committed or assigned, then Nonspendable amounts are required to be presented as a component of the applicable category.

Restricted fund balances have external restrictions imposed by creditors, grantors, contributors, laws, regulations, or enabling legislation which requires the resources to be used only for a specific purpose. Nonspendable amounts subject to restrictions are included along with spendable resources.

Committed fund balances are established, modified and rescinded by resolution of the City Council.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 10 – NET POSITION AND FUND BALANCES (Continued)

Assigned fund balances are amounts constrained by the City's intent to be used for a specific purpose, but are neither restricted nor committed. Intent is expressed by the City Council or its designee and may be changed at the discretion of the City Council or its designee. The City Manager is authorized to assign amounts to a specific purpose in accordance with the Municipal Code, Chapter 3.04 – Purchasing System approved by the City Council under Ordinance No. 231. This category includes encumbrances.

Unassigned fund balance represents residual amounts that have not been restricted, committed, or assigned. This includes the residual general fund balance and residual fund deficits, if any, of other governmental funds.

Detailed classifications of the City's Fund Balances, as of June 30, 2015, are below:

| Classifications | General Fund | Public Facilities Fund | Streets and Signals | Capital Projects Fund | Debt Service Fund | Non-Major Governmental Funds | Total Governmental Funds |
|---|-----------------|------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------|-------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------------------|
| • | rund | Fund | Signais | Fund | Fund | Funds | Fullus |
| Nonspendable: | ** * *** | | | | ** *** | | ***** |
| Prepaid Items | \$14,719 | | | | \$1,000 | \$209 | \$15,928 |
| Loans Receivable from Successor Agency | 6,071,643 | | | | | | 6,071,643 |
| Total Nonspendable | 6,086,362 | | | | 1.000 | 209 | 6,087,571 |
| Restricted: | 0,080,302 | | | | 1,000 | | 0,087,371 |
| CalRecycle Grant | 8,146 | | | | | | 8,146 |
| PEG Access | 14,964 | | | | | | 14,964 |
| Public Safety | , | | | | | 1,983,756 | 1,983,756 |
| Senior Transportation | | | | | | 49,161 | 49,161 |
| Low and Moderate Housing | | | | | | 1,115,757 | 1,115,757 |
| Streets and roads | | | | | | 1,893,656 | 1,893,656 |
| Assessment Districts | | | | | | 615,892 | 615,892 |
| Debt Service | | | | | 1,593,725 | | 1,593,725 |
| Total Restricted | 23,110 | | | | 1,593,725 | 5,658,222 | 7,275,057 |
| Committed: | | | | | | | |
| Reserve Emergency Contingency | 350,000 | | | | | | 350,000 |
| Youth Committee | 23,829 | | | | | | 23,829 |
| Environmental Task Force | 8,800 | | | | | | 8,800 |
| Bikeways Plan Update | 14,000 | | | | | | 14,000 |
| Stormwater Pollution | 110,000 | | | | | | 110,000 |
| PMP | 681,341 | | | | | | 681,341 |
| BART Pathway Project | 290,684 | | | | | | 290,684 |
| Public Art | 4,000 | | | | | | 4,000 |
| In Lieu Tree Program | 71,634 | | | | | | 71,634 |
| Library Maintenance | 250,000 | | | | | | 250,000 |
| Vacation/Sick Liability | 619,662 | | | | | | 619,662 |
| Reserve for PH Medians | 125,000 | | | | | | 125,000 |
| Traffic Calming EBMUD Path Woodbury Non-Routine Maintenance | 1,101 25,000 | | | | | | 1,101 25,000 |
| Reserve for Public Works Vehicles | 60,000 | | | | | | 60,000 |
| Reserve for Planning/Eng Vehicles | 70,000 | | | | | | 70,000 |
| Rsv Police Vehicles/Transition | 274,304 | | | | | | 274,304 |
| Computer Replacements | 40,000 | | | | | | 40,000 |
| GASB45 Reserve | 18,600 | | | | | | 18,600 |
| Ballfield Rehabilitation | 80,000 | | | | | | 80,000 |
| Capital Projects | 00,000 | \$112,857 | \$2,116,874 | \$4,086,046 | | | 6,315,777 |
| Total Committed | 3,117,955 | 112,857 | 2,116,874 | 4,086,046 | | | 9,433,732 |
| Unassigned: | | | | | | | |
| General Fund | 8,267,328 | | | | | | 8,267,328 |
| Total Unassigned | 8,267,328 | | | | | | 8,267,328 |
| Total Fund Balances | \$17,494,755 | \$112,857 | \$2,116,874 | \$4,086,046 | \$1,594,725 | \$5,658,431 | \$31,063,688 |
| • | | | | | | | |

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 11 – RISK MANAGEMENT

The City is a member of the Municipal Pooling Authority (MPA) based in Walnut Creek, California. The MPA provides coverage against the following types of loss risks under the terms of a joint-powers agreement with the City and several other cities and governmental agencies as follows:

| | Participating Cities Total | |
|----------------------------|----------------------------|------------------------|
| | Coverage | Deductible |
| All risk fire and property | \$1,000,000,000 | \$25,000 |
| Boiler and machinery | 100,000,000 | 5,000 |
| Liability | 29,000,000 | 5,000 |
| Auto-physical damage | 250,000 | 3,000 (Police), |
| | | 2,000 (other vehicles) |
| Workers' compensation | Statutory Limit | 0 |
| Cyber liability | 2,000,000 | 50,000 |
| Pollution liability | 1,000,000 | 100,000 |
| Crime | 1,000,000 | 10,000 |

The MPA is governed by a Board consisting of representatives from member municipalities. The Board controls the operations of the MPA, including selection of management and approval of operating budgets, independent of any influence by member municipalities beyond their representation on the Board.

The City's deposits with the MPA are in accordance with formulas established by the MPA. Actual surpluses or losses are shared according to a formula developed from overall loss costs and spread to member entities on a percentage basis after a retrospective rating.

Audited financial statements for the Authority are available from MPA, 1911 San Miguel Drive, Suite 200, Walnut Creek, CA 94596.

The total coverage includes the City's deductible, the portion underwritten by MPA, and the portion underwritten by other insurance companies. Management believes such coverage is sufficient to preclude any significant uninsured losses to the City. Settled claims have not exceeded this insurance coverage in any of the past three fiscal years by any significant amount.

The City did not record a liability for outstanding claims at fiscal year-end, as management believes that the claims were minimal.

Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 12 – LAMORINDA FEE AND FINANCING AUTHORITY AND LAMORINDA SCHOOL BUS TRANSPORTATION JOINT POWERS AUTHORITY'S

The Lamorinda Fee and Financing Authority (LFFA) was created when the City of Lafayette entered into a Joint Powers Agreement (JPA) with the cities of Moraga and Orinda to administer an adopted sub-regional transportation and traffic impact fee for the Lamorinda region under the authority of a Contra Costa County half cent sales tax measure adopted in 1988. Fees collected by the LFFA from new development are used to mitigate effects from increased traffic in the region. Complete financial statements of the LFFA are available at the City of Lafayette, 3675 Mt. Diablo Blvd., #210 Lafayette, CA 94549.

In 1994 the municipalities and school districts in the Lamorinda regions collaborated together to establish a school bus program for the purpose of traffic mitigation. The majority of our funds come from Measure J, a half-cent sales tax in Contra Costa County distributed by the Contra Costa Transportation Authority. The school bus program is governed by a Joint Powers Authority (JPA) called the Lamorinda School Bus Transportation Agency (LSBTA).

Complete financial statements of LSBTA are available at 3675 Mt. Diablo Blvd., #255 Lafayette, CA 94549.

NOTE 13 – COMMITMENT AND CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

The City participates in several Federal and State grant programs. These programs have been subjected to audits by the City's independent accountants in accordance with the provisions of the Federal Single Audit Act, as amended, and applicable State requirements. No cost disallowances were proposed as a result of these audits. However, these programs are still subject to further examination by the grantors and the amount, if any, of expenditures which may be disallowed by the granting agencies cannot be determined at this time. The City expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

The City is subject to litigation arising in the normal course of business. In the opinion of the City Attorney there is no pending litigation which is likely to have a material adverse effect on the financial position of the City.

NOTE 14 – RELATED PARTY TRANSACTION

In 1996, the City provided an incentive to the City Manager to reside within the City limits by taking a \$100,000 ownership share in the City Manager's principal residence. The City Manager's employment agreement includes a provision that transfers 1.18% of the house's value to the City Manager annually and the City Manager is responsible for applicable taxes and transaction costs for each equity transfer. As of June 30, 2015 the City had \$32,584 in remaining equity interest in the property with an approximate value of \$947,208.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Notes to Basic Financial Statements For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

NOTE 15 – SUBSEQUENT EVENT DISCLOSURE

Lafayette Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015 - The Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency of the City of Lafayette issued Lafayette Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2015, in the amount of \$20,685,000 during fiscal year 2016 to (1) refund the outstanding principal amount of the Lafayette Redevelopment Project Tax Allocation Refunding Bonds, Series 2005, (2) fund the prepayments for amounts due to the Lafayette Library and Learning Center Foundation, and (3) fund the deposit into the bond reserve accounts, and pay the cost of issuance. Interest payments are due February 1 and August 1 of each year commencing on February 1, 2016. Principal payments are due August 1 of each year.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

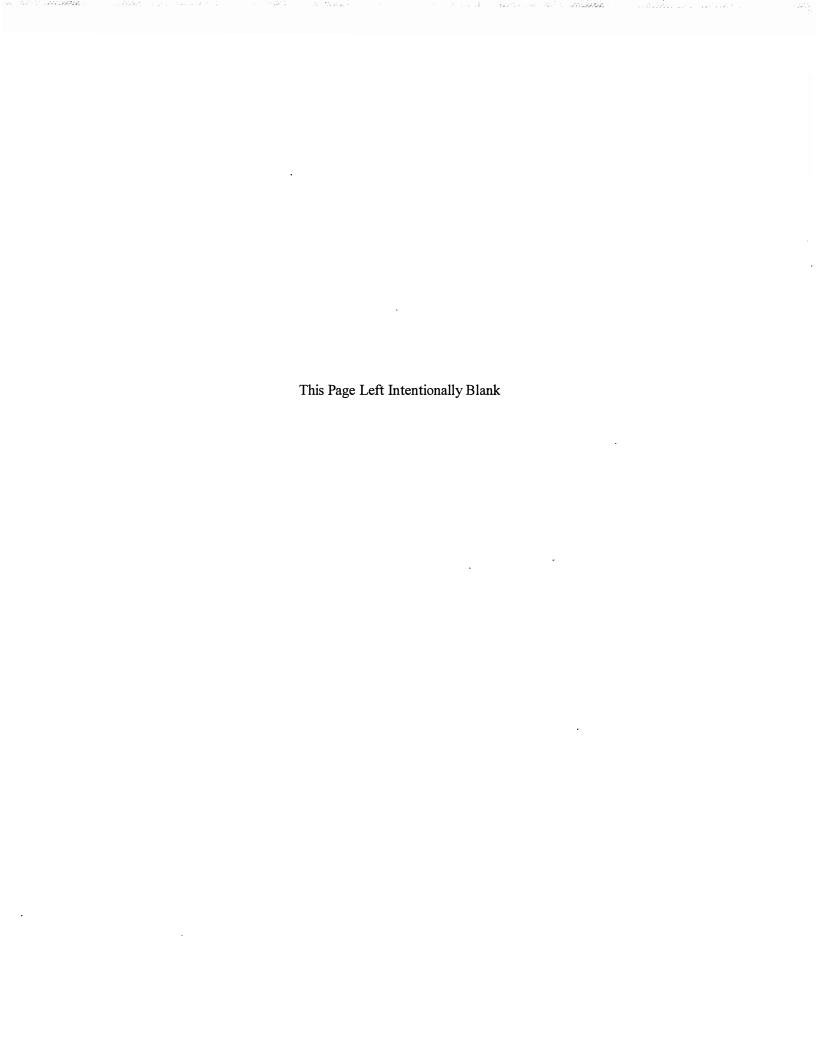
Other Postemployment Benefits Plan Schedule of Funding Progress

| | | | | | | Unfunded |
|-----------|-----------|-----------|---------------|--------|-------------|-----------------|
| | | | Overfunded | | | (Overfunded) |
| | | Entry Age | (Underfunded) | | | Actuarial |
| | Actuarial | Actuarial | Actuarial | | | Liability as |
| Actuarial | Value of | Accrued | Accrued | Funded | Covered | Percentage of |
| Valuation | Assets | Liability | Liability | Ratio | Payroll | Covered Payroll |
| Date | (A) | (B) | (A-B) | (A/B) | (C) | [(A-B)/C] |
| 1/1/2009 | \$0 | \$276,200 | (\$276,200) | 0% | \$3,874,700 | -7.13% |
| 7/1/2011 | 87,200 | 203,400 | (116,200) | 43% | 4,057,500 | -2.86% |
| 7/1/2013 | 134,334 | 155,092 | (20,758) | 87% | 3,531,447 | -0.59% |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Required Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

GENERAL FUND

The General Fund is the City's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the general government, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.



GENERAL FUND

SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE

BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | | | | Variance with |
|--|---------------|---------------|----------------|---------------------|
| | Budgeted A | Amounts | | Final Budget |
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | |
| Property | \$3,727,700 | \$3,785,210 | \$4,004,653 | \$219,443 |
| Sales | 2,873,400 | 2,873,400 | 2,876,935 | 3,535 |
| Other | 4,685,655 | 4,803,507 | 5,231,370 | 427,863 |
| Current service charges | 1,192,855 | 1,192,855 | 1,192,055 | (800) |
| Intergovernmental | | | 24,587 | 24,587 |
| Licenses and permits | 110,000 | 110,000 | 269,669 | 269,669 |
| Fines and forfeitures | 110,000 | 110,000 | 126,241 | 16,241 |
| Use of money and property | 139,525 | 97,355 | 165,266 | 67,911 |
| Miscellaneous | 744,341 | 741,200 | 905,564 | 164,364 |
| Total Revenues | 13,473,476 | 13,603,527 | 14,796,340 | 1,192,813 |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| City council, commissions, and community support | 1,402,077 | 1,515,707 | 1,198,457 | 317,250 |
| Police services | 4,713,747 | 4,709,915 | 4,550,675 | 159,240 |
| Public works | 1,817,115 | 1,852,727 | 1,440,157 | 412,570 |
| Library operations | 778,525 | 821,384 | 715,880 | 105,504 |
| Planning and engineering | 994,101 | 1,020,322 | 620,735 | 399,587 |
| Engineering | 90,745 | 88,146 | 249,096 | (160,950) |
| Administration | 2,209,916 | 2,249,773 | 2,070,041 | 179,732 |
| Total Expenditures | 12,006,226 | 12,257,974 | 10,845,041 | 1,412,933 |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | 1,467,250 | 1,345,553 | 3,951,299 | 2,605,746 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers in | 348,836 | 393,178 | | (393,178) |
| Transfers (out) | (3,092,314) | (2,926,110) | (2,532,519) | 393,591 |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | (2,743,478) | (2,532,932) | (2,532,519) | 413 |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (\$1,276,228) | (\$1,187,379) | 1,418,780 | \$2,606,159 |
| Beginning fund balance | | | 16,075,975 | |
| Ending fund balance | | | \$17,494,755 | |

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Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

PUBLIC FACILITIES FUND

Tracks costs associated with the purchase and repair of public buildings and construction of landscaping projects.

STREETS AND SIGNALS FUND

Tracks grants/funding contributions and costs associated with capital improvement projects: roads, drains, walkways, etc.

CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS

This fund accounts for the collection of resources and related expenditures on the acquisition and construction of major capital improvements in the City.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PUBLIC FACILITIES FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Budgeted | Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget | |
|--|-------------|-------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Positive (Negative) | |
| REVENUES: | #250 | #2.50 | # 000 | (407) | |
| Use of money and property Miscellaneous | \$250 | \$250 | \$223 7,966 | (\$27) 7,966 | |
| Total Revenues | 250 | 250 | 8,189 | 7,939 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Administration | 10,000 | 10.000 | 10.014 | (14) | |
| Capital outlay | 108,000 | 108,000 | 110,383 | (2,383) | |
| Total Expenditures | 118,000 | 118,000 | 120,397 | (2,397) | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (117,750) | (117,750) | (112,208) | 5,542 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 15,000 | 17,398 | 2,398 | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 15,000 | 17,398 | 2,398 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (\$117,750) | (\$102,750) | (94,810) | \$7,940 | |
| Beginning fund balance | | | 207,667 | | |
| Ending fund balance | | | \$112,857 | | |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE STREETS AND SIGNALS FUND SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Budgeted A | Amounts | | Variance with Final Budget | |
|--------------------------------------|---------------|---------------|----------------|----------------------------|--|
| | Original | Final | Actual Amounts | Positive (Negative) | |
| REVENUES: | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$131,785 | \$40,000 | \$409,977 | \$369,977 | |
| Intergovernmental | 777,000 | 777,000 | 580,286 | (196,714) | |
| Use of money and property | | | 2,105 | 2,105 | |
| Miscellaneous | 136,000 | 136,000 | 93,015 | (42,985) | |
| Total Revenues | 1,044,785 | 953,000 | 1,085,383 | 132,383 | |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | |
| Administration | 705,222 | 730,221 | 731,659 | (1,438) | |
| Capital outlay | 5,841,123 | 5,841,123 | 2,853,170 | 2,987,953 | |
| Total Expenditures | 6,546,345 | 6,571,344 | 3,584,829 | 2,986,515 | |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES | | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (5,501,560) | (5,618,344) | (2,499,446) | 3,118,898 | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | | |
| Transfers in | | 3,571,622 | 2,542,622 | (1,029,000) | |
| | | -,,- | | | |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | | 3,571,622 | 2,542,622 | (1,029,000) | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (\$5,501,560) | (\$2,046,722) | 43,176 | \$2,089,898 | |
| Beginning fund balance | | | 2,073,698 | | |
| Ending fund balance | | | \$2,116,874 | | |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE CAPITAL PROJECTS FUNDS SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Budgeted of Original | Amounts Final | Actual Amounts | Variance with Final Budget Positive (Negative) |
|--------------------------------------|----------------------|------------------|----------------|--|
| | | | | |
| REVENUES: | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$859,000 | \$859,000 | \$877,967 | \$18,967 |
| Intergovernmental | 241,251 | 241,251 | 193,001 | (48,250) |
| Use of money and property | 3,000 | 18,000 | 6,092 | (11,908) |
| Miscellaneous | 50,000 | 50,000 | 50,000 | |
| Total Revenues | 1,153,251 | 1,168,251 | 1,127,060 | (41,191) |
| EXPENDITURES: | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Administration | 158,146 | 152,448 | 191,518 | (39,070) |
| Capital outlay | 1,594,600 | 1,594,600 | 1,935,126 | (340,526) |
| | | | | (= 10,520) |
| Total Expenditures | 1,752,746 | 1,747,048 | 2,126,644 | (379,596) |
| EXCESS OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (500,405) | (579.707) | (000 594) | (420.797) |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | (599,495) | (578,797) | (999,584) | (420,787) |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers in | 348,836 | 393,178 | 64,725 | (328,453) |
| | | | | (,) |
| Total other financing sources (uses) | 348,836 | 393,178 | 64,725 | (328,453) |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE | (\$250,659) | (\$185,619) | (934,859) | (\$749,240) |
| | | | | |
| Beginning fund balance | | | 5,020,905 | |
| Ending fund balance | | | \$4,086,046 | |
| | | | | |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

OTHER GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

The City maintains the following Other Governmental Funds:

Special Revenue Funds

Parking Programs – This program is responsible for all aspects of City parking, including installation, enforcement and collection. This includes enforcement of city codes and ordinances in the downtown and neighborhoods, as well as, ensuring that conditions imposed on new construction are maintained.

Vehicle Abatement – This fund tracks the receipt of abandoned vehicle fees and the expenditures necessary for the removal and disposal of abandoned vehicles.

Senior Transportation – This program provides transportation options for senior and the disabled in Lafayette, Moraga and Orinda. Funding is provided through grants, contributions and rider fees.

Low and Moderate Income Housing - Tracks resources allocated to low and moderate income housing in Lafayette. This fund was formed in February 2012 when the City elected to be the housing successor agency on the tails of the dissolution of redevelopment agencies.

Gas Tax - Records and tracks gas tax monies received from the State of California under Street and Highways Code Sections 2105, 2106, 2107, 2107.5, and 7360. Revenue allocations are based on population. Eligible expenditure include the construction and maintenance of streets.

Measure J Return to Source – This fund accounts for the City's share of the proceeds of a one-half cent sales tax increase approved by Contra Costa County voters in 2004. Funds can be used for transportation purposes, including transportation planning and street construction and maintenance.

Supplemental Law Enforcement – This program provides supplemental law enforcement services to the City through funding provided by AB 3229. The City is required to use the revenue to provide front line municipal police services. Funding must be considered separate and apart from the general fund budget process.

Special Assessment Districts:

Street Lighting - This program provides funds through a maintenance district assessment process to maintain 82 street lights in eleven zones. The budget expense for street lights is not distributed by zone, since the assessments are not based on this budget, but rather on the rates charged by PG&E. Property assessments are collected and distributed to the City by the County.

Core Area Maintenance – The Core Area Maintenance District was formed to provide landscaping, street lighting, and general maintenance improvements in the downtown. An assessment based on a benefit formula is levied against each parcel within the District for the maintenance provided.

Stormwater Pollution – This fund accounts for revenues and expenditures associated with the annual assessment for the National Pollutant Discharge Elimination System created countywide in response to the 1972 Clean Water Act.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS COMBINING BALANCE SHEET JUNE 30, 2015

| ASSETS | Parking Programs | Vehicle Abatement | Senior Transportation | Low and Moderate Income Housing |
|---|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| Cash and investments | \$1,220,666 | | \$34,117 | |
| Restricted cash and investments | | \$30,835 | | |
| Accounts receivable | 12,794 | 2,871 | 16,891 | |
| Interest receivable | 136 | 6 | | |
| Prepaid items | 209 | | | ** *** |
| Loans receivable from Successor Agency | 734,909 | · | | \$1,115,757 |
| Total Assets | \$1,968,714 | \$33,712 | \$51,008 | \$1,115,757 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Unearned revenue | \$58,613 | | \$1,847 | |
| Total Liabilities | 58,613 | | 1,847 | |
| FUND BALANCES | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 209 | | | |
| Restricted | 1,909,892 | \$33,712 | 49,161 | \$1,115,757 |
| Total Fund Balances (Deficits) | 1,910,101 | 33,712 | 49,161 | 1,115,757 |
| Total Liabilities and Fund Balances | \$1,968,714 | \$33,712 | \$51,008 | \$1,115,757 |

| | | | A | Assessment District | ts | |
|--------------------|----------------------------|------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|--------------------------|--|
| Gas Tax | Measure J Return to Source | Supplemental Law Enforcement | Street Lighting | Core Area Maintenance | Stormwater Pollution | Total |
| \$1,483,617 380 | \$52,671 359,793 | \$29,131 11,021 | \$148,686 36 | \$206,763 455 133 | \$334,566 1,516 66 | \$1,254,783 2,286,269 405,341 757 209 1,850,666 |
| \$1,483,997 | \$412,464 | \$40,152 | \$148,722 | \$207,351 | \$336,148 | \$5,798,025 |
| | | | | \$70,927 | \$5,402 | \$136,789 |
| | | | | 70,927 | 5,402 | 136,789 |
| | | | | | | 209 |
| \$1,483,997 | 412,464 | \$40,152 | \$148,722 | 136,424 | 330,746 | 5,661,027 |
| 1,483,997 | 412,464 | 40,152 | 148,722 | 136,424 | 330,746 | 5,661,236 |
| \$1,483,997 | \$412,464 | \$40,152 | \$148,722 | \$207,351 | \$336,148 | \$5,798,025 |

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NON-MAJOR GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

COMBINING STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Parking Programs | Vehicle Abatement | Senior Transportation | Low and Moderate Income Housing |
|---------------------------------------|---------------------|----------------------|--------------------------|---------------------------------------|
| REVENUES | | | | |
| Property taxes Other taxes | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$221,561 | | \$29,947 | |
| Intergovernmental | | | 65,474 | |
| Licenses and permits | 25,757 | | | |
| Fines, forfeitures and penalties | 178,920 | \$11,245 | | |
| Use of money and property | 34,639 | 22 | 14.502 | |
| Miscellaneous | 67,454 | | 14,793 | |
| Total Revenues | 528,331 | 11,267 | 110,214 | |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | |
| Current: | | | | |
| Police services | | 6,961 | | |
| Parking services | 449,615 | | | |
| Public works | | | | |
| Senior transportation | | | 131,819 | |
| Engineering | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 449,615 | 6,961 | 131,819 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES | | | | |
| OVER EXPENDITURES | 78,716 | 4,306 | (21,605) | |
| OVER EM ENDITORES | 70,710 | 4,500 | (21,003) | |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) | | | | |
| Transfers in | 450,000 | | 40,000 | |
| Transfers (out) | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 450,000 | | 40,000 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | 528,716 | 4,306 | 18,395 | |
| BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (As restated) | 1,381,385 | 29,406 | 30,766 | \$1,115,757 |
| ENDING FUND BALANCES | \$1,910,101 | \$33,712 | \$49,161 | \$1,115,757 |

| | | | | Assessment Districts | | |
|-------------|----------------------------------|------------------------------------|--------------------|--------------------------|-------------------------|--|
| Gas Tax | Measure J Return to Source | Supplemental Law Enforcement | Street Lighting | Core Area Maintenance | Stormwater Pollution | Total |
| \$703,594 | \$515,808 | \$113,973 | \$20,078 | \$221,589 | \$366,663 | \$608,330 \$1,219,402 251,508 179,447 25,757 |
| 1,287 | 4 4 | | 122 | 458 | 258 5,470 | 190,165 36,790 104,959 |
| 704,881 | 530,953 | 113,973 | 20,200 | 224,148 | 372,391 | 2,616,358 |
| | 68,717 | 498,774 | 13,201 | 383,989 | 372,708 | 505,735 449,615 769,898 131,819 68,717 |
| | 68,717 | 498,774 | 13,201 | 383,989 | 372,708 | 1,925,784 |
| 704,881 | 462,236 | (384,801) | 6,999 | (159,841) | (317) | 690,574 |
| (1,000,000) | (66,000) | 398,774 | | 115,000 | | 1,003,774 (1,066,000) |
| (1,000,000) | (66,000) | 398,774 | | 115,000 | | (62,226) |
| (295,119) | 396,236 | 13,973 | 6,999 | (44,841) | (317) | 628,348 |
| 1,779,116 | 16,228 | 26,179 | 141,723 | 181,265 | 331,063 | 5,032,888 |
| \$1,483,997 | \$412,464 | \$40,152 | \$148,722 | \$136,424 | \$330,746 | \$5,661,236 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | PARKING PROGRAMS | | VEHICLE ABATEMENT | | | |
|---|------------------|-------------|------------------------------------|----------|----------|------------------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES Proporty toyog | | | | | | |
| Property taxes Other taxes | | | | | | |
| Charges for services | \$200,000 | \$221,561 | \$21,561 | \$11,050 | | (\$11,050) |
| Intergovernmental | 4 , | | . , | . , | | (, , , |
| Licenses and permits | 24,000 | 25,757 | 1,757 | • | | |
| Fines, forfeitures and penalties | 250,000 | 178,920 | (71,080) | | \$11,245 | 11,245 |
| Use of money and property | 34,600 | 34,639 | 39 | | 22 | 22 |
| Miscellaneous | | 67,454 | 67,454 | , , | | |
| Total Revenues | 508,600 | 528,331 | 19,731 | 11,050 | 11,267 | 217 |
| EXPENDITURES | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Police services | | | | 8,338 | 6,961 | 1,377 |
| Parking services | 358,366 | 449,615 | (91,249) | -, | -, | -, |
| Public works | , | | , , , | | | |
| Senior transportation | | | | | | |
| Engineering | | | | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 358,366 | 449,615 | (91,249) | 8,338 | 6,961 | 1,377 |
| EVODOS (DEDVOVENICAS) OF DEVENIATES | | | | | | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 150,234 | 78,716 | (71,518) | 2,712 | 4,306 | 1,594 |
| OVEREMENDITORES | 130,234 | 70,710 | (71,510) | 2,712 | 4,500 | 1,554 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in | 450,000 | 450,000 | | | | |
| Transfers out | 450,000 | 450,000 | | | | |
| Transfeld Gut | | | | | | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | 450,000 | 450,000 | , | | | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$600,234 | 528,716 | (\$71,518) | \$2,712 | 4,306 | \$1,594 |
| BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 1,381,385 | | | 29,406 | |
| ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | \$1,910,101 | | _ | \$33,712 | |

LOW AND MODERATE **SENIOR** TRANSPORTATION INCOME HOUSING **GAS TAX** Variance Variance Variance Positive Positive Positive Budget Actual (Negative) Budget Actual (Negative) Budget Actual (Negative) \$617,624 \$703,594 \$85,970 \$13,046 \$29,947 \$16,901 47,616 65,474 17,858 14,793 27,660 (12,867)1,287 1,287 110,214 21,892 617,624 704,881 87,257 88,322 \$7,000 \$7,000 35,962 167,781 131,819 35,962 7,000 7,000 167,781 131,819 7,000 (7,000)617,624 (79,459)(21,605)57,854 704,881 87,257 40,000 40,000 (1,779,000)(1,000,000)779,000 40,000 40,000 (1,779,000) (1,000,000)779,000 (\$39,459) 18,395 \$57,854 (\$7,000) \$7,000 (\$1,161,376) (295,119) \$866,257 30,766 1,779,116 \$1,115,757 \$49,161 \$1,115,757 \$1,483,997 (Continued)

BUDGETED NON-MAJOR FUNDS

COMBINING SCHEDULE OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES

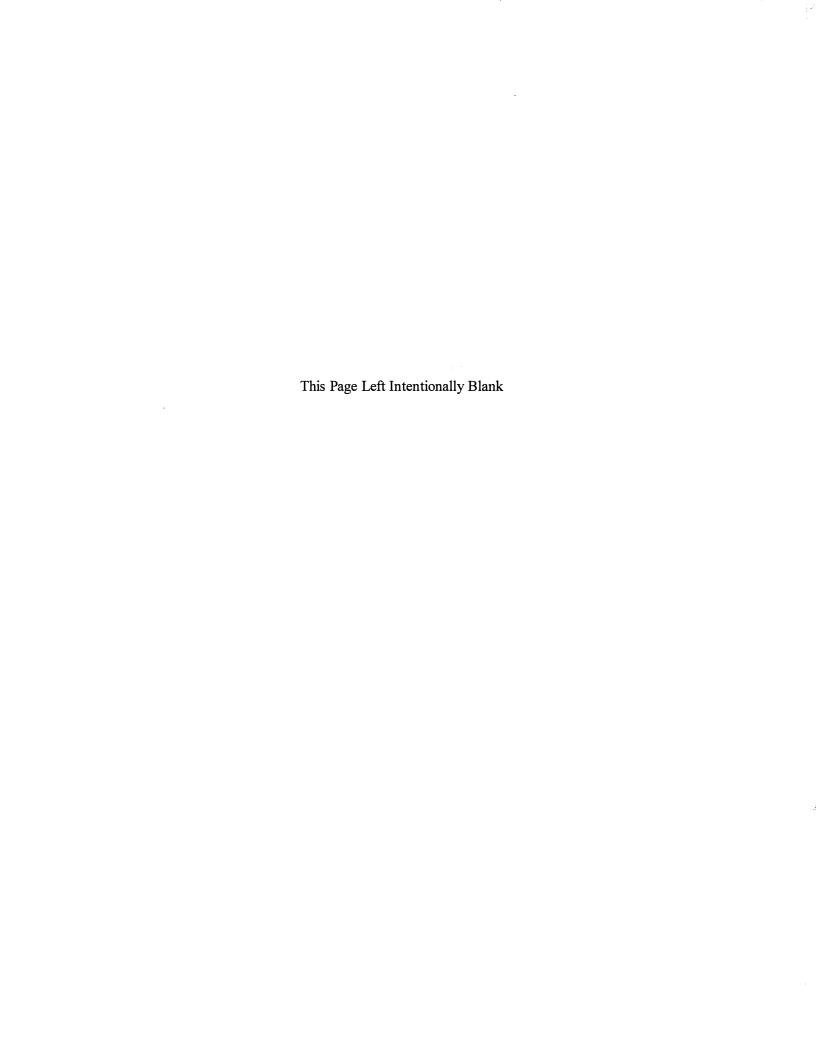
AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES BUDGET AND ACTUAL

FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | RET | MEASURE J URN TO SOU | RCE | SUPPLEMENTAL LAW ENFORCEMENT | | |
|--|-----------|-------------------------|------------------------------|---------------------------------|-----------|------------------------------------|
| | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Variance Positive (Negative) |
| REVENUES Property taxes Other taxes Charges for services Intergovernmental Licenses and permits Fines, forfeitures and penalties | \$430,000 | \$515,808 | \$85,808 | \$100,000 | \$113,973 | \$13,973 |
| Use of money and property Miscellaneous | | 4 15,141 | 4 15,141 | | | |
| Total Revenues | 430,000 | 530,953 | 100,953 | 100,000 | 113,973 | 13,973 |
| EXPENDITURES Current: Police services Parking services Public works Senior transportation | | | | 498,774 | 498,774 | |
| Engineering | 103,568 | 68,717 | 34,851 | | | |
| Total Expenditures | 103,568 | 68,717 | | 498,774 | 498,774 | |
| EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER EXPENDITURES | 326,432 | 462,236 | 135,804 | (398,774) | (384,801) | 13,973 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers in Transfers out | (316,000) | (66,000) | 250,000 | 398,774 | 398,774 | |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (316,000) | (66,000) | 250,000 | 398,774 | 398,774 | |
| NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES | \$10,432 | 396,236 | \$385,804 | | 13,973 | \$13,973 |
| BEGINNING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | 16,228 | | | 26,179 | |
| ENDING FUND BALANCES (DEFICITS) | | \$412,464 | | : | \$40,152 | |

ASSESSMENT DISTRICTS

| STI | REET LIGHTI | NG | CORE A | AREA MAINTI | ENANCE | STORM | MWATER POLLUTION | |
|-----------|-------------|------------------------|------------|-------------|------------------------|------------|------------------|------------------------|
| | | Variance | | | Variance | | | Variance |
| Budget | Actual | Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Positive (Negative) | Budget | Actual | Positive (Negative) |
| Dudget | Actual | (Ivegative) | Budget | Actual | (Ivegative) | Dudget | Actual | (ivegative) |
| \$19,582 | \$20,078 | \$496 | \$219,090 | \$221,589 | \$2,499 | \$386,685 | \$366,663 | (\$20,022) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| | 122 | 122 | 560 | 458 | (102) | 278 | 258 | (20) |
| | | | 14,890 | 2,101 | (12,789) | 20,386 | 5,470 | (14,916) |
| 19,582 | 20,200 | 618 | 234,540 | 224,148 | (10,392) | 407,349 | 372,391 | (34,958) |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 25,000 | 13,201 | 11,799 | 388,803 | 383,989 | 4,814 | 460,472 | 372,708 | 87,764 |
| | | | | | | | | |
| 25,000 | 13,201 | 11,799 | 388,803 | 383,989 | 4,814 | 460,472 | 372,708 | 87,764 |
| (5,418) | 6,999 | 12,417 | (154,263) | (159,841) | (5,578) | (53,123) | (317) | 52,806 |
| | | | 115,000 | 115,000 | | | | |
| | | | 115,000 | 115,000 | | | | |
| (\$5,418) | 6,999 | \$12,417 | (\$39,263) | (44,841) | (\$5,578) | (\$53,123) | (317) | \$52,806 |
| | 141,723_ | | | 181,265 | | | 331,063 | |
| | \$148,722 | | | \$136,424 | | | \$330,746 | |



CITY OF LAFAYETTE Supplemental Information For the Year Ended June 30, 2015

FIDUCIARY FUNDS

GASB Statement 34 requires that Pension Funds and Agency Funds be presented separately form the Government-wide and Fund financial statements.

PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUNDS

Successor Agency to the Redevelopment Agency Private Purpose Trust Fund

Redevelopment Agency - Tracks costs and revenues associated with the Successor Agency to the former Lafayette Redevelopment Agency.

Redevelopment Debt Service - Tracks all outstanding debt obligations for the Successor Agency to the former Lafayette Redevelopment Agency tax increment bonds.

AGENCY FUNDS

Lamorinda Fee and Financing Authority – In 1986, the Cities of Lafayette and Orinda and the Town of Moraga entered into a joint powers agreement for the purpose of assessing transportation fees in accordance with the impact of new developments in Lamorinda. As the Treasurer for this agency, this fund is maintained to track fees from Lafayette, Moraga, and Orinda, as well as their expenditure on joint jurisdictional projects that address various bicycle, pedestrian, road, and signal projects as described in the LFFA Expenditure Plan.

Lamorinda School Bus Transportation – In 1994 the cities and school district in Lafayette, Moraga and Orinda entered into a joint powers agreement (JPA) for the purpose of overseeing and operating a joint school bus program to serve K-8 students in order to relieve traffic congestion. The JPA was revised n 2007 to include high school students. It was revised again in 2009 to include three years of bus service for the Piedmont Unified School District while it retrofitted three elementary schools; this agreement ended in June 2012. The City of Lafayette is the Treasurer for this agency and in this capacity, maintains a fund to track the sources and uses of program monies.

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Redevelopment Agency | Redevelopment Debt Service | Total |
|---|---|----------------------------------|--|
| ASSETS | | | |
| Restricted cash and investments held by fiscal agents Interest receivable | \$1,650,846 40 | \$2,228,081 | \$3,878,927 40 |
| Total Assets | \$1,650,886 | \$2,228,081 | \$3,878,967 |
| LIABILITIES | | | |
| Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Interest payable Unearned revenue Loan payable to the Learning Center Foundation Loans payable to the City Long-term debt - due in less than one year Long-term debt - due in more than one year | \$28,842 484,707 1,648,130 15,519,728 7,922,309 | \$310,000 23,785,000 | \$28,842 484,707 1,648,130 15,519,728 7,922,309 310,000 23,785,000 |
| Total Liabilities | 25,603,716 | 24,095,000 | 49,698,716 |
| NET POSITION | | | |
| Held in trust for private purpose | (\$23,952,830) | (\$21,866,919) | (\$45,819,749) |

SUCCESSOR AGENCY TO THE REDEVELOPMENT AGENCY PRIVATE PURPOSE TRUST FUND COMBINING SCHEDULE OF CHANGES IN NET POSITION FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

| | Redevelopment Agency | Redevelopment Debt Service | Total |
|--|----------------------|----------------------------|--------------------------|
| ADDITIONS | | | |
| Property taxes Investment income | \$3,095,952 134 | \$563 | \$3,095,952 \$697 |
| Total Additions | 3,096,086 | 563 | 3,096,649 |
| DEDUCTIONS | | | |
| Administration Interest expense and fiscal charges | 88,307 1,100,532 | 1,104,143 | 88,307 2,204,675 |
| Total Deductions | 1,188,839 | 1,104,143 | 2,292,982 |
| OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES): Transfers in Transfers (out) | (1,767,843) | 1,767,843 | 1,767,843 (1,767,843) |
| Total Other Financing Sources (Uses) | (1,767,843) | 1,767,843 | |
| Change in Net Position | 139,404 | 664,263 | 803,667 |
| BEGINNING NET POSITION (DEFICITS) (As restated) | (24,092,234) | (22,531,182) | (46,623,416) |
| ENDING NET POSITION (DEFICITS) | (\$23,952,830) | (\$21,866,919) | (\$45,819,749) |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE AGENCY FUNDS STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN ASSETS AND LIABILITIES FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

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| | Balance June 30, 2014 | Additions | Reductions | Balance June 30, 2015 |
|--|-----------------------|------------------------|-----------------------|--------------------------|
| Lamorinda Fee and Financing Authority | _ | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments Receivables: | \$263,560 | \$291,775 | \$263,560 | \$291,775 |
| Accounts Interest | 7,493 32 | 480 35 | 7,493 32 | 480 35 |
| Total Assets | \$271,085 | \$292,290 | \$271,085 | \$292,290 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable Due to members | \$3,820 267,265 | \$292,290 | \$3,820 267,265 | \$292,290 |
| Total Liabilities | \$271,085 | \$292,290 | \$271,085 | \$292,290 |
| Lamorinda School Bus Transportation Agency | | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments Receivables: | \$781,210 | \$1,051,204 | \$781,210 | \$1,051,204 |
| Accounts Interest | 87,845 190 | 32,445 209 | 87,845 190 | 32,445 209 |
| | | | | |
| Total Assets | \$869,245 | \$1,083,858 | \$869,245 | \$1,083,858 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable Due to members | \$82,309 786,936 | \$253,634 830,224 | \$82,309 786,936 | \$253,634 830,224 |
| Total Liabilities | \$869,245 | \$1,083,858 | \$869,245 | \$1,083,858 |
| All Agency Funds | - | | | |
| ASSETS | | | | |
| Cash and investments Receivables: | \$1,044,770 | \$1,342,979 | \$1,044,770 | \$1,342,979 |
| Accounts Interest | 95,338 222 | 32,925 244 | 95,338 222 | 32,925 244 |
| Total Assets | \$1,140,330 | \$1,376,148 | \$1,140,330 | \$1,376,148 |
| LIABILITIES | | | | |
| Accounts payable Due to members | \$86,129 1,054,201 | \$253,634 1,122,514 | \$86,129 1,054,201 | \$253,634 1,122,514 |
| Total Liabilities | \$1,140,330 | \$1,376,148 | \$1,140,330 | \$1,376,148 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE STATISTICAL SECTION

This part of the City's Comprehensive Annual Financial Report presents detailed information as a context for understanding what the information in the financial statements, note disclosures, and required supplementary information says about the City's overall financial health. In contrast to the financial section, the statistical section information is not subject to independent audit.

Financial Trends

These schedules contain trend information to help the reader understand how the City's financial performance and well being have changed over time:

- 1. Government-Wide Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 2. Government-Wide Expenses by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 3. General Governmental Revenues by Source Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 4. Tax Revenue By Source Last Ten Fiscal Years

Revenue Capacity

These schedules contain information to help the reader assess the City's most significant local revenue sources, the property tax and sales tax:

- 1. General Governmental Expenditures by Function Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 2. Net Position by Component
- 3. Changes in Net Position
- 4. Fund Balances of Governmental Funds
- 5. Changes in Fund Balances of Governmental Funds Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 6. Assessed Value and Estimated Actual Value of Taxable Property
- 7. Direct and Overlapping Property Tax Rates Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 8. Principal Sales Tax Producers
- 9. Principal Property Taxpayers
- 10. Property Tax Levies & Collections

Debt Capacity

These schedules present information to help the reader assess the affordability of the City's current levels of outstanding debt and the City's ability to issue additional debt in the future:

- 1. Ratio of Debt Outstanding Last Ten Fiscal Years
- 2. Direct and Overlapping Debt
- 3. Legal Debt Margin Information
- 4. Pledged-Revenue Coverage

Demographic and Economic Information

These schedules offer demographic and economic indicators to help the reader understand the environment within which the City's financial activities take place:

- 1. Demographic Statistics
- 2. Annual Average Employment and Unemployment Rates
- 3. Principal Employers
- 4. Full-Time Equivalent City Government Employees by Function

Operating Information

These schedules contain service and infrastructure data to help the reader understand how the information in the City's financial report relates to the services the City provides and the activities it performs:

- 1. Operating Indicators by Function/Program
- 2. Capital Asset Statistics by Function Last Ten Years
- 3. Miscellaneous Statistical Data

CITY OF LAFAYETTE GOVERNMENT-WIDE REVENUES BY SOURCE LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Program Revenues

Operating

| Fiscal Year | Charges for Service | Operating Grants and Contribution | Capital Grants and Contributions |
|-------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|-------------------------------------|
| 2006 | 2,370,303 | 100,000 | 18,531,379 |
| 2007 | 2,730,697 | 100,000 | 567,145 |
| 2008 | 2,411,113 | 200,000 | 480,107 |
| 2009 | 2,008,121 | 149,609 | 1,472,741 |
| 2010 | 2,025,983 | 149,609 | 1,356,377 |
| 2011 | 2,296,083 | 149,609 | 365,208 |
| 2012 | 2,724,526 | 149,609 | 2,231,839 |
| 2013 | 4,500,112 | 100,000 | 848,918 |
| 2014 | 3,609,626 | 179,938 | 533,050 |
| 2015 | 4,643,362 | 751,836 | 893,741 |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department.

General Revenues

| | Unrestricted Investment | | | |
|------------|----------------------------|-----------|--------------|--------------|
| Taxes | Earnings | Other | Transfers In | Total |
| 13,794,382 | 1,116,533 | 268,290 | 20,000 | \$36,180,887 |
| 15,092,582 | 1,656,880 | 729,239 | 20,000 | \$20,876,543 |
| 15,194,140 | 1,888,359 | 863,279 | 20,000 | \$21,036,998 |
| 15,769,370 | 1,222,093 | 645,715 | 20,000 | \$21,267,649 |
| 15,689,214 | 698,747 | 815,830 | 20,000 | \$20,735,760 |
| 15,896,272 | 660,086 | 1,305,381 | 25,000 | \$20,672,639 |
| 15,524,289 | 590,727 | 958,823 | 30,000 | \$22,179,813 |
| 13,002,734 | 157,127 | 1,547,216 | 30,000 | \$20,156,107 |
| 13,766,349 | 149,827 | 1,963,638 | 30,000 | \$20,202,428 |
| 14,755,023 | 212,167 | 493,248 | 30,000 | \$21,749,377 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE GOVERNMENT-WIDE EXPENSES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

City Council,
Commissions &

| Fiscal Year | Community Support | Administration | Police Services | Public Works |
|-------------|----------------------|----------------|-----------------|--------------|
| 2006 | 1,012,155 | 2,514,499 | 3,195,198 | 2,584,279 |
| 2007 | 974,170 | 3,183,659 | 3,424,615 | 3,125,884 |
| 2008 | 1,840,706 | 3,524,051 | 3,635,692 | 2,470,211 |
| 2009 | 1,087,322 | 3,457,033 | 3,880,430 | 2,342,472 |
| 2010 | 1,055,156 | 3,407,361 | 3,850,434 | 2,300,946 |
| 2011 | 1,051,368 | 3,012,061 | 3,879,299 | 2,394,348 |
| 2012 | 1,156,123 | 2,660,629 | 3,917,326 | 2,250,034 |
| 2013 | 1,187,756 | 3,411,836 | 4,020,045 | 3,332,889 |
| 2014 | 1,262,843 | 3,815,040 | 3,987,257 | 2,475,665 |
| 2015 *** | 1,207,205 | 2,064,648 | 5,272,182 | 2,053,516 |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department.

^{*} The Redevelopment Agency was dissolved as of January 31, 2012.

^{**} Comprises parking services, senior transportation, and library operations

^{***} Infrastructure as its own program was found to be incorrect per the Governmental Accounting Stanc

| | Planning & | Debt | | Recreation | |
|----------------|-------------|-----------|-----------|-----------------|--------------|
| Infrastructure | Engineering | Service | Other ** | Programs | <u>Total</u> |
| 2,180,702 | 1,405,650 | 1,113,408 | 8,081,870 | 1,051,031 | \$23,138,792 |
| 2,629,425 | 1,385,661 | 1,287,148 | 327,034 | 1,022,612 | \$17,360,208 |
| 2,868,201 | 1,630,903 | 1,774,358 | 303,832 | 1,000,401 | \$19,048,355 |
| 3,187,402 | 1,447,089 | 2,632,165 | 3,240,664 | 924,163 | \$22,198,740 |
| 3,334,599 | 2,770,095 | 3,067,390 | 855,004 | 950,791 | \$21,591,776 |
| 4,166,614 | 1,710,675 | 3,150,305 | 1,122,154 | 983,652 | \$21,470,476 |
| 3,412,239 | 1,969,349 | 2,101,477 | 771,003 | 963,224 | \$19,201,404 |
| 3,790,761 | 1,103,616 | 284,950 | 932,134 | 988,395 | \$19,052,382 |
| 4,649,195 | 841,799 | 271,508 | 1,093,381 | 1,064,898 | \$19,461,586 |
| N/A | 6,691,105 | 252,475 | 1,297,309 | 1,224,490 | \$20,062,930 |

lards Board and was rolled into Planning & Engineering.

CITY OF LAFAYETTE
GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL REVENUES BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Year | Taxes | Parking | Intergovernmental | Charges for Services |
|-------------|------------|---------|-------------------|-------------------------|
| | | | | |
| 2006 | 13,235,389 | 138,715 | 18,226,711 | 1,036,314 |
| 2007 | 14,649,404 | 146,410 | 667,145 | 1,217,371 |
| 2008 | 14,710,472 | 199,507 | 680,107 | 1,023,816 |
| 2009 | 15,178,772 | 214,306 | 1,622,350 | 883,947 |
| 2010 | 14,593,027 | 198,424 | 1,505,986 | 813,698 |
| 2011 | 15,186,756 | 296,088 | 514,817 | 925,951 |
| 2012 | 14,756,473 | 327,353 | 2,381,448 | 1,268,191 |
| 2013 | 13,473,632 | 226,092 | 948,918 | 1,247,703 |
| 2014 | 13,766,347 | 242,324 | 712,989 | 1,478,690 |
| 2015* | 14,755,023 | N/A | 977,321 | 2,731,507 |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department

^{*} In 2015, parking and developer fees were consolidated into the charges for service category, while license and permit revenue was broken out from charges for services.

| Licenses and | Fines and | Investment | Developer | | Total |
|----------------|-------------|------------|-----------|---------------|--------------|
| Permits | Forfeitures | Income | Fees | Miscellaneous | Revenues |
| | | | | | |
| N/A | 407,925 | 1,486,204 | 211,501 | 672,958 | \$35,415,717 |
| N/A | 308,754 | 1,956,099 | 399,061 | 729,238 | \$20,073,482 |
| N/A | 295,989 | 1,888,359 | 342,152 | 863,279 | \$20,003,681 |
| N/A | 387,319 | 1,222,093 | 168,502 | 645,715 | \$20,323,004 |
| N/A | 437,299 | 698,747 | 234,357 | 815,831 | \$19,297,369 |
| N/A | 423,893 | 660,086 | 269,231 | 1,305,380 | \$19,582,202 |
| N/A | 451,506 | 590,727 | 377,462 | 958,823 | \$21,111,983 |
| N/A | 382,008 | 157,127 | 1,558,694 | 1,547,216 | \$19,541,390 |
| N/A | 371,372 | 182,394 | 416,968 | 1,931,070 | \$19,102,154 |
| 295,426 | 316,406 | 212,167 | N/A | 1,161,504 | \$20,449,354 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE
TAX REVENUE BY SOURCE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| Fiscal Year | Property | Sales & Use | Motor vehicle in- lieu tax | Transient Occupancy |
|-------------|-----------|-------------|-------------------------------|------------------------|
| | | | | |
| 2006 | 5,823,685 | 2,513,865 | 2,229,873 | 581,080 |
| 2007 | 7,297,461 | 2,621,785 | 1,879,161 | 628,571 |
| 2008 | 7,300,248 | 2,645,234 | 1,949,901 | 615,415 |
| 2009 | 8,042,309 | 2,394,096 | 2,036,467 | 493,812 |
| 2010 | 7,372,494 | 2,261,525 | 2,089,830 | 413,796 |
| 2011 | 7,680,137 | 2,218,200 | 2,149,290 | 451,157 |
| 2012 | 6,763,452 | 2,561,057 | 2,035,206 | 522,777 |
| 2013 | 5,259,337 | 2,667,194 | 2,058,283 | 562,018 |
| 2014 | 5,102,514 | 2,756,952 | 2,176,084 | 630,576 |
| 2015 | 5,427,316 | 2,876,935 | 2,343,990 | 701,718 |
| Change | | | | |
| 2006-2015 | -6.8% | 14.4% | 5.1% | 20.8% |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department

| | Property | | | |
|-----------|----------|---------|-----------|-----------------------|
| Franchise | Transfer | Gas Tax | Measure J | Total Revenues |
| | | | | |
| 981,538 | 279,879 | 452,469 | 373,000 | \$13,235,389 |
| 1,093,899 | 284,441 | 451,046 | 393,040 | \$14,649,404 |
| 1,140,008 | 215,548 | 442,236 | 401,882 | \$14,710,472 |
| 1,296,308 | 155,934 | 404,980 | 354,866 | \$15,178,772 |
| 1,538,647 | 177,851 | 401,734 | 337,150 | \$14,593,027 |
| 1,598,142 | 170,178 | 578,865 | 340,787 | \$15,186,756 |
| 1,609,145 | 207,002 | 690,985 | 366,849 | \$14,756,473 |
| 1,622,330 | 237,799 | 580,172 | 486,499 | \$13,473,632 |
| 1,664,512 | 292,045 | 744,128 | 399,536 | \$13,766,347 |
| 1,836,029 | 349,633 | 703,594 | 515,808 | \$14,755,023 |
| | | • | | |
| | | | | |
| 87.1% | 24.9% | 55.5% | 38.3% | 11.5% |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE GENERAL GOVERNMENTAL EXPENDITURES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Council, Commissions, &

| | Community | | | Planning & | |
|-------------|-----------|------------------------|---------------------|-------------|----------------|
| Fiscal Year | Support | Police Services | Public Works | Engineering | Administration |
| 2006 | 1,012,155 | 3,284,740 | 2,597,613 | 1,571,233 | 2,572,423 |
| 2007 | 974,170 | 3,459,558 | 2,604,282 | 1,378,713 | 3,166,588 |
| 2008 | 1,840,706 | 3,563,952 | 2,480,845 | 1,628,148 | 3,432,746 |
| 2009 | 1,087,322 | 3,837,921 | 2,329,401 | 1,439,204 | 3,400,568 |
| 2010 | 1,055,156 | 3,825,308 | 2,289,105 | 2,770,095 | 3,371,846 |
| 2011 | 1,051,368 | 3,837,772 | 2,367,914 | 1,710,675 | 2,967,272 |
| 2012 | 1,156,123 | 3,865,518 | 2,221,207 | 1,969,349 | 2,587,138 |
| 2013 | 1,187,756 | 3,973,124 | 3,312,392 | 1,103,616 | 3,398,415 |
| 2014 | 1,262,843 | 3,945,555 | 2,462,591 | 831,314 | 3,815,664 |
| 2015 * | 1,198,457 | 5,056,410 | 2,210,055 | 1,871,739 | 2,070,041 |
| | | | | | |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department.

^{*} Insurance & Claims combined with Administration. Rent & Other Expenses represents the costs for parking, senior

| Capital Projects | Debt Service | Rent & Other Expenses | Insurance & Claims | Total |
|---|--|--|---|--|
| Capital Flojects | <u> </u> | Likpenses | | |
| 9,181,056 | 6,950,704 | 685,786 | 183,694 | \$28,039,404 |
| 7,172,188 | 1,998,985 | 222,893 | 103,492 | \$21,080,869 |
| 15,923,167 | 2,202,864 | 233,961 | 69,871 | \$31,376,260 |
| 17,363,838 | 2,898,962 | 3,130,247 | 110,417 | \$35,597,880 |
| 14,260,968 | 3,715,617 | 751,333 | 103,672 | \$32,143,100 |
| 8,559,572 | 3,844,398 | 1,050,903 | 71,251 | \$25,461,125 |
| 3,847,573 | 3,320,059 | 735,352 | 35,651 | \$19,737,970 |
| 2,999,602 | 798,914 | 748,289 | 183,845 | \$17,705,953 |
| 5,838,737 | 731,525 | 798,936 | 181,460 | \$19,868,625 |
| 4,898,679 | 732,338 | 1,297,314 | N/A | \$19,335,033 |
| 7,172,188 15,923,167 17,363,838 14,260,968 8,559,572 3,847,573 2,999,602 5,838,737 | 1,998,985 2,202,864 2,898,962 3,715,617 3,844,398 3,320,059 798,914 731,525 | 222,893 233,961 3,130,247 751,333 1,050,903 735,352 748,289 798,936 | 103,492 69,871 110,417 103,672 71,251 35,651 183,845 181,460 | \$21,080,869 \$31,376,260 \$35,597,880 \$32,143,100 \$25,461,125 \$19,737,970 \$17,705,953 \$19,868,625 |

transportation, and library operations.

NET POSITION BY COMPONENT

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(accrual basis of accounting)

| _ | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 2006 | <u>2007</u> | 2008 | <u>2009</u> | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Invested in capital assets | \$33,891,168 | \$38,383,583 | \$51,772,176 | \$57,240,735 | |
| Restricted | 28,400,470 | 26,866,077 | 13,851,410 | 5,587,771 | |
| Unrestricted | 16,273,545 | 16,772,191 | 18,373,992 | 20,237,499 | |
| Total governmental activities net position | \$78,565,183 | \$82,021,851 | \$83,997,578 | \$83,066,005 | |

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

| 2010 | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | 2014 | 2015 |
|--------------|--------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| \$68,757,999 | \$73,755,858 | \$98,939,504 | \$98,560,464 | \$99,272,004 | \$99,751,041 |
| -7,125,956 | -13,226,388 | 16,571,443 | 19,381,805 | 21,379,235 | 7,255,961 |
| 20,581,243 | 20,804,195 | 10,809,260 | 9,414,443 | 6,680,700 | 23,081,608 |
| \$82,213,286 | \$81,333,665 | \$126,320,207 | \$127,356,712 | \$127,331,939 | \$130,088,610 |

CHANGES IN NET POSITION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS (accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal year ended June 30, | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|--------------|--------------|--------------|--|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | |
| Expenses: | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Council, commissions & community support | \$1,012,155 | \$974,170 | \$1,840,706 | \$1,087,322 | |
| Administration | 2,514,499 | 3,183,659 | 3,524,051 | 3,457,033 | |
| Police services | 3,195,198 | 3,424,615 | 3,635,692 | 3,880,430 | |
| Public works | 2,584,279 | 3,125,884 | 2,470,211 | 2,342,472 | |
| Infrastructure - depreciation | 2,180,702 | 2,629,425 | 2,868,201 | 3,187,402 | |
| Planning &engineering | 1,405,650 | 1,385,661 | 1,630,903 | 1,447,089 | |
| Interest & debt charges | 1,113,408 | 1,287,148 | 1,774,358 | 2,632,165 | |
| Other | 8,081,870 | 327,034 | 303,832 | 3,240,664 | |
| Total governmental activities expenses | 22,087,761 | 16,337,596 | 18,047,954 | 21,274,577 | |
| Program revenues: | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Charges for services: | | | | | |
| Council, commissions & community support | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Administration | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Police services | 61,772 | 55,968 | 50,269 | 52,200 | |
| Public works | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Infrastructure - depreciation | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Planning &engineering | 1,173,690 | 1,572,450 | 1,327,527 | 1,011,276 | |
| Interest & debt charges | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Other | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Operating grants and contributions | 100,000 | 100,000 | 200,000 | 149,609 | |
| Capital grants and contributions | 18,531,379 | 567,145 | 480,107 | 1,472,741 | |
| Total governmental activities | | | | -,, | |
| program revenues | 19,866,841 | 2,295,563 | 2,057,903 | 2,685,826 | |
| Net revenues (expenses): | (2,220,920) | (14,042,033) | (15,990,051) | (18,588,751) | |
| General revenues and other changes in net assets: | | | | | |
| Governmental activities: | | | | | |
| Taxes: | | | | | |
| Property tax and assessments | 5,823,685 | 7,297,461 | 7,300,248 | 8,042,309 | |
| Sales tax | 2,886,865 | 3,014,825 | 3,047,116 | 2,748,962 | |
| Franchise tax | 981,538 | 1,093,899 | 1,140,008 | 1,296,308 | |
| Transient occupancy tax | 581,080 | 628,571 | 615,415 | 493,812 | |
| Vehicle code fines | 395,683 | 296,768 | 284,161 | 376,292 | |
| Motor vehicle in lieu tax | 2,229,873 | 1,879,161 | 1,949,901 | 2,036,467 | |
| Highway users tax | 452,469 | 451,046 | 442,236 | 404,980 | |
| Transfer tax | 279,879 | 284,441 | 215,548 | 155,934 | |
| Business registrations | 24,595 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Parking revenues | 138,715 | 146,410 | 199,507 | 214,306 | |
| Investment income | 1,116,533 | 1,656,880 | 1,888,359 | 1,222,093 | |
| Other | 268,290 | 729,239 | 863,279 | 645,715 | |
| Transfers in | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | 20,000 | |
| Total governmental activities | 15,199,205 | 17,498,701 | 17,965,778 | 17,657,178 | |
| Extraordinary Gain - Successor Agency Trust for Assets | | | | | |
| of Former Redevelopment Agency | | | | | |
| Changes in net position | \$12,978,285 | \$3,456,668 | \$1,975,727 | (\$931,573) | |
| changes in net position | Ψ12,270,203 | Ψ5,150,000 | Ψ1,2,12,121 | (Ψ/31,3/3) | |

| | | Fiscal year ende | ed June 30, | | |
|--------------|--------------|------------------|-----------------------|--------------|-------------------------|
| <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | 2013 | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> |
| | | | | | |
| \$1,055,156 | \$1,051,368 | \$1,156,123 | \$1,187,756 | \$1,262,843 | \$1,207,205 |
| 3,407,361 | 3,012,061 | 2,660,629 | 3,411,836 | 3,815,040 | 2,064,648 |
| 3,850,434 | 3,879,299 | 3,917,326 | 4,020,045 | 3,987,257 | 5,272,182 |
| 2,300,946 | 2,394,348 | 2,250,034 | 3,332,889 | 2,475,665 | 2,053,516 |
| 3,334,599 | 4,166,614 | 3,412,239 | 3,790,761 | 4,649,195 | N/A |
| 2,770,095 | 1,710,675 | 1,969,349 | 1,103,616 | 841,799 | 6,691,105 |
| 3,067,390 | 3,150,305 | 2,101,477 | 284,950 | 271,508 | 252,475 |
| 855,004 | 1,122,154 | 771,003 | 932,134 18,063,987 | 1,093,381 | 1,297,309 18,838,440 |
| 20,640,985 | 20,486,824 | 18,238,180 | 18,063,987 | 18,396,688 | 18,838,440 |
| \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 14,648 |
| 47,254 | 37,441 | 34,857 | 630,325 | 637,454 | 154,260 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 84,729 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | N/A |
| 1,011,235 | 1,168,206 | 1,621,839 | 2,784,172 | 1,871,901 | 2,593,636 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 496,066 |
| 149,609 | 149,609 | 149,609 | 100,000 | 179,938 | 751,836 |
| 1,356,377 | 365,208 | 2,231,839 | 848,918 | 533,050 | 893,741 |
| 2,564,475 | 1,720,464 | 4,038,144 | 4,363,415 | 3,222,343 | 4,988,916 |
| (18,076,510) | (18,766,360) | (14,200,036) | (13,700,572) | (15,174,345) | (13,849,524) |
| | | | | | |
| 7,843,392 | 7,680,137 | 6,763,452 | 4,788,439 | 5,102,515 | 5,427,316 |
| 2,598,675 | 2,558,987 | 2,927,906 | 3,153,693 | 3,156,488 | 3,392,743 |
| 1,538,647 | 1,598,142 | 1,609,145 | 1,622,330 | 1,664,512 | 1,836,029 |
| 413,796 | 451,157 | 522,777 | 562,018 | 630,576 | 701,718 |
| 426,865 | 413,428 | 440,463 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 2,089,830 | 2,149,290 | 2,035,206 | 2,058,283 | 2,176,084 | 2,343,990 |
| 401,734 | 578,865 | 690,985 | 580,172 | 744,129 | 703,594 |
| 177,851 | 170,178 | 207,002 | 237,799 | 292,045 | 349,633 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 198,424 | 296,088 | 327,353 | N/A | N/A | N/A |
| 698,747 | 660,086 | 590,727 | 157,127 | 149,827 | 212,167 |
| 815,830 | 1,305,381 | 958,823 | 1,547,216 | 1,963,638 | 493,248 |
| 20,000 | 25,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| 17,223,791 | 17,886,739 | 17,103,839 | 14,737,077 | 15,909,814 | 15,490,438 |
| | | 42,082,740 | | | |
| | | | | | |
| (\$852,719) | (\$879,621) | \$44,986,543 | \$1,036,505 | \$735,469 | \$1,640,914 |

FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | |
|------------------------------------|----------------------------|------------|------------|------------|--|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | |
| General fund: | | , | | | |
| Nonspendable | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | \$0 | |
| Restricted | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Committed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Assigned | 5,080,632 | 5,329,948 | 6,580,742 | 6,111,229 | |
| Unassigned | 7,075,730 | 8,857,644 | 9,054,144 | 9,228,645 | |
| Total general fund | 12,156,362 | 14,187,592 | 15,634,886 | 15,339,874 | |
| All other governmental funds: | | | | | |
| Nonspendable | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Restricted | 28,000,470 | 24,742,904 | 12,001,834 | 5,721,378 | |
| Committed | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | |
| Assigned | 5,370,330 | 5,396,192 | 5,550,476 | 6,014,749 | |
| Unassigned | 0 | 213,087 | 0 | 0 | |
| Total all other governmental funds | 33,370,800 | 30,352,183 | 17,552,310 | 11,736,127 | |

Fiscal Year Ended June 30,

| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| \$0 | \$0 | \$6,022,847 | \$6,509,859 | \$6,073,032 | \$6,086,362 |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 42,880 | 6,280 | 23,110 |
| 0 | 0 | 1,509,476 | 690,944 | 3,191,939 | 3,117,955 |
| 8,359,135 | 6,623,641 | 250,000 | 2,724,004 | 0 | 0 |
| 7,868,890 | 10,752,189 | 10,391,624 | 7,388,013 | 6,804,724 | 8,267,328 |
| 16,228,025 | 17,375,830 | 18,173,947 | 17,355,700 | 16,075,975 | 17,494,755 |
| | | | | | |
| 0 | 0 | 624,969 | 144,141 | 2,211,773 | 1,209 |
| -7,965,648 | -12,886,180 | 4,308,582 | 4,602,990 | 2,973,306 | 7,254,752 |
| 0 | 0 | 4,105,569 | 7,440,055 | 7,545,361 | 6,315,777 |
| 5,987,893 | 3,906,697 | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| 0 | 0 | 464,382 | 0 | 0 | 0 |
| (1,977,755) | (8,979,483) | 9,503,502 | 12,187,186 | 12,730,440 | 13,571,738 |
| | | | | | |

CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

(modified accrual basis of accounting)

| | Fiscal Year Ended June 30, | | | | | |
|--|----------------------------|---------------|----------------|---------------|--|--|
| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | | |
| Revenues: | | | | | | |
| Taxes | \$13,235,389 | \$14,649,404 | \$14,710,472 | \$15,178,772 | | |
| Licenses and permits | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | | |
| Intergovernmental | 18,226,711 | 667,145 | 680,107 | 1,622,350 | | |
| Developer fees | 211,501 | 399,061 | 342,152 | 168,502 | | |
| Charges for services | 1,036,314 | 1,217,371 | 1,023,816 | 883,947 | | |
| Fines and forfeitures | 407,925 | 308,754 | 295,989 | 387,319 | | |
| Investment income | 1,486,204 | 1,956,099 | 1,888,359 | 1,222,093 | | |
| Parking | 138,715 | 146,410 | 199,507 | 214,306 | | |
| Miscellaneous | 672,958 | 729,238 | 863,279 | 645,715 | | |
| Total revenues | 35,415,717 | 20,073,482 | 20,003,681 | 20,323,004 | | |
| Expenditures | | | | | | |
| Current: | | | | | | |
| Council, commissions & community support | \$1,012,155 | \$974,170 | \$1,840,706 | \$1,087,322 | | |
| Police services | 3,284,740 | 3,459,558 | 3,563,952 | 3,837,921 | | |
| Public works | 2,597,613 | 2,604,282 | 2,480,845 | 2,329,401 | | |
| Planning & Engineering | 1,571,233 | 1,378,713 | 1,628,148 | 1,439,204 | | |
| Administration | 2,572,423 | 3,166,588 | 3,432,746 | 3,400,568 | | |
| Capital projects | 9,181,056 | 7,172,188 | 15,923,167 | 17,363,838 | | |
| Debt service | 6,950,704 | 1,998,985 | 2,202,864 | 2,898,962 | | |
| Rent & other expenses | 685,786 | 222,893 | 233,961 | 3,130,247 | | |
| Insurance & claims | 183,694 | 103,492 | 69,871 | 110,417 | | |
| Total expenditures | 28,039,404 | 21,080,869 | 31,376,260 | 35,597,880 | | |
| Excess (deficiency) of | | | | | | |
| revenues over (under) | | | | | | |
| expenditures | 7,376,313 | (1,007,387) | (11,372,579) | (15,274,876) | | |
| Other financing sources (uses): | | | | | | |
| Transfers in | 11,072,519 | 3,757,297 | 4,728,129 | 5,421,247 | | |
| Transfers out | (11,052,519) | (3,756,099) | (4,708,129) | (5,401,247) | | |
| Proceeds from bonds | 11,680,000 | 0 | 0 | 9,600,000 | | |
| Bond issuance costs | (391,158) | 0 | 0 | (456,319) | | |
| Total other financing | | | | | | |
| sources (uses) | 11,308,842 | 1,198 | 20,000 | 9,163,681 | | |
| Extraordinary loss | | | | | | |
| Net change in fund balances | \$18,685,155 | (\$1,006,189) | (\$11,352,579) | (\$6,111,195) | | |
| Debt service as a percentage of | | | | | | |
| noncapital expenditures | 37% | 14% | 14% | 16% | | |

| | | Fiscal Year E | nded June 30, | | |
|----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|--------------|--------------|
| 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
| | | | | | |
| \$14,593,027 | \$15,186,756 | \$14,756,473 | \$13,473,632 | \$13,766,347 | \$14,755,023 |
| N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | N/A | 295,426 |
| 1,505,986 | 514,817 | 2,381,448 | 948,918 | 712,989 | 977,321 |
| 234,357 | 269,231 | 377,462 | 1,558,694 | 416,968 | N/A |
| 813,698 | 925,951 | 1,268,191 | 1,247,703 | 1,478,690 | 2,731,507 |
| 437,299 | 423,893 | 451,506 | 382,008 | 371,372 | 316,406 |
| 698,747 | 660,086 | 590,727 | 157,127 | 182,394 | 212,167 |
| 198,424 | 296,088 | 327,353 | 226,092 | 242,324 | N/A |
| 815,831 | 1,305,380 | 958,823 | 1,547,216 | 1,931,070 | 1,161,504 |
| 19,297,369 | 19,582,202 | 21,111,983 | 19,541,390 | 19,102,154 | 20,449,354 |
| | | | | | |
| \$1,055,156 | \$1,051,368 | \$1,156,123 | \$1,187,756 | \$1,262,843 | \$1,198,457 |
| 3,825,308 | 3,837,772 | 3,865,518 | 3,973,124 | 3,945,555 | 5,056,410 |
| 2,289,105 | 2,367,914 | 2,221,207 | 3,312,392 | 2,462,591 | 2,210,055 |
| 2,770,095 | 1,710,675 | 1,969,349 | 1,103,616 | 831,314 | 1,871,739 |
| 3,371,846 | 2,967,272 | 2,587,138 | 3,398,415 | 3,815,664 | 2,070,041 |
| 14,260,968 | 8,559,572 | 3,847,573 | 2,999,602 | 5,838,737 | 4,898,679 |
| 3,715,617 | 3,844,398 | 3,320,059 | 798,914 | 731,525 | 732,338 |
| 751,333 | 1,050,903 | 735,352 | 748,289 | 798,936 | 1,297,314 |
| 103,672 | 71,251 | 35,651 | 183,845 | 181,460 | N/A |
| 32,143,100 | 25,461,125 | 19,737,970 | 17,705,953 | 19,868,625 | 19,335,033 |
| | | | | | |
| (12,845,731) | (5,878,923) | 1,374,013 | 1,835,437 | (766,471) | 1,114,321 |
| 4,678,918 | 6,246,283 | 4,291,955 | 4,378,465 | 5,384,641 | 3,628,519 |
| (4,658,918) | (6,221,283) | (4,261,955) | (4,348,465) | (5,354,641) | (3,598,519) |
| (4,038,718) | 0 | 0 | 0 | 0,554,041) | (3,376,317) |
| 0 | 0 | 0 | 0 | | 0 |
| 20,000 | 25,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 | 30,000 |
| (\$12,825,731) | (\$5,853,923) | \$1,404,013 | \$1,865,437 | (\$736,471) | \$1,144,321 |

21%

23%

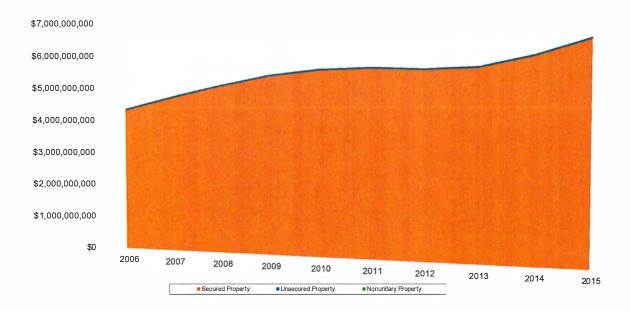
21%

5%

5%

5%

CITY OF LAFAYETTE ASSESSED VALUE AND ESTIMATED ACTUAL VALUE OF TAXABLE PROPERTY TAXABLE PROPERTY LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



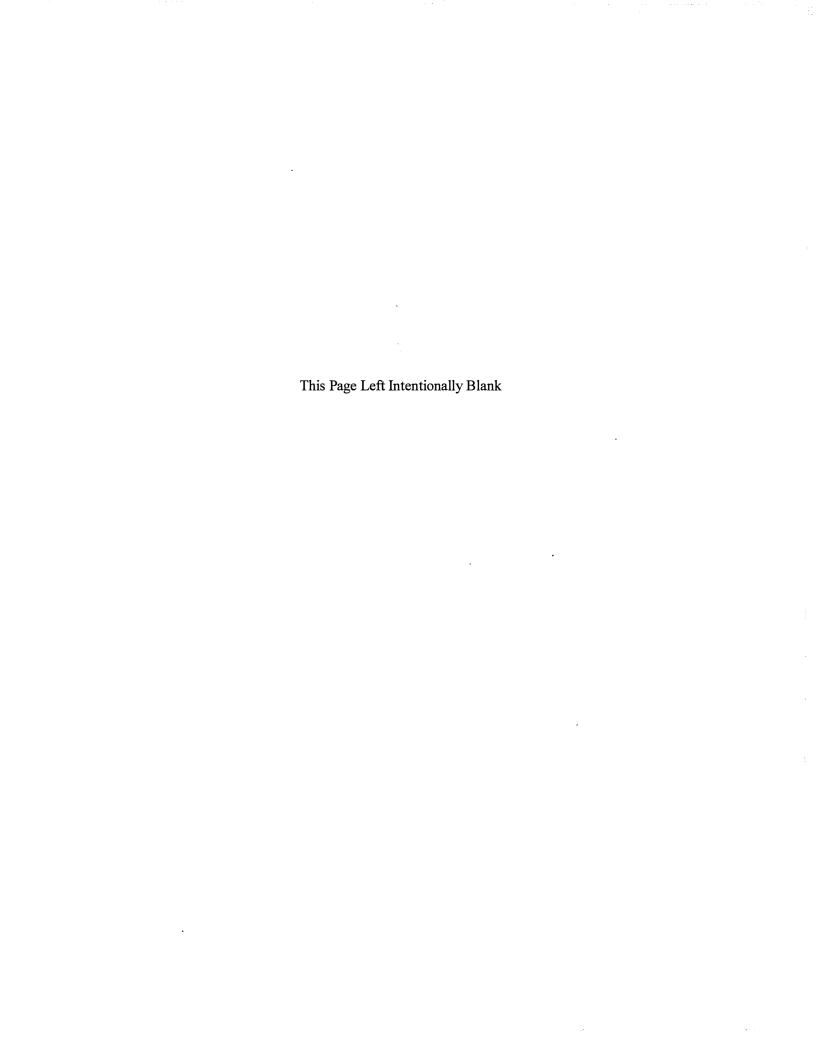
| Fiscal Year ended June 30 | Secured | Unsecured | Nonunitary | Taxable Assessed Value* | Total Direct Rate |
|------------------------------|---------------|------------|------------|-------------------------|-------------------------|
| 2006 | 4,312,882,507 | 53,211,668 | 1,419,775 | \$4,367,513,950 | 0.11105 |
| 2007 | 4,700,277,218 | 56,474,019 | 1,419,775 | \$4,758,171,012 | 0.15941 |
| 2008 | 5,058,232,658 | 49,725,844 | 1,419,775 | \$5,109,378,277 | 0.14465 |
| 2009 | 5,364,553,364 | 53,566,252 | 1,419,775 | \$5,419,539,391 | 0.14917 |
| 2010 | 5,539,773,185 | 57,895,020 | 1,419,775 | \$5,599,087,980 | 0.14754 |
| 2011 | 5,597,639,658 | 54,360,490 | 650,940 | \$5,652,651,088 | 0.14477 |
| 2012 | 5,558,785,347 | 52,407,020 | 650,940 | \$5,611,843,307 | 0.13979 |
| 2013 | 5,619,888,737 | 54,963,402 | 650,940 | \$5,675,503,079 | 0.14168 |
| 2014 | 5,949,707,469 | 57,918,585 | 650,940 | \$6,008,276,994 | 0.08075 |
| 2015 | 6,416,076,847 | 57,781,280 | 991,026 | \$6,474,849,153 | 0.08021 |

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor 2005/06 - 2014/15 Combined Tax Rolls

Note:

In 1978 the voters of the State of California passed Proposition 13 which limited property taxes to a maximum rate of 1% based upon the assessed value of the property being taxed. Each year, the assessed value of property may be increased by an "inflation factor" (limited to a maximum increase of 2%). With few exceptions, property is only reassessed at the time that it is sold to a new owner. At that point, the new assessed value is reassessed at the purchase price of the property sold. The assessed valuation data shown above represents the only data currently available with respect to the actual market value of taxable property and is subject to the limitations described above.

^{*} The Taxable Assessed Valuation is the Total Gross Assessed Valuation less Homeowner's exemptions.



CITY OF LAFAYETTE

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING PROPERTY TAX RATES

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

Overlapping Rates

| | | o vorimpping rates | | | | |
|-------------|-------------------------------------|---|------------------------------|--------------------------------------|---------------------------------------|-------------------|
| Fiscal Year | City of Lafayette Direct Rate | Acalanes Union High School District | Bay Area Rapid Transit | Contra Costa Community College | East Bay Regional Park District | Lafayette Bond |
| 2006 | 0.06663 | 0.02790 | 0.00480 | 0.00470 | 0.00570 | 0.02000 |
| 2007 | 0.06663 | 0.02920 | 0.00500 | 0.00430 | 0.00850 | 0.02000 |
| 2008 | 0.06663 | 0.02590 | 0.00760 | 0.01080 | 0.00800 | 0.00000 |
| 2009 | 0.06663 | 0.02890 | 0.00900 | 0.00660 | 0.01000 | 0.00000 |
| 2010 | 0.06662 | 0.02980 | 0.00570 | 0.01260 | 0.01080 | 0.00000 |
| 2011 | 0.06662 | 0.03110 | 0.00310 | 0.01330 | 0.00840 | 0.00000 |
| 2012 | 0.06662 | 0.03330 | 0.00410 | 0.01440 | 0.00710 | 0.00000 |
| 2013 | 0.06662 | 0.03330 | 0.00430 | 0.00870 | 0.00510 | 0.00000 |
| 2014 | 0.06662 | 0.03610 | 0.00750 | 0.01330 | 0.00780 | 0.00000 |
| 2015 | 0.06662 | 0.03500 | 0.00450 | 0.02520 | 0.00850 | 0.00000 |

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor 2005/06 - 2014/15 Tax Rate Table

| Lafayette Elementary | | Orinda | Pleasant Hill | | TOTAL |
|-------------------------|---------------------------|--------------------|----------------------|------------------------------|----------------|
| School District | Lafayette General Fund | Elementary Bond | Recreation & Park | Subtotal Overlapping Rate | DIRECT RATE |
| | | 0.02260 | | | |
| 0.03930 | 0.00000 | 0.02360 | 0.00000 | 0.12600 | 0.11105 |
| 0.03770 | 0.02000 | 0.02590 | 0.00000 | 0.15060 | 0.15941 |
| 0.03400 | 0.02000 | 0.02370 | 0.00000 | 0.13000 | 0.14465 |
| 0.03300 | 0.01930 | 0.02470 | 0.00000 | 0.13150 | 0.14917 |
| 0.03260 | 0.01300 | 0.02360 | 0.00000 | 0.12810 | 0.14754 |
| 0.03260 | 0.01300 | 0.02440 | 0.02120 | 0.14710 | 0.14477 |
| 0.02790 | 0.01300 | 0.02740 | 0.02550 | 0.15270 | 0.13979 |
| 0.02840 | 0.01300 | 0.02730 | 0.02690 | 0.14700 | 0.14168 |
| 0.02670 | 0.01250 | 0.02550 | 0.02810 | 0.15750 | 0.08075 |
| 0.02410 | 0.01200 | 0.02320 | 0.02580 | 0.15830 | 0.08021 |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PRINCIPAL SALES TAX PRODUCERS FOR THE YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2015

FIRM BUSINESS DESCRIPTION

Ace Hardware
AT&T Mobility
Big O Tire Stores
Chevron Service Stations
Chow Restaurant

Hardware store
Specialty store
Auto supply
Service station
Restaurant

CNS/Pharmacy Drug store
Diablo Foods Supermarket
Diamond K Gardening Supply Nursery
El Charro Mexican Restaurant Restaurant

Jacksons Wines & Spirits

Liquor store

Lafayette Park Hotel

Hotel food/restaurant

McCaulou's Department Store Department store

Metro Lafayette Restaurant Orchard Nursery Nursery Pet Food Express Specialty store Pizza Antica Restaurant Postino Restaurant Restaurant Safeway Stores Supermarket Service station **Shell Service Stations** The Cooperage American Grille Restaurant

Trader Joe's Supermarket
Union 76 Service Stations Service station

Valero Service Stations

Whole Foods Market

Yankee Pier

Service station

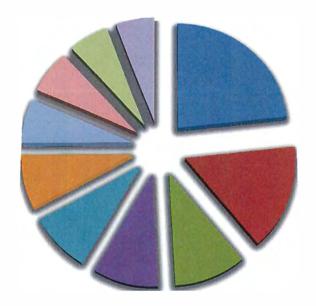
Supermarket

Restaurant

Source: MBIA Muni Services Company



CITY OF LAFAYETTE PRINCIPAL PROPERTY TAXPAYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO JUNE 30, 2015



- BRE Properties Inc
- Cortese Properties LLC
- Oakwood Athletic Club LLC
- SFI 3466 Mt Diabl Blvd LLC
- Lafayette Park Hotel Associates
- Bay Glen LP
- Brian E and Deanna Moore Trust
- Mark S and Mindee S Mastrov Trust
- MKMF Contra Costa LLC
- Taylor Morrison of California

| 2 | n | 1 | _ |
|---|---|---|---|

| Taxpayer | Primary Use | 2015 Assessed Valuation | Rank | Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value |
|-----------------------------------|---------------|-------------------------------|------|--|
| BRE Properties Inc | Residential | \$50,360,297 | 1 | 0.78% |
| Cortese Properties LLC | Commercial | 33,961,663 | 2 | 0.52% |
| Oakwood Athletic Club LLC | Miscellaneous | 21,853,946 | 3 | 0.34% |
| SFI 3466 Mt Diabl Blvd LLC | Commercial | 20,300,000 | 4 | 0.31% |
| Lafayette Park Hotel Associates | Commercial | 18,475,412 | 5 | 0.29% |
| Bay Glen LP | Residential | 17,006,915 | 6 | 0.26% |
| Brian E and Deanna Moore Trust | Residential | 14,305,184 | 7 | 0.22% |
| Mark S and Mindee S Mastrov Trust | Residential | 13,924,539 | 8 | 0.22% |
| KMF Contra Costa LLC | Residential | 13,108,805 | 9 | 0.20% |
| Taylor Morrison of California | Residential | 12,852,139 | 10 | 0.20% |
| Total | | \$216,148,900 | | 3.34% |
| 2014-2015 Assessed Valuation: | | \$6,474,849,153 | ** | |
| 2005-2006 Assessed Valuation: | | \$4,367,513,950 | ** | |

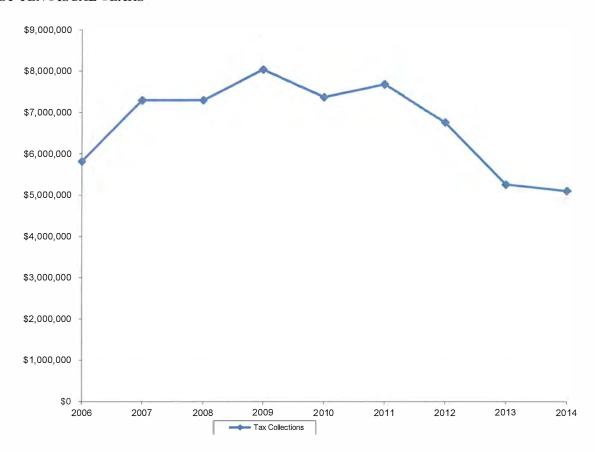
^{**} Local Secured Assessed Valuation

Source: California Municipal Statistics, Inc.

| 2006 | |
|------|--|
|------|--|

| Taxpayer | Primary Use | 2006 Assessed Valuation | Rank | Percentage of Total Taxable Assessed Value |
|---------------------------------|-------------|-------------------------------|------|--|
| Oakwood Athletic Club LLC | Commercial | \$19,071,526 | 1 | 0.44% |
| Lafayette Park Hotel Associates | Commercial | 16,993,061 | 2 | 0.39% |
| Realty Associates Fund VI LP | Commercial | 16,161,900 | 3 | 0.37% |
| Bascom Lafayette Highlands LLC | Residential | 15,996,211 | 4 | 0.37% |
| Bay Glen LP | Residential | 14,956,503 | 5 | 0.34% |
| Gray Horse Investors | Commercial | 10,909,090 | 6 | 0.25% |
| Lafayette Terrace LLC | Commercial | 10,429,500 | 7 | 0.24% |
| Joan E. Bruzzone | Commercial | 9,304,689 | 8 | 0.21% |
| Cortese Real Property | Commercial | 9,161,721 | 9 | 0.21% |
| Kenneth Harry Hofmann Trust | Residential | 8,928,528 | 10 | 0.20% |
| | | \$131,912,729 | | 3.02% |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE
PROPERTY TAX LEVIES & COLLECTIONS
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

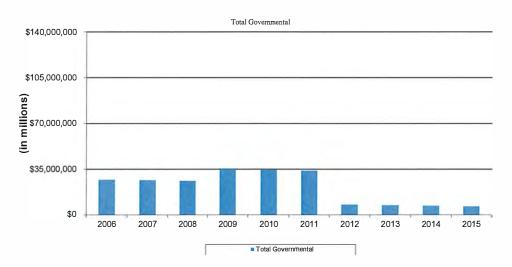


Collected within the Fiscal Year of the Levy **Total Collections to Date Total Tax** Fiscal Year Levy for Percentage of Percentage of ended June 30 Fiscal Year Levy **Amount** Levy Amount 2006 \$5,823,685 \$5,823,685 100.00% \$5,823,685 100.00% 2007 7,297,461 7,297,461 100.00% 7,297,461 100.00% 2008 7,300,248 7,300,248 100.00% 7,300,248 100.00% 2009 8,042,309 8,042,309 100.00% 8,042,309 100.00% 7,372,494 2010 7,372,494 7,372,494 100.00% 100.00% 2011 7,680,137 7,680,137 100.00% 7,680,137 100.00% 6,763,452 100.00% 6,763,452 2012 6,763,452 100.00% 2013 5,259,337 5,259,337 100.00% 5,259,337 100.00% 5,102,514 2014 5,102,514 100.00% 5,102,514 100.00% 2015 5,427,316 5,427,316 100.00% 5,427,316 100.00%

Source: Contra Costa County Assessor

RATIOS OF DEBT OUTSTANDING

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Outstanding Debt

| Fiscal Year | General | Tax | | Percent of | Percent of | |
|-------------|------------|------------|--------------|------------|------------|---------|
| Ended | Obligation | Allocation | | Assessed | Personal | Per |
| June 30 | Bonds | Bonds * | Total | Value | Income | Capita |
| 2006 | 9,875,000 | 17,140,000 | \$27,015,000 | 0.6185% | 1.9426% | \$1,119 |
| 2007 | 9,555,000 | 17,040,000 | \$26,595,000 | 0.5589% | 1.8226% | \$1,113 |
| 2008 | 9,255,000 | 16,905,000 | \$26,160,000 | 0.5120% | 1.7311% | \$1,098 |
| 2009 | 8,885,000 | 26,345,000 | \$35,230,000 | 0.6501% | 2.3005% | \$1,471 |
| 2010 | 8,530,000 | 26,035,000 | \$34,565,000 | 0.6173% | 2.3027% | \$1,434 |
| 2011 | 8,155,000 | 25,700,000 | \$33,855,000 | 0.5989% | 2.1437% | \$1,391 |
| 2012 | 8,025,000 | - | \$8,025,000 | 0.1430% | 0.5059% | \$332 |
| 2013 | 7,530,000 | - | \$7,530,000 | 0.1327% | 0.4746% | \$310 |
| 2014 | 7,080,000 | - | \$7,080,000 | 0.1178% | 0.4375% | \$287 |
| 2015 | 6,610,000 | _ | \$6,610,000 | 0.1021% | 0.3998% | \$268 |
| | | | | | | |

Source: City of Lafayette Finance Department

^{*} The balance of Tax Allocation Bonds was transferred to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012

DIRECT AND OVERLAPPING DEBT

June 30, 2015

2014-15 Assessed Valuation (less incremental value):

\$6,006,423,796

| | Total Debt | | City's Share of |
|--|---------------|------------------|--------------------------|
| <u>DIRECT DEBT:</u> | 6/30/2015 | % Applicable (1) | Debt 6/30/15 |
| GO BONDS SERIES 2002, 2004, 2011 | \$6,610,000 | 100.000% | \$6,610,000 |
| OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT: | | | |
| Contra Costa County Pension Debt and Lease Revenue Bonds | \$504,009,336 | 4.032% | \$20,319,745 |
| Contra Costa Fire District | 92,805,000 | 8.728% | 8,100,474 |
| Acalanes Union High School District 1997, 2002, & 2008 Bonds | 297,596,208 | 23.589% | 70,200,859 |
| Bay Area Rapid Transit District | 179,807,423 | 4.032% | 7,249,154 |
| Contra Costa Community College District | 604,800,000 | 4.047% | 24,478,699 |
| Acalanes Union High School District 1988 Bond | 1,445,000 | 22.939% | 331,471 |
| Pleasant Hill Recreation & Park Bond 2009 | 26,665,000 | 1.202% | 320,400 |
| East Bay Regional Park District | 78,104,202 | 4.032% | 3,148,865 |
| Lafayette Elementary Bond 1995 | 27,020,000 | 89.720% | 24,242,232 |
| Orinda Elementary Bond | 7,806,348 | 0.174% | 13,613 |
| TOTAL OVERLAPPING TAX AND ASSESSMENT DEBT | | | \$158,405,512 |
| | | | |
| TOTAL DIRECT DEBT | | | \$6,610,000 |
| TOTAL OVERLAPPING DEBT | | | \$158,405,512 |
| COMBINED TOTAL DEBT | | | \$165,015,512 (2) |

¹⁾ The percentage of overlapping debt applicable to the city is estimated using taxable assessed property value. Applicable percentages were estimated by determining the portion of the overlapping district's assessed value that is within the boundaries of the city divided by the district's total taxable assessed value.

Ratios to 2014-15 Assessed Valuation:

| Total Direct Debt (\$6,610,000) | 0.11% |
|---|-------|
| Total Overlapping Tax and Assessment Debt | 2.64% |
| | |
| Combined Total Debt | 2 75% |

Source: HdL, Coren & Cone

²⁾ Excludes tax and revenue anticipation notes, enterprise revenue, mortgage revenue and non-bonded capital lease obligations.



LEGAL DEBT MARGIN INFORMATION

LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | <u>June 30,</u> | | | | | |
|--|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|--|--|--|
| _ | 2015 | 2014 | 2013 | 2012 | | | |
| Debt limit | \$242,806,843 | \$225,310,387 | \$212,831,365 | \$210,444,124 | | | |
| Total net debt applicable to limit | 6,610,000 | 7,080,000 | 7,530,000 | 8,025,000 | | | |
| Legal debt margin | \$236,196,843 | \$218,230,387 | \$205,301,365 | \$202,419,124 | | | |
| Total net debt applicable to the limit as a percentage of debt limit | 2.7% | 3.1% | 3.5% | 3.8% | | | |

Legal Debt Margin Calculation for Fiscal Year 2015:

Converted assessed value (at 25% of Taxable Value)

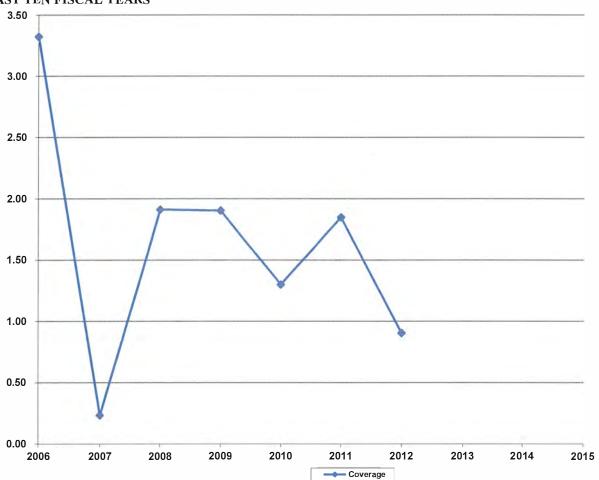
Debt limit (15% of assessed value) Debt applicable to limit: General Obligation Bonds Legal debt margin

The Government Code of the State of California provides for a legal debt limit of 15% of gross assessed valuation. However, this provision was enacted when assessed valuation was based upon 25% of market value. Effective with the 1981-82 fiscal year, each parcel is now assessed at 100% of market value (as of the most recent change in ownership for that parcel). Although the statutory debt limit has not been amended by the State since this change, the percentages presented in the above computations have been proportionately modified to 3.75% (25% of 15%) for the purpose of this calculation in order to be consistent with the computational effect of the debt limit at the time of the state's establishment of the limit.

Source: City Finance Department

| | | <u>June 30,</u> | | | |
|---------------|---------------|-----------------|---------------|---------------|---------------|
| 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 |
| \$163,781,773 | \$178,431,413 | \$191,601,685 | \$203,232,727 | \$209,965,799 | \$211,974,416 |
| 9,875,000 | 9,555,000 | 9,255,000 | 8,885,000 | 8,530,000 | 8,155,000 |
| \$153,906,773 | \$168,876,413 | \$182,346,685 | \$194,347,727 | \$201,435,799 | \$203,819,416 |
| 6.0% | 5.4% | 4.8% | 4.4% | 4.1% | 3.8% |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE
PLEDGED-REVENUE COVERAGE
LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

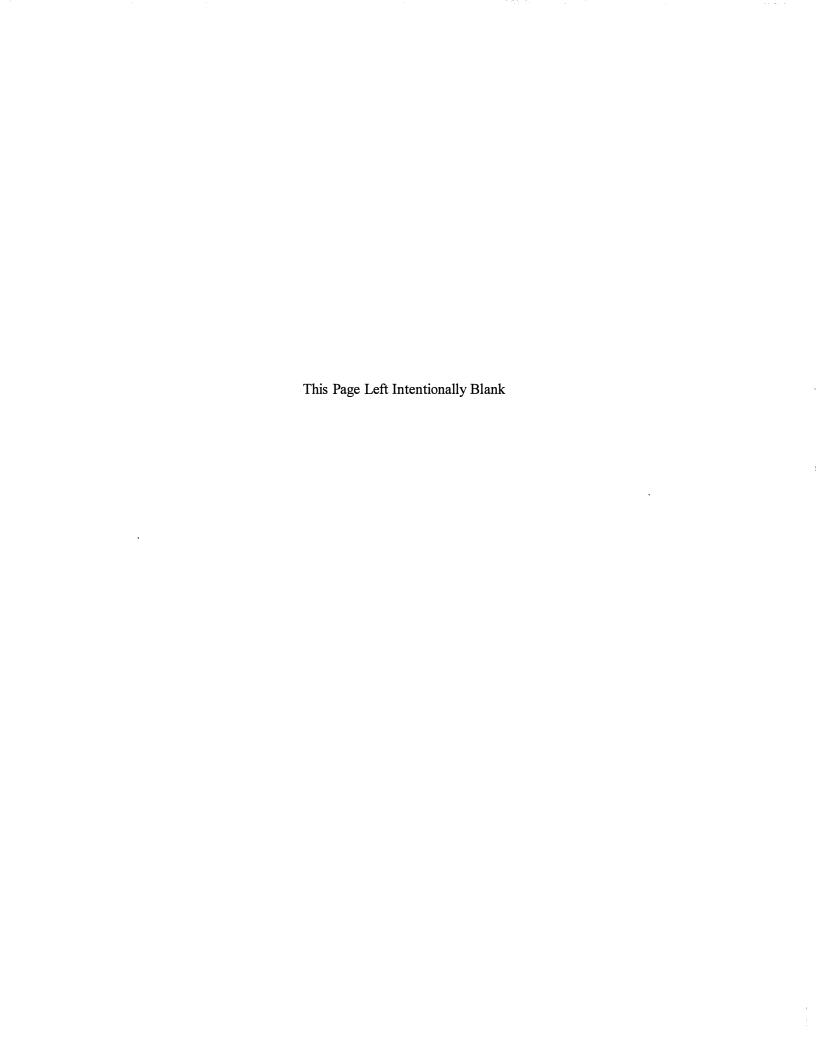


| | Tax Allocation Bonds | | | | | | | | |
|-------------|----------------------|-------------|------------|----------|--|--|--|--|--|
| Fiscal Year | | | | | | | | | |
| Ended | Tax | Debt S | Service | | | | | | |
| June 30 | Increment | Principal * | Interest * | Coverage | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | | | |
| 2006 | 1,236,845 | 75,000 | 297,078 | 3.32 | | | | | |
| 2007 | 220,439 | 100,000 | 837,374 | 0.24 | | | | | |
| 2008 | 1,793,208 | 105,000 | 831,911 | 1.91 | | | | | |
| 2009 | 2,186,914 | 190,000 | 957,803 | 1.91 | | | | | |
| 2010 | 2,247,282 | 310,000 | 1,415,636 | 1.30 | | | | | |
| 2011 | 3,216,617 | 335,000 | 1,403,939 | 1.85 | | | | | |
| 2012 | 1,613,604 | 390,000 | 1,390,236 | 0.91 | | | | | |
| 2013 | - | - | - | | | | | | |
| 2014 | - | _ | - | | | | | | |
| 2015 | _ | _ | _ | | | | | | |

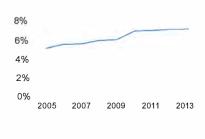
Note: Details regarding the city's outstanding debt can be found in the notes to the financial statements.

Source: City Finance Department

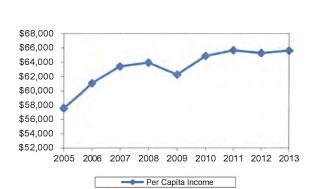
^{*} The balance of the Tax Allocation Bonds was transferred to the Successor Agency as of February 1, 2012. Principal and interest payments are recorded through January 31, 2012.

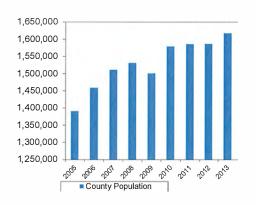


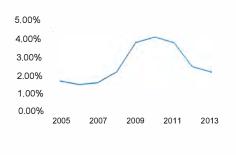
CITY OF LAFAYETTE DEMOGRAPHICS STATISTICS LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS











Unemployment Rate

| Calendar Year | City of Lafayette Population (1) | Percent Change In Population | City of Lafayette Personal Income (2) ** | City of Lafayette Per Capita Income(3) |
|---------------|-------------------------------------|------------------------------|--|--|
| 2005 | 24,147 | | \$1,390,681 | \$57,592 |
| 2006 | 23,885 | -1.1% | 1,459,166 | 61,091 |
| 2007 | 23,830 | -0.2% | 1,511,220 | 63,417 |
| 2008 | 23,945 | 0.5% | 1,531,384 | 63,954 |
| 2009 | 24,106 | 0.7% | 1,501,084 | 62,270 |
| 2010 | 24,342 | 1.0% | 1,579,285 | 64,879 |
| 2011 | 24,159 | -0.8% | 1,586,352 | 65,663 |
| 2012 | 24,312 | 0.6% | 1,586,674 | 65,263 |
| 2013 | 24,659 | 1.4% | 1,618,173 | 65,622 |
| 2014 | 24,690 | 0.1% | 1,653,193 | 66,958 |

Source: (1) State of California Department of Finance

- (2) Bureau of Economic Analysis/ State of California Franchise Tax Board
- (3) State of California Employment Development Department
- * Information was not available for 2009, 2010, 2011, 2012, 2013, 2014 and 2015

^{**} In Thousands

| City of Lafayette Unemployment Rates (3) | Contra Costa County Population (1) | Contra Costa County Per Capita Income (2) | | | |
|--|--|---|--|--|--|
| 1.7% | 1,029,377 | 52,730 | | | |
| 1.5% | 1,042,341 | 37,036 | | | |
| 1.6% | 1,051,674 | 38,074 | | | |
| 2.2% | 1,060,435 | * | | | |
| 3.8% | 1,073,055 | * | | | |
| 4.1% | 1,056,064 | * | | | |
| 3.8% | 1,065,117 | * | | | |
| 2.5% | 1,074,702 | * | | | |
| 2.2% | 1,087,008 | * | | | |
| 3.4% | 1,102,871 | * | | | |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE ANNUAL AVERAGE EMPLOYMENT AND UNEMPLOYMENT RATES LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | Annual Average Unemployment Rates | | | | | | | | |
|---------------|-----------------------------------|--|---------------------------------|---|--|--|--|--|--|
| Calendar Year | City of Lafayette Labor Force | City of Lafayette Unemployment Rates | County Unemployment Rates | State of California Unemployment Rates | | | | | |
| 2005 | * | 1.7% | 4.8% | 5.4% | | | | | |
| 2006 | * | 1.5% | 4.3% | 4.9% | | | | | |
| 2007 | * | 1.6% | 4.7% | 5.4% | | | | | |
| 2008 | * | 2.2% | 6.2% | 7.3% | | | | | |
| 2009 | * | 3.8% | 9.9% | 11.2% | | | | | |
| 2010 | 11,200 | 4.1% | 11.0% | 12.2% | | | | | |
| 2011 | 11,300 | 3.8% | 10.3% | 11.7% | | | | | |
| 2012 | 11,500 | 2.5% | 9.0% | 10.4% | | | | | |
| 2013 | 11,700 | 2.2% | 7.5% | 8.9% | | | | | |
| 2014 | 11,900 | 3.4% | 6.2% | 7.5% | | | | | |

^{*} Information was not available for 2006 through 2009

Source: State of California Employment Development Department

CITY OF LAFAYETTE PRINCIPAL EMPLOYERS CURRENT FISCAL YEAR AND NINE YEARS AGO June 30, 2015

| | 2015 | | 2006 | | |
|--------------------------------|---------------------|-----------------------------------|------------------------|-----------------------------------|--|
| Employer | Number of Employees | Percent of Total Employment | Number of Employees | Percent of Total Employment | |
| Lafayette School District * | 472 | 3.97% | * | * | |
| McCaulou's Department Store ** | 300 | 2.52% | * | * | |
| Whole Foods Market *** | 250 | 2.10% | * | * | |
| Lafayette Park Hotel & Spa *** | 175 | 1.47% | * | * | |
| Safeway Stores | 175 | 1.47% | * | * | |
| Oakwood Athletic Club | 171 | 1.44% | * | * | |
| Diablo Foods *** | 130 | 1.09% | * | * | |
| Acalanes High School * | 121 | 1.02% | * | * | |
| Trader Joes | 86 | 0.72% | * | * | |
| Yankee Pier Restaurant | 45 | 0.38% | * | * | |
| Total Top Employers | 1,925 | 16.18% | | | |
| Total City Employment (1) | 11,900 | | | | |

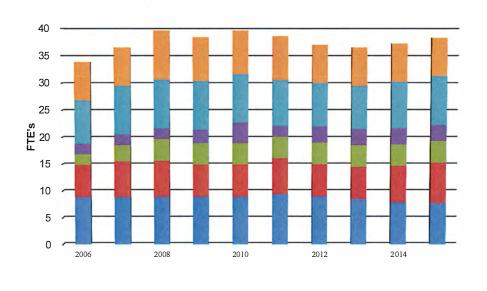
Source: MuniServices, LLC

^{*} Includes classified, certificated and admin.

^{**} Count is companywide

^{***} Includes full and part time

CITY OF LAFAYETTE FULL-TIME EQUIVALENT CITY GOVERNMENT EMPLOYEES BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS



Full-Time Equivalent Employees as of June 30,

■ Administration ■ Parks ■ Police ■ Public works ■ Planning ■ Engineering

| | run-1 mie Equivalent Employees as of oune 50, | | | | | | | | | |
|------------------|---|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|-------------|
| Function/Program | 2006 | <u>2007</u> | <u>2008</u> | <u>2009</u> | <u>2010</u> | <u>2011</u> | <u>2012</u> | <u>2013</u> | <u>2014</u> | <u>2015</u> |
| Administration | 8.81 | 8.81 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 8.87 | 9.37 | 8.97 | 8.47 | 7.87 | 7.72 |
| Parks | 6.00 | 6.68 | 6.75 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.68 | 6.00 | 6.00 | 6.75 | 7.55 |
| Police | 2.00 | 3.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 | 4.00 |
| Public works | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.00 | 2.50 | 3.75 | 2.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 | 3.00 |
| Planning | 8.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 9.00 | 8.50 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.60 | 9.00 |
| Engineering | 7.00 | 7.00 | 9.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 8.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 | 7.00 |
| | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total | 33.81 | 36.49 | 39.62 | 38.37 | 39.62 | 38.55 | 36.97 | 36.47 | 37.22 | 38.27 |

Source: Human Resources

CITY OF LAFAYETTE OPERATING INDICATORS BY FUNCTION/PROGRAM LAST TEN YEARS

(Departments track indicator data either by fiscal year or calendar year based on what is optimal for their operations. Data here represents indicator counts for a 365 day period, which is either January 1 through December 31 or July 1 through June 30.)

| | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 | 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 |
|--|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|-------|--------|--------|--------|--------|
| Function/Program | | | | | | | | | | |
| Police | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total reports | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | + | 1,526 | ** |
| Calls for service | * | * | * | * | * | * | 15,760 | 16,519 | 16,049 | ** |
| % officer-initiated activity | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | + | 37% | ** |
| Overall Part 1 crimes | * | * | * | * | * | * | 441 | 496 | 404 | ** |
| # of residential burglaries | * | * | * | * | * | 85 | 70 | 61 | 48 | ** |
| % of residential burglaries solved | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 33% | ** |
| Public Works | | | | | | | | | | |
| Work requests (outside normal service) | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 285 | 210 | 365 |
| Abatement issues | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 53 | 32 | 54 |
| Curb painting | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 18 | 8 | 21 |
| Sign installation, repair, replacement | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 61 | 53 | 98 |
| Street repair | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 31 | 20 | 29 |
| Tree/brush maintenance | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 6 | 9 | 20 |
| Engineering | | | | | | | | | | |
| Encroachment permits | * | * | * | * | * | 380 | 385 | 465 | 466 | 564 |
| Recreation | | | | | | | | | | |
| Class enrollments | 9,640 | 8,874 | 7,871 | 8,595 | 9,236 | 8,643 | 9,953 | 11,714 | 9,794 | 12,423 |
| Senior transportation-rides provided | * | 1,892 | 2,154 | 2,399 | 2,979 | 3,104 | 3,878 | 3,979 | 4,316 | 4,237 |
| Planning | | | | | | | | | | |
| Total applications processed | 247 | 269 | 248 | 239 | 251 | 232 | 265 | 287 | 279 | ** |
| Design Review Permits | 51 | 32 | 40 | 24 | 26 | 22 | 26 | 22 | 30 | ** |
| Hillside Development Permits | 97 | 62 | 48 | 45 | 33 | 39 | 35 | 38 | 41 | ** |
| Variance Permits | 28 | 27 | 21 | 2 | 10 | 21 | 15 | 12 | 14 | ** |
| Tree Permits | 19 | 13 | 16 | 15 | 28 | 32 | 32 | 35 | 45 | ** |
| Code Enforcement Incidents | * | * | * | * | * | * | * | 190 | 228 | 300+ |

^{*} No indicator data available because program did not exist or indicator was not tracked.
** Indicator data has not yet been tabulated because the period has not yet ended.

Source: Various City Departments

CITY OF LAFAYETTE CAPITAL ASSETS STATISTICS BY FUNCTION LAST TEN FISCAL YEARS

| | | June 30, | | | |
|------------------------|------|----------|------|------|------|
| Function | 2006 | 2007 | 2008 | 2009 | 2010 |
| Police | | | | | |
| Patrol vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Traffic motorcycles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Dual sport motorcycles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Parking vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Public works | | | | | |
| Vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Streetlights | * | * | * | * | * |
| Traffic signals | * | * | * | * | * |
| Trellis lights | * | * | * | * | * |
| Landscape acreage | * | * | * | * | * |
| Trail miles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Engineering | | | | | |
| Streets (miles) | * | * | * | * | * |
| Vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Recreation | | | | | |
| Vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |
| Parks acreage | * | * | * | * | * |
| Planning | | | | | |
| Vehicles | * | * | * | * | * |

^{*} No information available.

Source: Various City Departments

| June 30, | | | | | | | |
|----------|------|------|------|-------------|--|--|--|
| 2011 | 2012 | 2013 | 2014 | 2015 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 16 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 3 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 3 2 3 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 8 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 24 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 458 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 60 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 7 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 10 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 93 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 7 | | | |
| | | | | , | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 2 | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 80 | | | |
| • | • | • | • | 00 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |
| * | * | * | * | 3 | | | |
| | | | | | | | |

CITY OF LAFAYETTE MISCELLANEOUS STATISTICAL DATA June 30, 2015

| Year of Incorporation | 1968 |
|--|-------------|
| Form of Government | General Law |
| Population | 24,690 |
| Median Age | 45.2 |
| Median Household Income | \$136,802 |
| Registered Voters | 16,117 |
| Area in Square Miles | 15.39 |
| Number of Authorized Full-Time Equivalent City Employees | 38.27 |
| Miles of Streets: | |
| Public Miles | 93 |
| Private miles | 43 |
| Fire Protection: | |
| Contra Costa Fire District | |
| Number of Stations | 2 |
| Police Protection: | |
| Number of Stations | 1 |
| Number of Contracted Sworn Personnel | 17 |
| Education: | |
| Elementary Schools | 4 |
| Middle Schools | 1 |
| High Schools | 1 |
| Libraries: (Contracted with Contra Costa County) | |
| Number of Libraries | 1 |
| Recreation and Culture: | |
| Park Sites | 4 |
| Park Acreage | 80 |
| Community Facilities: | |
| Lafayette Community Center | 1 |

Source: Various City of Lafayette Department Records